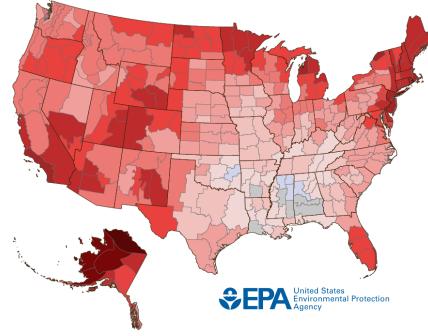
Climate Resiliency and Long-Term Surveillance of Nuclear Facilities and Repositories
Using Aerial and Ground Mobile Platforms

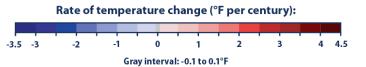
"Sustainably manage addressing severe weather events."

FRTR Spring 2022 Web Meeting

Anthony Abrahao <aabrahao@fiu.edu> Leonel Lagos <lagosl@fiu.edu>

Miami, Florida









Florida International University

A vibrant, 58,000 student-centered public research university located in Miami, Florida.

Among the largest Hispanic-serving institutions in the U.S. and is designated a Minority-Serving Institution.

As a top-tier research institution, research is a major component in its mission.



2019 - 2020 (MSIPP)

Sebastian Zanlongo (Post Doc) Abdulmueen Alrashide (BS) Joel Adams (BS) Samanta Rodrigues (BS)

Basic Framework Navigation Localization Perception **Indoor Facilities** Lidar Video Fusion

Tank Farm

2020 – Current (DOE-EM)

Robust Navigation Terrain Traversability Joel Adams (PhD) Mapping Thi Tran (BS)

Long-Term Surveillance of Nuclear Facilities and Repositories using **Autonomous Mobile Systems**

2020 - 2021 (DOE-LM)

Eduardo Rojas (BS)

Rifle Disposal Cell Photogrammetry Lidar **Unmanned Aerial Vehicle**

2021 – Current (MISPP)

Maria Sotolongo(PhD) Hiba Kahlil (BS) Javier Figueroa (BS)

Digital Twin Machine Learning Virtual Reality Augmented Reality

WIPP

2022 – Current (DOE-LM)

Shawn Cameron (MS)

Rifle Disposal Cell Climate Resilience **Autonomous Ground Platforms** Ground Penetrating Radar

nvironmental Robotics

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Informative Path Planning Risk-Awareness Semantic Mapping

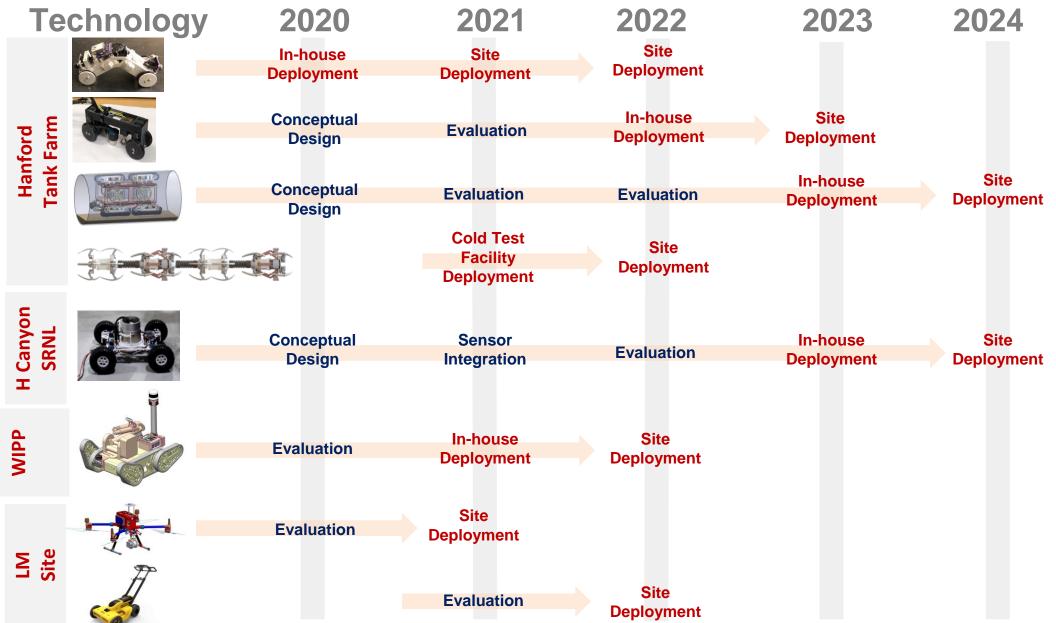
Funding

- 2019 DOE-MSIPP
- 2021 DOE-MSIPP
- DOE-EM FIU-ARC Cooperative Agreement
- DOE-LM FIU-ARC Cooperative Agreement

Technology Development and Deployment Road Map



Applied Research Center





Climate Resiliency and Long-Term Surveillance of Disposal Cells



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Legacy Management

DOE-LM is responsible for the long-term surveillance and maintenance, property management, land use planning, and community assistance for $101 \, \text{sites}$ in the United States and the territory of Puerto Rico.



Objective

FIU current main goal is to evaluate the feasibility of utilizing traditional

- remote sensing,
- geophysical technologies, and
- state-of-the-art sensory

for cost-effective site characterization and monitoring of existing conditions at the LM's disposal cells.

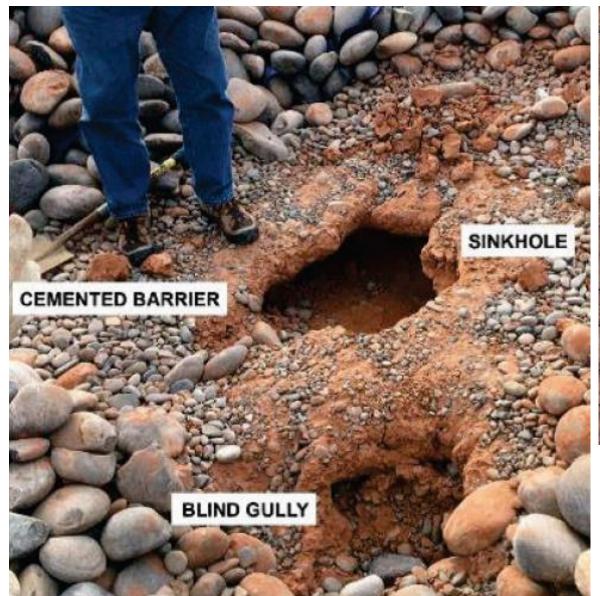
Relevance

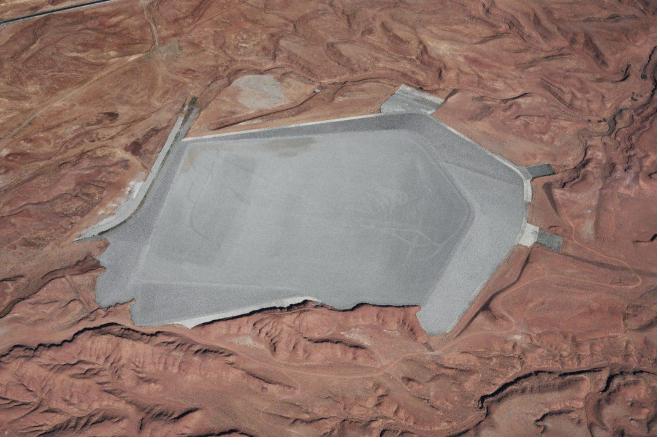
Contribute to Goal 4 of LM's 2020-2025 Strategic Plan: "Sustainably manage and optimize the use of land and assets and address severe weather events."

2017 Erosion Issues in the Mexican Hat Disposal Cell at Utah



The disposal cell is designed to be effective for at least 200 years 📑 🗓





"The erosion only manifested itself on the surface as slight depressions where the rock cover had subsided into the voids detected by lidar".



Potential Causes

Construction issues including the use of dispersive clays in the interbed layers between the radon barrier and the overlying rock cover.

However, LM does suspect climate change is a contributing cause.

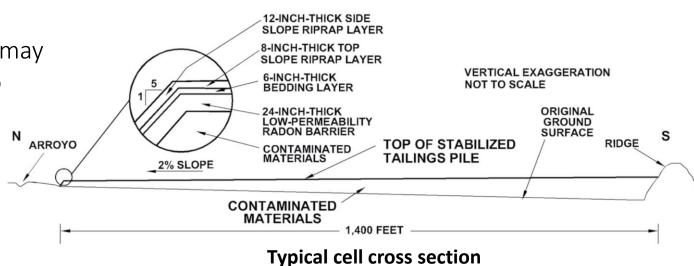
"Despite the southwest USA being in a terrible drought, climate change projections that precipitation events will be more intense is showing up in the meteorological record for the site."



During short, intense rainfall events, the rock cover essentially plays little role in slowing runoff.

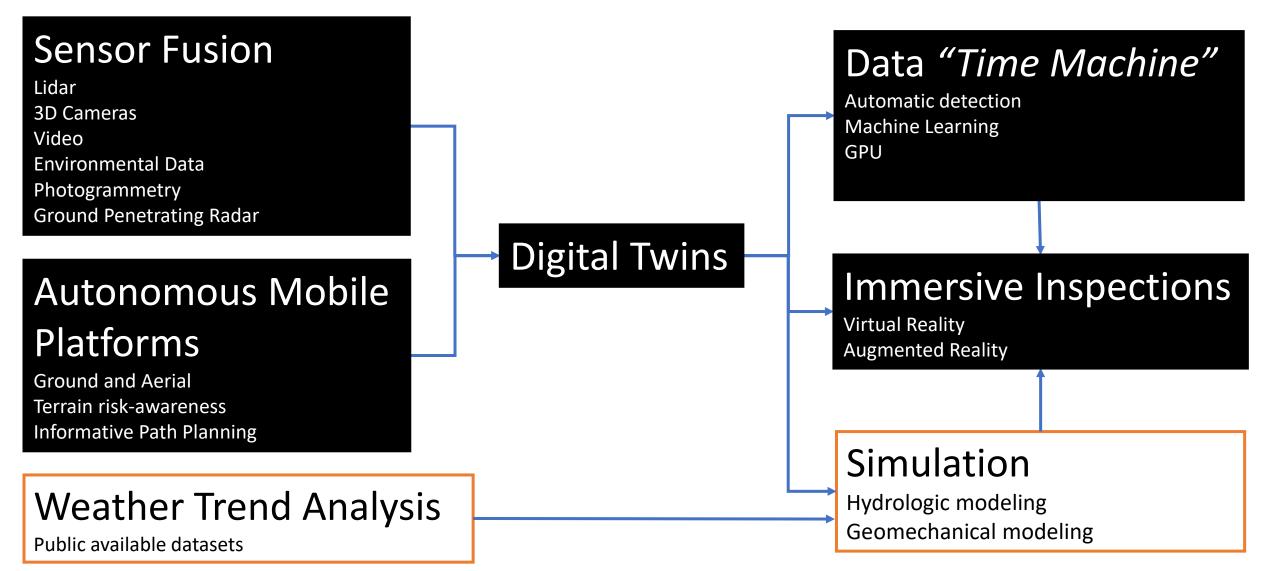
Rounded cobbles instead of angular rock probably may also, be a factor since water runs off them and into interstices faster than angular rock.

Other LM's sites may have similar features!



Non-evasive Techniques for Evaluating Disposal Cells





"Investigate the extent and depth of such erosion features without having to pull back a lot of material since if the radon barrier has been eroded there is a risk of radiological exposure."



Aerial Platforms

Aerial Lidar and Photogrammetry Mapping

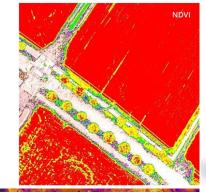


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Delivery Platform + Sensory + Applications

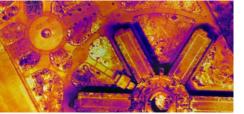
Onsite UAV surveys?

- Centimeter-level precision
- Cost-effective
- Meaningful data at your disposar
- Broad custom-built sensory
- See beneath the surface
- Automated data collection
- Machine Learning historical change
- Data-driven decision-making



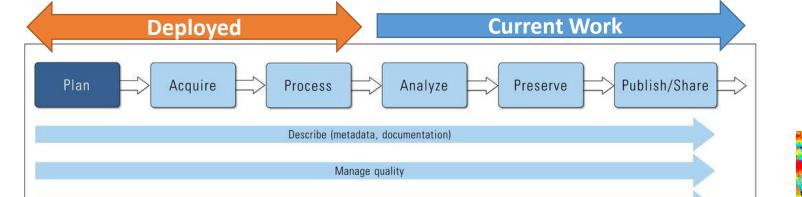


Multispectral

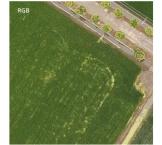




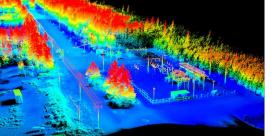
Thermal



Backup and secure









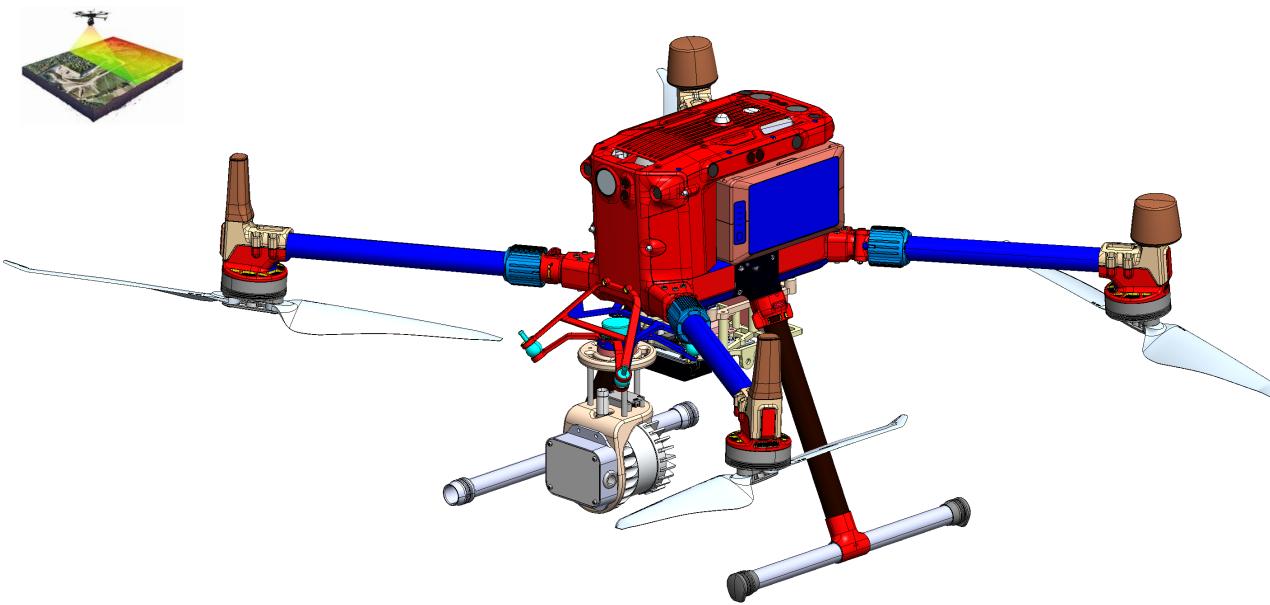
LiDAR

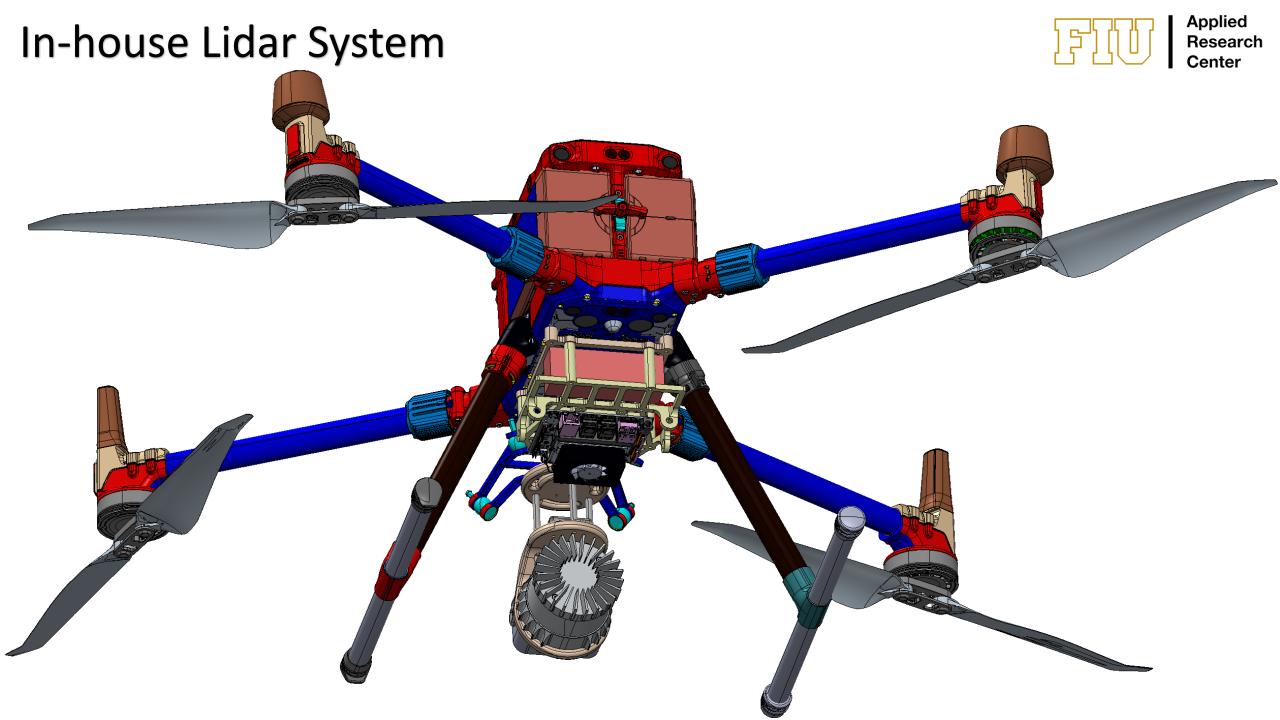


The USGS Data Lifecycle produced by the U.S. Geological Survey

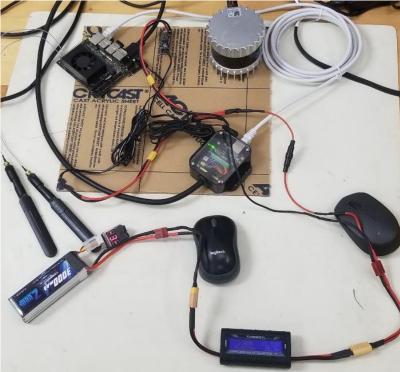
In-house Lidar System













2021 Rifle Disposal Cell Deployment at Colorado The Rifle disposal cell is roughly triangular and measures approximately 3,000 feet on each side; the cover encompasses an area of 71 acres on the 205-acre site. About 3.5 million cubic yards of contaminated materials with a total activity of 2,738 curies of radium-226 are encapsulated in the cell. Erosion issues in disposal cells?

2021 Rifle Disposal Cell Deployment Preparation





- Aviation safety plan draft
- Obtain pilot license
- Perform safety briefings
- Flight mission Inspections
- Conduct pre/pos flight checklist
- Act as Remote Pilot in Command
- Delegate and instruct flight crew







2021 Rifle Disposal Cell Deployment

















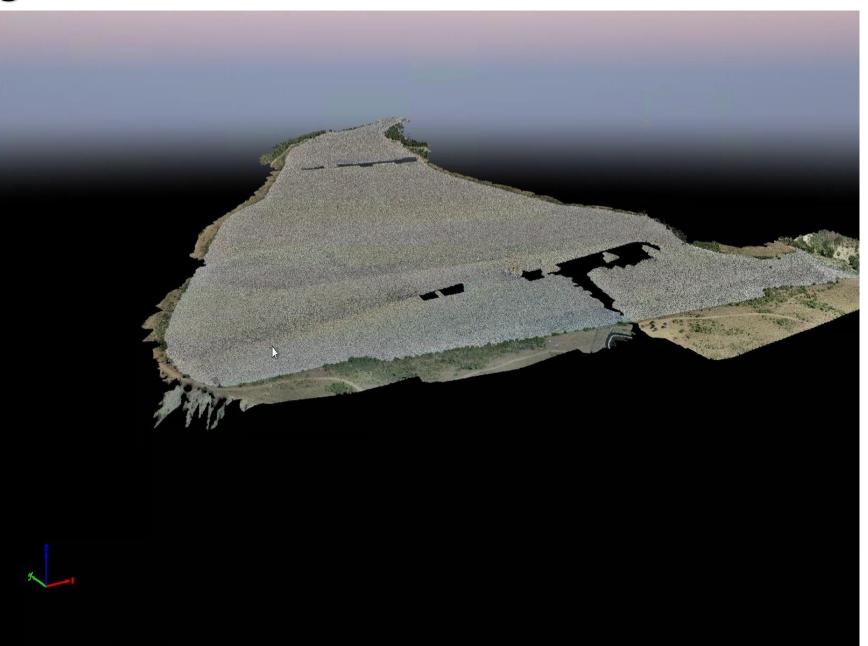




2021 Rifle Disposal Cell Deployment





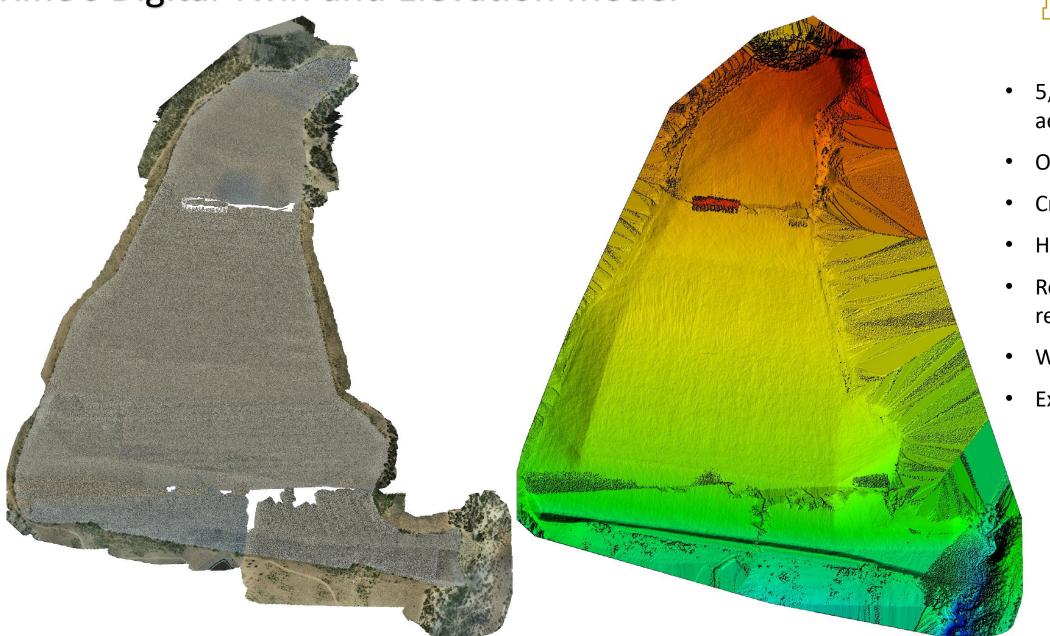


Rifle's Digital Twin and Elevation Model



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- 5,266 high-resolution aerial images
- One week survey
- Crew of four
- High liabilities
- Restrictive FAA regulations
- Weather constrains
- Extreme heat



Erosion analysis using potholes detection and Machine Learning

Object Detection Using Machine Learning





Graphical Process Unit (GPU)



"Data is Cheap, Information is Expensive"



Data is raw and unorganized



Information has meaning and context

NVIDIA A100 TENSOR CORE GPU SPECIFICATIONS (SXM4 AND PCIE FORM FACTORS)

	A100 80GB PCIe	A100 80GB SXM
FP64	9.7 TFLOPS	
FP64 Tensor Core	19.5 TFLOPS	
FP32	19.5 TFLOPS	
Tensor Float 32 (TF32)	156 TFLOPS 312 TFLOPS*	
BFLOAT16 Tensor Core	312 TFLOPS	624 TFLOPS*
FP16 Tensor Core	312 TFLOPS	624 TFLOPS*
INT8 Tensor Core	624 TOPS 1248 TOPS*	
GPU Memory	80GB HBM2e	80GB HBM2e
GPU Memory Bandwidth	1,935GB/s	2,039GB/s
Max Thermal Design Power (TDP)	300W	400W***
Multi-Instance GPU	Up to 7 MIGs @ 10GB	Up to 7 MIGs @ 10GB
Form Factor	PCIe dual-slot air cooled or single-slot liquid cooled	SXM
Interconnect	NVIDIA® NVLink® Bridge for 2 GPUs: 600GB/s ** PCIe Gen4: 64GB/s	NVLink: 600GB/s PCIe Gen4: 64GB/s
Server Options	Partner and NVIDIA- Certified Systems™ with 1-8 GPUs	NVIDIA HGX™ A100- Partner and NVIDIA- Certified Systems with 4,8, or 16 GPUs NVIDIA DGX™ A100 with 8 GPUs



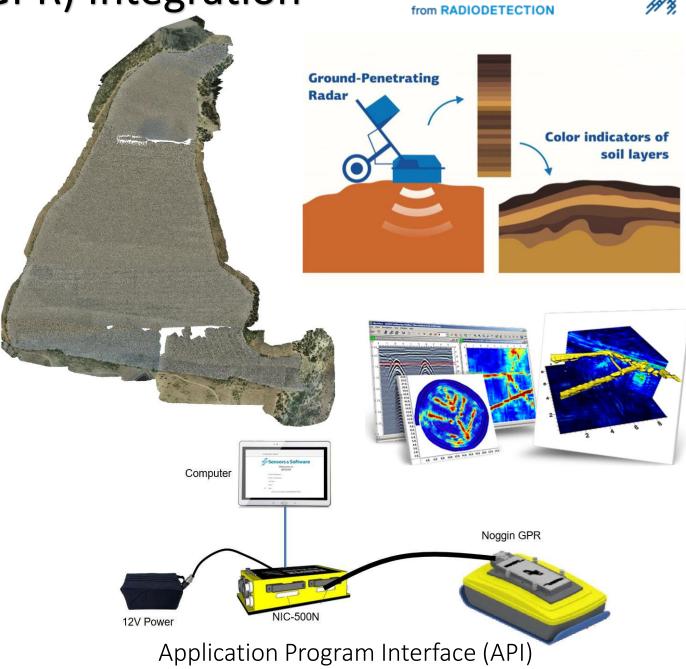
Autonomous Ground Platforms

Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) Integration







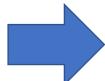


In-house Ground Platform





- Data fusion
 GPR
 Lidar
 3D Cameras
 IMUs
- Fully Autonomous
- Terrain riskawareness
- Roughed
- All-terrain
- Driving effort feedback
- High payload
- Weatherproof
- Solar powered



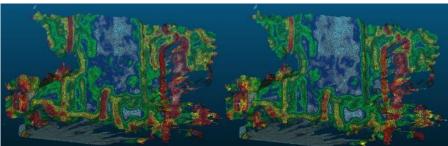


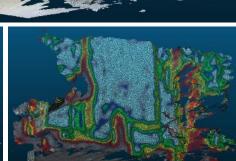
Sensor Uncertainty Quantification

3D imagers interact with environments, surfaces, materials, angles, and locations?

Intel Realsense 3D D415 Camera

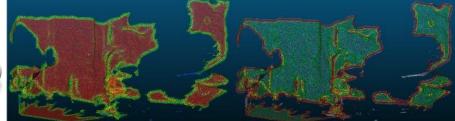


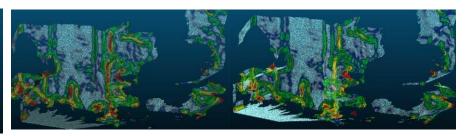


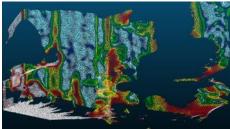


Intel Realsense 3D D455 Camera





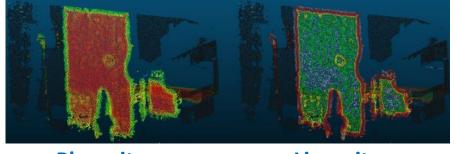


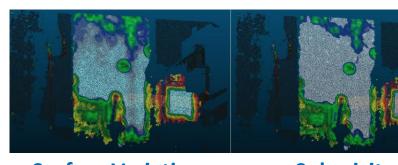


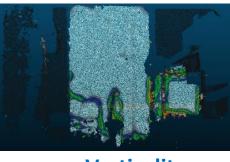
Intel Realsense L515 Solid-State Lidar



Metrics







Linearity Planarity

Surface Variation

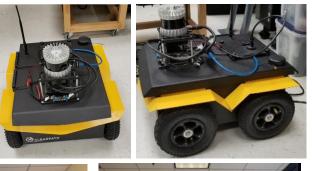
Sphericity

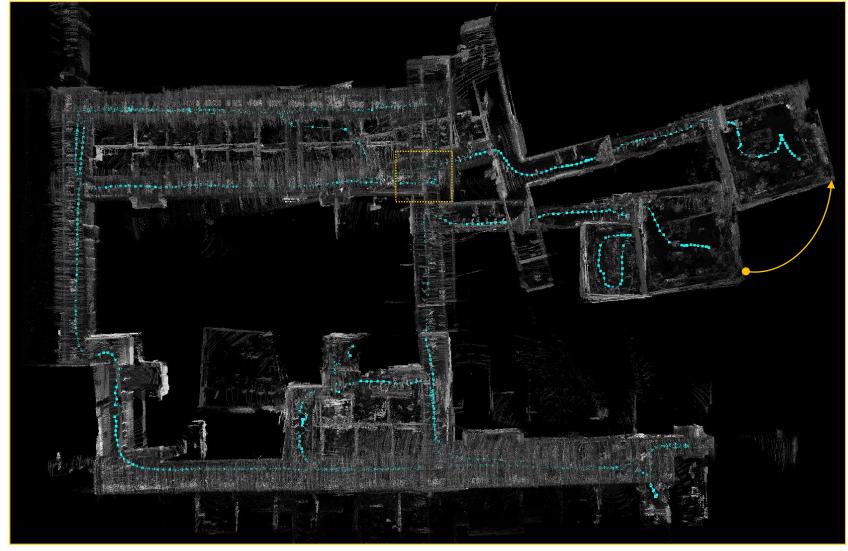
Verticality

Information-driven planning and control

Improve → Radiation map Environment map →

- Historical maps?
- Monotonous hallways?
- Degenerate odometry sources?













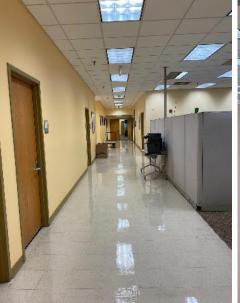
In-house Testing Areas

FIU-ARC main floor

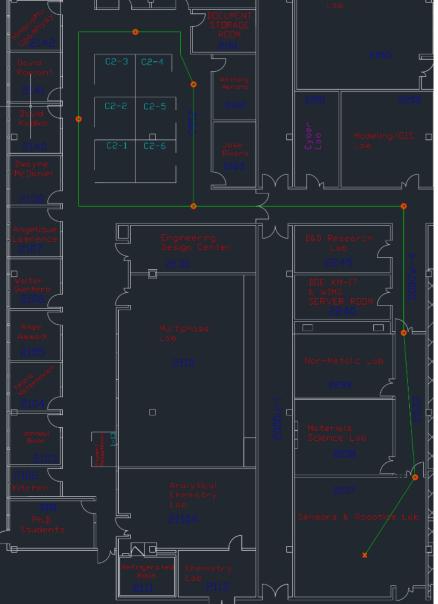














Engineering Center Parking Lot

On-board Terrain Risk-awareness



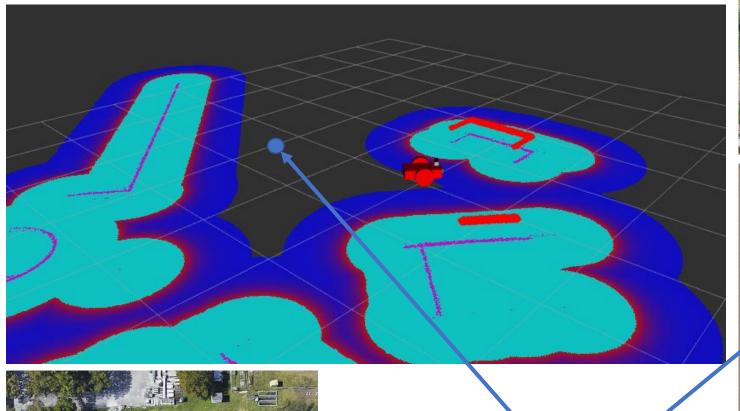
Video Terrain types and
Object classification



Point Cloud Terrain elevations and geometric obstacles

On-board Terrain Risk-awareness

Gray occupancy matrix instead of binary

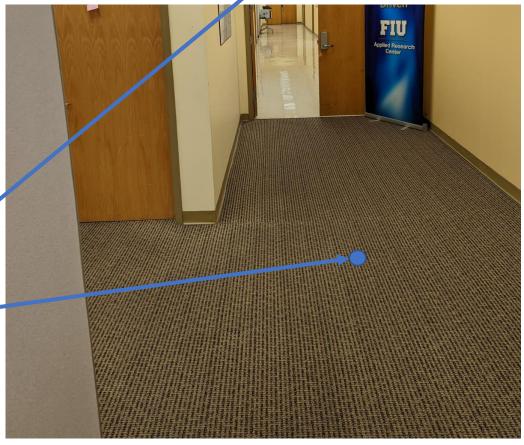




No obstacle!

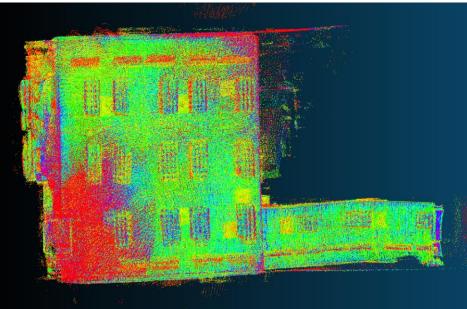
Is safe?

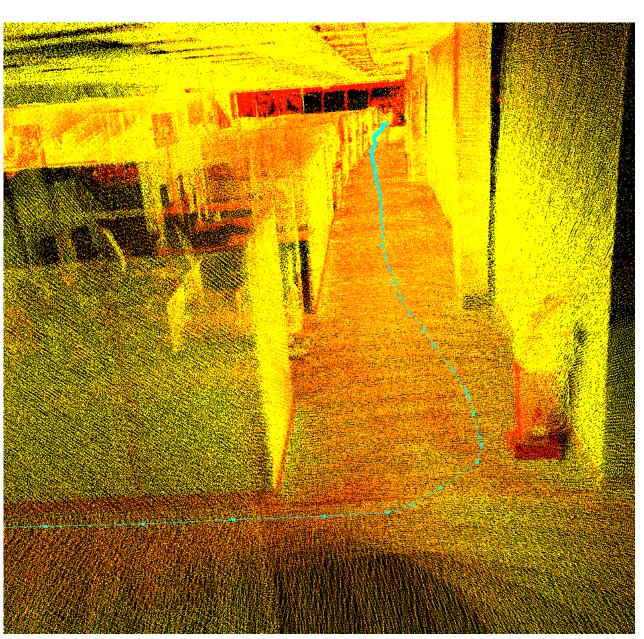




Digital Twin Reconstruction Over Time







Surveillance Map and Events

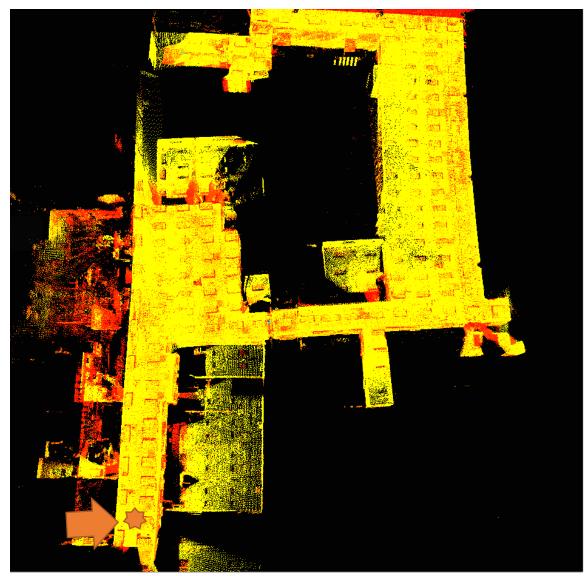
- Object Detection
- Hallways, doors, offices, windows, furniture, etc
- Landmark labeling based unsupervised learning





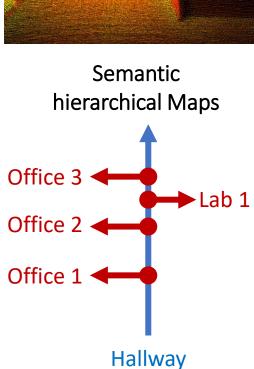
Facility Layout













Immersive Inspections Using Digital Twins

Virtual Reality (VR)

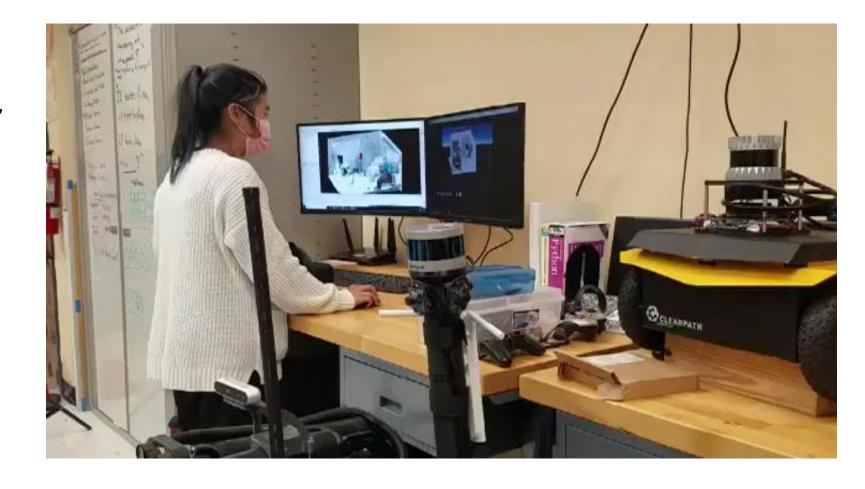


"Off-site immersive inspection using captured digital twins"



Inspectors interact with the data!





Augmented Reality (AR)

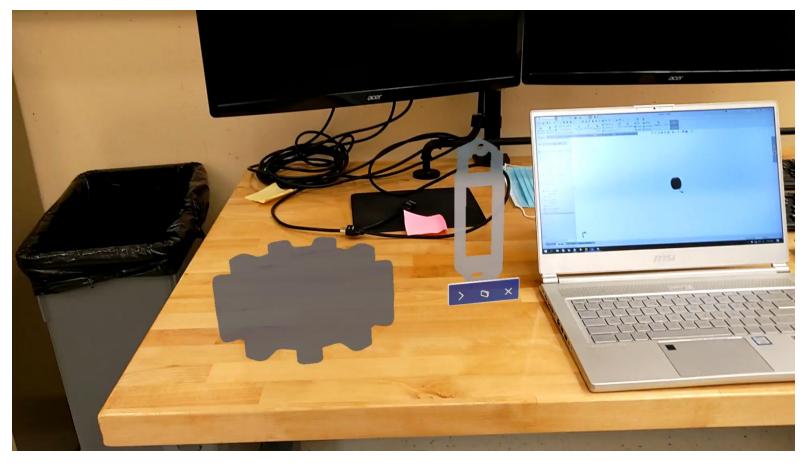
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"On-site inspection using superimpose data analytics"



Inspectors interact with the environment!











Final Thoughts

 Digital twin technologies are useful tools for decision-making because it permits taking many spatial data and trends into account.

 Consequently, managers can make more optimal and safer decisions based on updated, abundant, and reliable information.



