



#### BIOMARKERS OF EXPOSURE TO HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

#### PROJECT 3: Immunoassays for human and environmental monitoring

UC DAVIS SUPERFUND RESEARCH PROGRAM FUNDED SINCE 1987



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#### **SRP Webinar**

04/17/2017

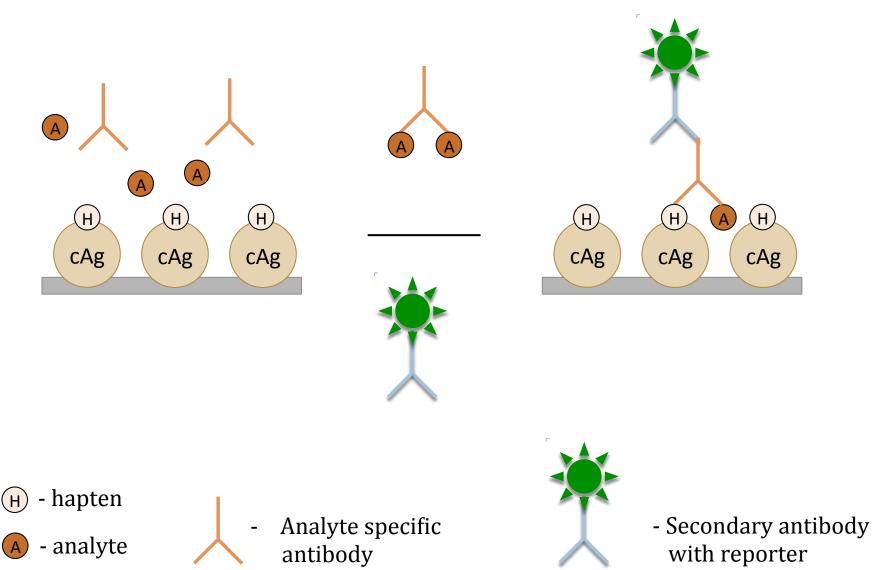


# Principle of immunoassay

- Position of immunoassay among other analytical tools
- Criteria for choosing target analytes
- Nanobodies<sup>®</sup> modern reagents for immunoassay development
- Examples

# **Theory of competitive ELISA**





# Position of immunoassay



#### GC

Volatile; Simultaneous multianalyte; Small set of samples

#### **HPLC**

Easily ionizable; Simultaneous multianalyte; Small set of samples

#### Immunoassay

Average polarity; Non-flexible; One analyte; Large set of samples

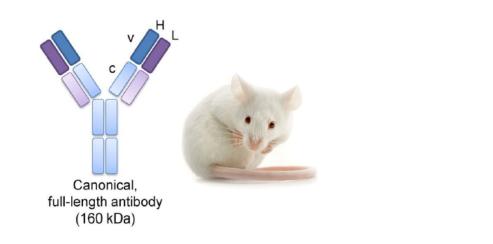
# **Target analytes**



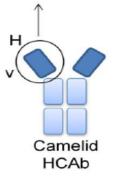


# **Antibody differences**





Single-domain antibody/Nanobody® (Nb or VHH or V<sub>NAR</sub>) (15 kDa)





Mouse	Characteristics	Camelids
150 kDa	size	15 kDa
unstable	stability	very stable
mammalian – doubles every day	culture	bacterial – doubles every 20 mins
mgs in weeks	yield	mgs in a day
chemically	engeneering	chemically or genetically

# Nanobody advantages



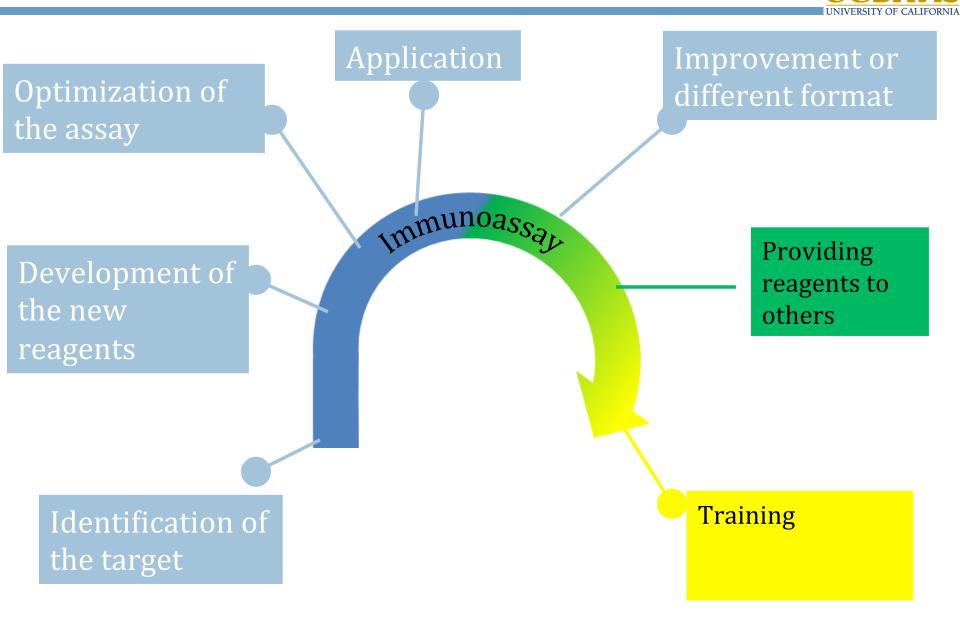
Single-domain antibody/Nanobody® (Nb or VHH or V<sub>NAR</sub>) (15 kDa)

> Camelid HCAb



- □ inexpensive mass production *E. coli*
- 15K or 90% size reduction over IgG ->high density for sensitive biosensors
- thermally stable for field assays
- ease of expression and genetic manipulation
- recreation of nanobody from published sequence

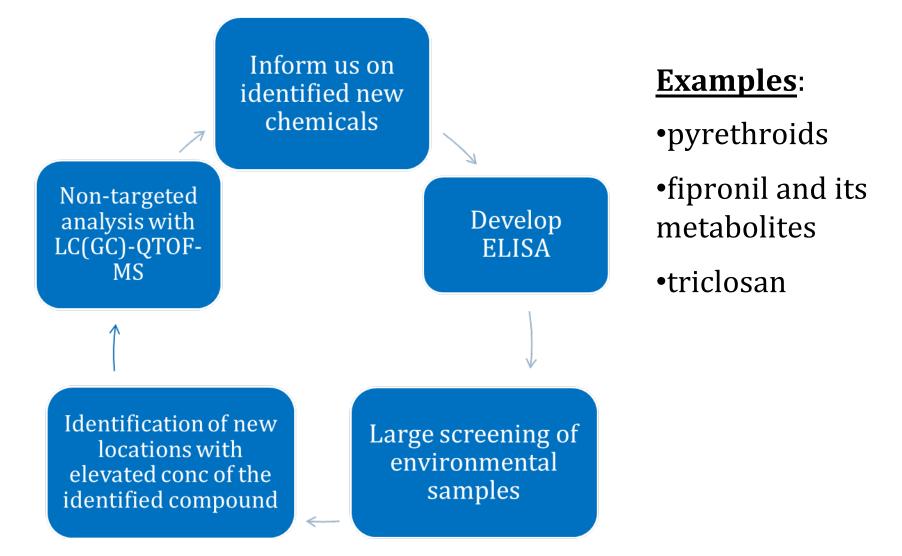
## Interaction with SRP and other collaborators



ESEARCH PROGRA

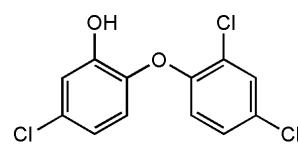
Identification of new targets in collaboration with Thomas Young's team UC Davis SRP





\*H. M. Hwang, E. K. Park, T. M. Young, B. D. Hammock, Sci Total Environ 2008, 404, 26-35

## Triclosan



Antimicrobial additive



□ NHANES study: (n=2517, 75% detection rate, LOD 2µg/L)

Wolff et al., 2007, EHP; Calafat et al., 2008, EHP



Found in >50% of rivers surveyed – max concentration: 2.3 μg/L (med. 0.14 μg/L) Kolpin, et al. ES&T, 2002

\*G. Cherednichenko, ... B. D. Hammock, ...I. N. Pessah, *P Natl Acad Sci U S A* **2012**, *109*, 14158-14163. \*\*M. F. Yueh, K. Taniguchi, S. J. Chen, R. M. Evans, B. D. Hammock, M. Karin, R. H. Tukey, *P Natl Acad Sci USA* **2014**, *111*, 17200-17205.



# Application of the ELISAs: Triclosan study with Dr. Pezzoli and Dr. Gabriel Anaya SRP UCS DC DAVIS

#### Los Laureles Canyon Dust Pilot Study

aimed in identifying environmental public health concern at the US-Mexico border, in the San Diego-Tijuana city region



Household dust, urine, and demographic data was collected from 46 residents
388 household environmental public health survey conducted
Household dust was analyzed for:

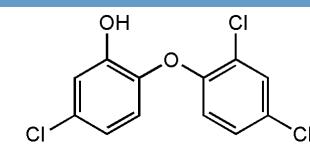
heavy metals
 bisphenol A

➢Phthalates

Triclosan -> found triclosan

#### •Urine samples were analyzed for triclosan by UC Davis SRP partners





Antimicrobial additive





 Our data showed that the US/Mexican population at the border was at significant health risk since the mean concentration of triclosan in the urine samples we found was high

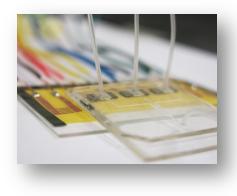
## Immunochemical formats



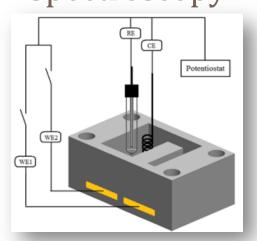
ELISA



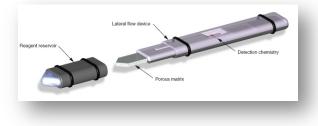
#### Microfluidic device



Electrochemical Impedance Spectroscopy



#### Lateral Flow Strip







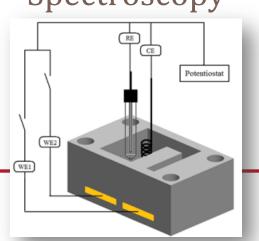
Provide reagents for the developement of new Immunochemical formats - biosensors



ELISA



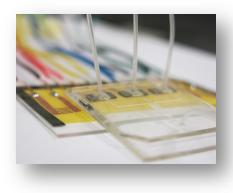
Electrochemical Impedance Spectroscopy



#### Lateral Flow Strip



#### Microfluidic device

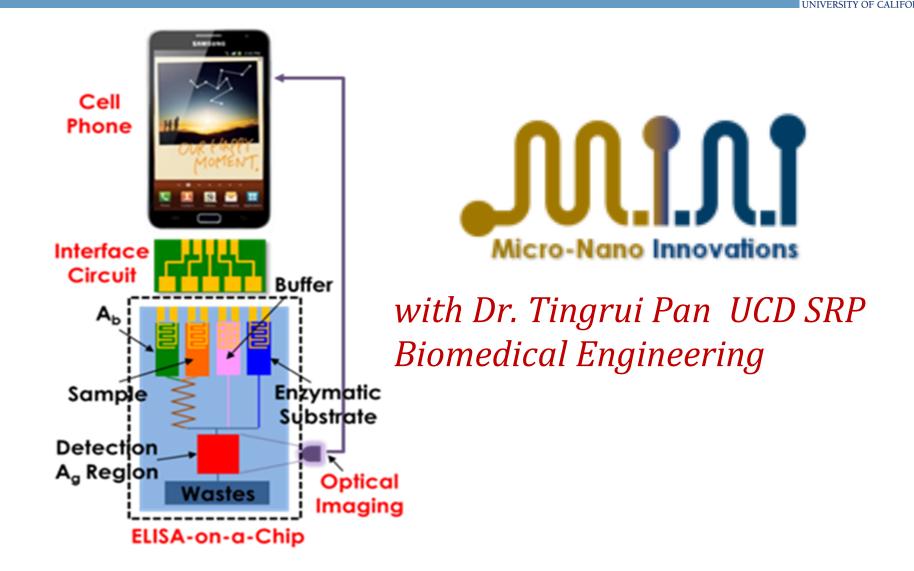


**Collaboration with SRP partners** Dr. Tingrui Pan and Dr. Ian Kennedy

#### **Optical biosensor**



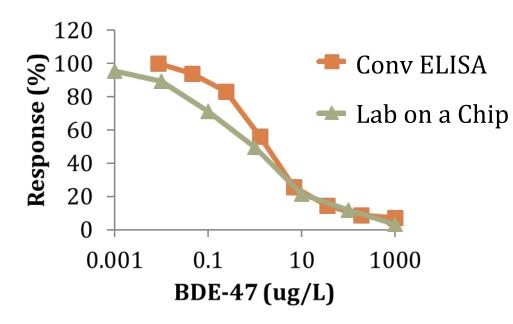
# Nanobody utilization in a sensor format



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\*A. Chen, R. Wang, C. R. Bever, S. Xing, B. D. Hammock, T. Pan, *Biomicrofluidics* **2014**, *8*, 064101.

## Format comparison



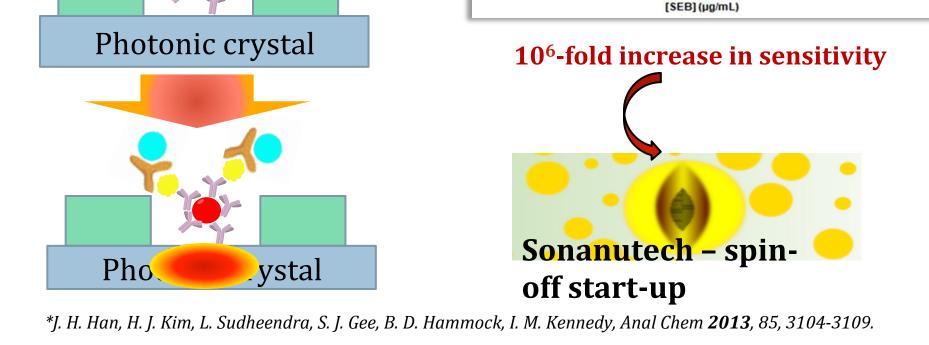
# Lab on a Chip

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### Advantages:

Small amount of reagents needed
 Small sample volume
 Rapid detection time
 Easy visualization/analysis
 Portable



1200

1000

800

600

400

200

1E-09

35 aM-LOD

0.0000001

0.00001

Photons/second

## Optical biosensors

Photonic crystal

#### in collaboration with Dr. Kennedy, UCD SRP

SUPERFUND SUPERFUND RESEARCH PROGRAM UCCDAVIE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORN

ELISA

0.001

1

0.8

0.6

0.4

0.2

0

-0.2

Photonic crystal nanoarray

10

0.1

450 nm

Absorbance at



1.Training of international scholars about immunoassays and novel antibody reagents (nanobodies) (China, Thailand, Ireland, France, USA)

- 2. Taught industry experts how to produce novel antibodies (Antibodies Inc)
- 3.Provide reagents and research support to academic (USA, UK, USEPA) and private laboratories (Mars Inc, ManRos Therapeutics)

# Acknowledgments









#### Hammock lab : <a href="http://www.biopestlab.ucdavis.edu/">http://www.biopestlab.ucdavis.edu/</a>

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