Uses of ARAMS[™] for Risk Assessment

September 11, 2007

Mr. Jeff Gerald and Dr. Mark S. Dortch

U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center



• What is ARAMS[™]?

 An adaptive risk assessment modeling system developed by the Army that provides computer-based data delivery, dynamic modeling, and analysis for <u>multi-media</u>, <u>multipathway</u>, multi-route exposure and effects of military relevant compounds and other constituents of concern to assess <u>human</u> and <u>ecological</u> health impacts/risks.

ARAMS is a collection of tools, models, and data for use in health risk assessment





<section-header><section-header><list-item><list-item><list-item>





















Key ARAMS Outputs

- Risk tables in RAGS Part D format
- A Conceptual Site Model (CSM) that serves as the starting point in FRAMES





New slide added per request



















- Using the ARAMS CSM Diagram, we can construct the FRAMES CSM (see the ARAMS Help menu for instructions on this)
- Based on this information, we therefore will want to place Source, Exposure Pathways, Receptor Intakes, and Health Impacts modules on the FRAMES workspace and we will add a RAGS viewer module to generate a RAGS part D report as well





- We are now ready to select the models/database that we will use in the analysis (by right-clicking on an object, selecting "General Info", and then selecting from the available database/model listings):
 - Constituent Module "FRAMES Constituent Database Selection"
 - Source module "MEPAS 5.0 Source in Soil Module"
 - Exposure Pathways "MEPAS 5.0 Exposure Pathways Module"
 - Receptor Intakes "MEPAS 5.0 Receptor Intakes Module"
 - Health Impacts "MEPAS 5.0 Health Impacts Module"
 - RAGS "RAGS Table Generator"

(additional data)				
Variable Description	Value	Units		
Length	50	m		
Width	50	m		
Depth	5	cm		
Ingestion RfD	0.0003	mg/kg/day		
Ingestion CSF	1.5	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹		
Decay/degradation	none	n/a		
Soil ingestion rate	0.05	g/day		
Soil leach rate constant	0	/yr		
Worker work frequency	340	days/yr		
Exposure duration	30	yr		
Worker average weight	70	kg		

- We then perform user input on all of the modules and then run all of the modules (we can also use the FRAMES "Go" button to accomplish this)
- We can then view the output...

• The Health Impacts "Summary Views of Risk, Hazard and Dose" viewer is shown and the cancer risk is 4.08E-06 and the HI is 2.1E-02

scation [0, 0] km ▼ Cancer organ all sites ge Group 18 to 62 ▼ Instituent All Chemicals ▼ Exposure duration: 30 yr [Show Totals Only] Exposure Route and Pathway HI Rist All Chemicals summation for src8 Sol noncarcinogenic carcinog
ge Group 18 to 62
All Chemicals Exposure duration: 30 yr Show Totals Only Exposure Route and Pathway All Chemicals summation for sre8 Soil noncarcinogenic
Show Totals Only Exposure Route and Pathway All Chemicals summation for sre8 Soil noncarcinogenic carcino
Exposure Route and Pathway HI Rist All Chemicals summation for src8.Soil noncarcinogenic carcino
All Chemicals summation for src8:Soil noncarcinogenic carcino
at location (0, 0) km for ages 18 to 62 at time 0 (all sit
TOTAL 2.11E-02 4.0
ingestion (total) 2.11E-02 4
Soil 2.11E-02 4







Firing Range Example – con'd

Variable Description	Value	Units
Range life	50	yr
Average rainfall	63.5	cm
Receiving stream annual flow rate	0.5	m³/sec
Munitions used	81 mm Mortar & 155 mm Howitzer	n/a

Munition	Variable Description	Value	Units	
81 mm Mortar	Rounds Fired	3000	/yr	
	Low Order	2	%	
	Yield*	25	%	
155 mm Howitzer	Rounds Fired	3000	/yr	
	Low Order	2	%	
	Yield*	25	%	

* Amount of explosive used up in a low order detonation














Terrestrial Eco Example

 This is a steady-state analysis where we wish to evaluate the exposure of a Belted Kingfisher (Ceryle alcyon) and Red Fox (Vulpes vulpes) to DDT (CASRN 50-29-3) contaminated water, soil, and sediment (where appropriate)

























Variable	Units	Distribution	Lower Bound	Mean (baseline)	Upper Bound	Standard Deviation
Source Zone						
Length	m	Normal	80	110	140	10
Width	m	Normal	80	110	140	10
Mass load rate	g/yr	Log Normal	500	1000	5000	750
β dissol. coef.	mg/ cm²/sec	Uniform	7E-10	7E-09	7E-08	NA
Kd	ml/g	Normal	0.22	0.11	0.055	0.028
Infiltration rate	cm/yr	Normal	60	76.2	85	2.5
Lower vadose zone						
Kd	ml/g	Normal	0.007	0.013	0.026	0.003
Sat. Hydraulic Conductivity	cm/day	Normal	450	570	650	33
Half life	years	Normal	10	100	200	32
Aquifer						
Darcy velocity	cm/day	Normal	50	100	150	17
Kd	ml/g	Normal	0.007	0.013	0.026	0.003
Half life	years	Normal	10	100	200	32
Longitudinal dispersivity	cm	Log Normal	21	210	2100	347
Transverse dispersivity	cm	Log Normal	2.1	21	210	35
Vertical dispersivity	cm	Normal	0.01	0.381	1.0	0.165













Advanced Example – con'd

- We use the following modules, databases and models:
 - Constituent module "FRAMES Constituent Database Selection"
 - Source module "MEPAS 5.0 Source in Soil"
 - User Defined module "WFF Surface Water Module"
 - Air module– "MEPAS 5.0 Air Module"
 - Plus Operators module "WFF Surface Water Plus Operator"
 - Overland Flow module "Copy of MEPAS 5.0 Secondary Source in Soil"
 - Surface Water module "MEPAS 5.0 Surface Water Module"
 - Exposure Pathways module "MEPAS 5.0 Exposure Pathways Module"
 - Receptor Intakes module "MEPAS 5.0 Receptor Intakes Module"
 - Health Impacts module "MEPAS 5.0 Health Impacts Module"
 - 64
























Contact Info

- Mr. Jeff Gerald (601)-634-3590 Jeff.Gerald@erdc.usace.army.mil
- Dr. Mark S. Dortch (601)-634-3517 Mark.S.Dortch@erdc.usace.army.mil

77

