

# Thoughts on Buying Advanced Geophysical Classification

Amy Walker (Andy Schwartz, John Jackson)

Geophysicist

U.S. Army Engineering Center, Huntsville

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Uniform Federal Policy for Quality  
Assurance Project Plans Template

Geophysical Classification for Munitions Response

Revised Beta Draft



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# Topics

- No more treatability studies
- DAGCAP to resolve issue of “Who”
- Trust the QAPP to resolve issues of which team member is the accredited entity
- GFP
- What we’re buying



# Treatability Studies

- In general, no more treatability studies
- ESTCP demo program=TS for most scenarios



# DAGCAP

- USACE will be requiring DAGCAP accreditation
  - ▶ DoD Advanced Geophysical Classification Accreditation Program
  - ▶ Managed by DoD EDQW
- Once in place, PWS/Evaluation factors will be streamlined (will resolve the issue of “Who”)
- Interim: pretty much what you’ve seen in SLO, Marpi, Hawthorne PWSs



# Prior to DAGCAP



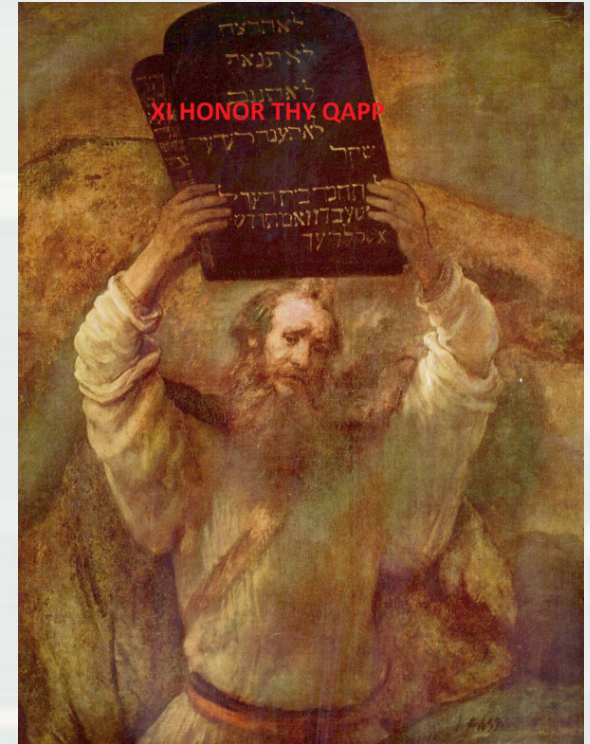
## ■ PWS/Evaluation Criteria:

- ▶ Qualifications for Key Personnel remain the same- must demonstrate past experience
- ▶ Technical approach that is transparent, founded on logic and physics and is independently verifiable
- ▶ Conveys a thorough understanding of the requirements and level of effort (e.g. increased QC, how the QAPP will be implemented)
- ▶ Demonstrate Corporate experience with classification, including incorporation of lessons learned
- ▶ Requirement to use the GCMR UFP-QAPP template



# Trusting The QAPP

- Who must be accredited?
- Will the Prime listen to a Sub who says work must be re-performed?
- We will trust the QAPP to resolve issues of Prime vs. Sub as the accredited entity
- QAPP is clear- if the DQOs & Performance Criteria are not met, the government will not accept it
- Requires justification of deviations from QAPP 'black text'



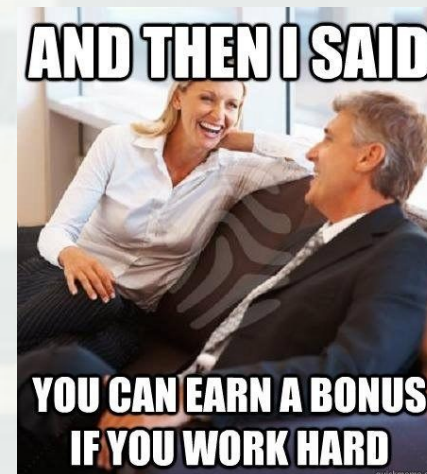
# Government Furnished Property

- USACE not expecting to continue to provide
- Current systems reaching end of serviceability
- USACE contracts with field work expected to start after this year do not have GFP



# What We're Buying

- We know digs = \$\$
- PWS objective can include 'fewest digs needed to meet remedial response objectives'
  - ▶ Exploring methods to include more characterization during RIs
- AGC Expertise comes with a premium
  - ▶ We expect to pay that premium; without it, we are:
    - Suspicious about ability to perform
    - Suspicious about data quality





# Cost Comparison Example (500 acre scenario like CSLO)

Item	No Classification	Classification - Cued Only	Dynamic + Cued w/ MM
Mob/Demob	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000
Surface Sweep	\$750,000	\$750,000	\$750,000
Seed Emplacement	\$87,500	\$87,500	\$87,500
EM61 Survey and Analysis	\$750,000	\$750,000	\$0
Dynamic MetalMapper Survey and Analysis	\$0	\$0	\$1,625,000
Cued MetalMapper Collection and Analysis	\$0	\$3,030,000	\$1,980,000
Seeds Dug	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000
Native UXO Dug	\$31,250	\$31,250	\$31,250
Clutter Dug	\$12,500,000	\$1,250,000	\$1,250,000
Fixed Costs	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000
<b>TOTAL with Extra QC</b>	<b>\$14,658,750</b>	<b>\$6,438,750</b>	<b>\$6,263,750</b>



# Cost Difference As A Function Of Different Per-Cue Costs Comparisons To Current DGM Approach

Variable (x-axis): Cost per advanced sensor cue.  
Range: \$25 to \$67 in \$3 increments

Other variables held constant at assumed values:

- ▶ Seeding costs: \$250/acre
- ▶ Advanced sensor dynamic detection mapping: \$5,000/acre
- ▶ DGM mapping: \$1,500/acre
- ▶ Digging: \$125/dig



# Detection Cost Comparison

