#### **Baseline Risk Assessing**









US Army Corps of Engineers BUILDING STRONG®

# Agenda

- Basic QAPP
- A Look At Risk Assessment



#### Basic QAPP When Accepting Data & Writing The RI Report

- Critical Worksheets according to Andy
  - ► WS10: Conceptual Site Model
  - ► WS11: Data Quality Objectives
  - ► WS12: Measurement Performance Criteria
  - ► WS22: Measurement Quality Objectives



# **Basic QAPP**

#### When Accepting Data & Writing The RI Report

#### WS10: Conceptual Site Model

- Foundation of entire project
- Explains why we planned what we planned



# **Basic QAPP**

When Accepting Data & Writing The RI Report

- WS11: Data Quality Objectives
  - This can be pretty easy!
    - DQOs for VSP easy!
    - DQOs for Target Area Assessment > Evidence is all we need in general
    - DQOs for Buffer/Safety Fan Assessment
      Statistical Sampling (á-la UXO Estimator)
    - DQOs for Risk Assessing
      - All the above plus land use
    - DQOs for all the MC stuff
      - > Yadah yadah yadah...



# **Basic QAPP**

When Accepting Data & Writing The RI Report

- WS12: Measurement Performance Criteria
  - ► The single most important Worksheet
    - Because if we meet all these requirements, we should be DONE!
  - ► Stuff like,
    - Transect spacing & transect coverage
    - Digging sufficient anomalies to support statistical tests
    - Showing where targets were found
    - Showing what's NOT there



# What do you mean by "What's not there?"





No evidence UXO spotting charges persisted

No evidence High Explosives were ever used

FUDS (in Arizona) Practice Bomb Target Target Center



### Basic QAPP When Accepting Data & Writing The RI Report

- WS22: Measurement Quality Objectives
  Second most important worksheet
  - Tells us the data we're using is good



#### **Assessing Risk**









US Army Corps of Engineers BUILDING STRONG®

# Agenda

- Next Up: Make you smarter on what you're starting out with
- To Think About For The FS



# Context

- How We Got Here...
  - ► PA→SI→RI QAPP→Field Work→RI Risk Assessing
- Problem Statement: Do we have an unacceptable risk scenario?
- The answer is yes for HTRW problems when
  - Cancer risk > \_\_\_\_ or hazard quotient > \_\_\_\_
- The answer is yes for MMRP problems when
  I'll know it when I see it
  - □ Someone thinks there might be a UXO somewhere
  - □ Someone is likely to get hurt or die
  - All of the above
  - □ None of the above



# In Plain English

We have an unacceptable risk when:

- 1. People are likely to encounter UXO, AND
- 2. People don't know what NOT to do if they encounter a UXO, or
- 3. An unintentional encounter could result in a detonation, AND
- 4. The consequences are severe



## **Risk Calculations**

Andy's Auto Insurance Who's ahead, Andy or his insurance company?

Event	Value
Sound System theft 2010	\$1,500
Sound System theft 2012	\$1,000
Crazed Soccer Mom driving a minivan talking on the phone	\$6,700
Total Claims Payouts	\$9,200
My approximate lifetime premiums	~\$350/6mo for 12 years = \$8,400

Risk is essentially a combination of probabilities

Example: Your Car Insurance Rate

 probability of having an accident
 Hours on the road, your experience, your driving history



# We Are Talking Probabilities

What's the probability of rolling a 6? One in six, or about 16%



What's the probability of rolling two sixes? one in six? (~16%) two in twelve? (~16%) one in six + one in six? (~32%) one in six X one in six? (~3%)

### **Risk Calculations**

- Risk is essentially the multiplication of several probabilities
- Example: Lead In Soil
  - probability of exposure (being present where the contamination is)
  - probability of intake
    - (something happens that results in ingestion)
  - probability of bioloading
    - (probability your body retains the contaminant)
  - probability of adverse health effect (probability that the retention ultimately leads to a health effect)



# Something Bad Happens When:

- UXO or DMM is at a location
- Someone imparts energy to the item
- The item functions
- Energy from the detonation injures that someone
  Consider Reality:
  - UXO are generally rare Just because it's there does not mean someone finds it If it is found, it's not always picked-up If it is picked up, it doesn't automatically detonate If it does detonate, injury is proportional to energy release

#### **Risk Management**

#### Likelihood **Likely Presence** of Human Lot Of of UXO Interaction **Overlap** Overlap ≈ product of high Likelihood of probabilities Injury **Causing Item** Lot Of Overlap ≈ Multiplying Large Probabilities =Unacceptable Risk



#### Let's Consider FS Analyses



### Let's Look At: Physical Removal



#### Little To No Overlap ≈ Multiplying small probabilities = Acceptable End State

#### Let's Look At: Education

These stay the same!

Little To No Overlap ≈ Multiplying small probabilities = Acceptable End State



#### MMRP Risk & Acceptable End States ON-GOING WORK

USACE working to publish white paper as a policy memo with a trial period. IGD to follow...

- Matrix 1: Amount of MEC vs. Accessibility
  - Likelihood of Encounter
- Matrix 2: Likelihood of Encounter vs. Severity
  - Likelihood of Casualty or Injury
- Matrix 3: Sensitivity vs. Site Activities
  - Likelihood of Incident
- Matrix 4: Matrix 2 vs. Matrix 3
  - Differentiate Acceptable vs. Unacceptable



### **Questions?**

