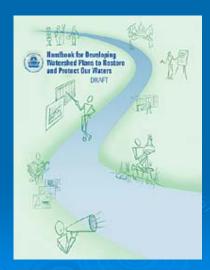
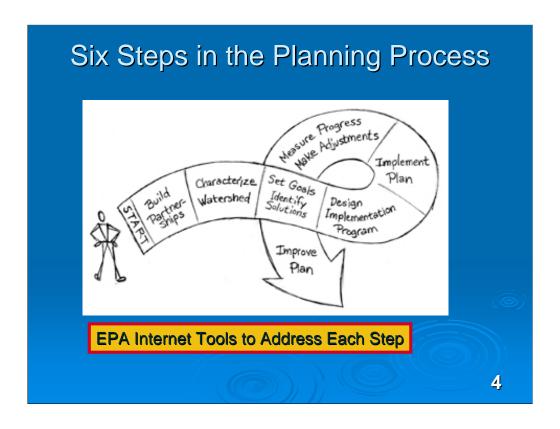


Consistent, Comprehensive Watershed Planning: www.epa.gov/owow/nps/watershed_handbook/

Handbook for
Developing
Watershed Plans to
Restore and Protect
Our Waters (Draft)





EPA recommends using the following six steps in developing a watershed plan:

Building Partnerships

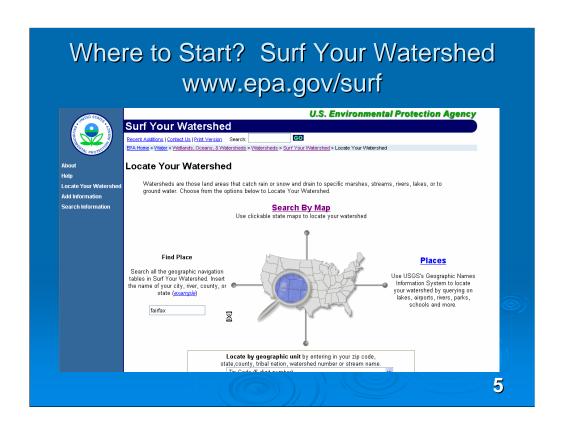
Characterizing Your Watershed

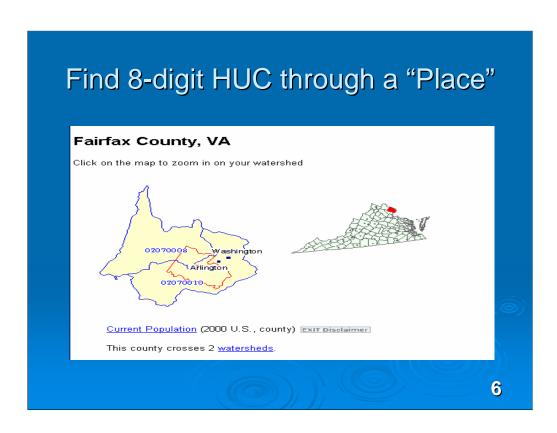
Setting Goals and Identifying Solutions

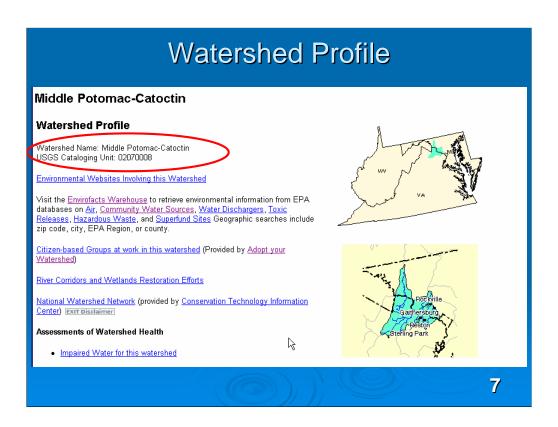
Design an Implementation Program

Implement the Watershed Plan

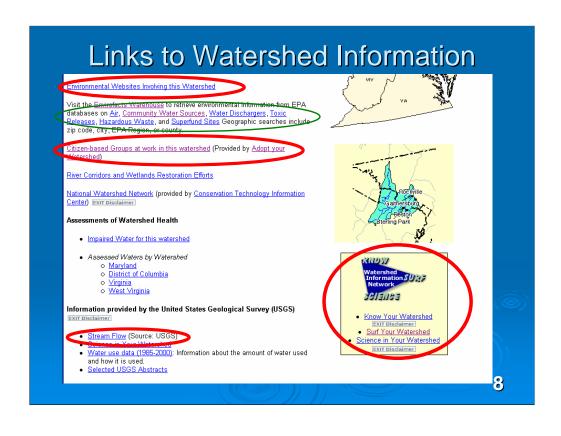
Measure Progress and Make Adjustments (adaptive management)







Launches a variety of links including to other federal agencies.



Environmental Web sites

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Surf Your Watershed

EPA Home > Surf Your Watershed > Locate Your Watershed > Environmental Websites Search

23 Environmental Websites found for: 02070008

C&O Canal Association

Summary: The C&O Canal paralleled the mighty but unnavigable Potomac River and linked Cumberland, Maryland with the nation's capital, using an orderly system of locks to permit heavily laden coal boats to pass to successively lower levels from the mountains to tidewater. The mule teams that pulled the boats along the canal walked on the towpath, guided by the families of the boat captains.

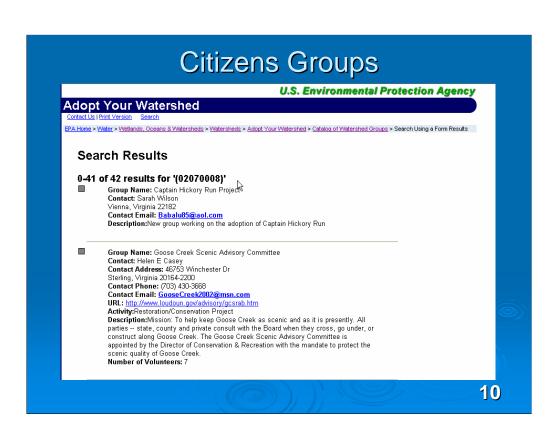
mule teams that pulled the boats along the canal walked on the Provided by: C&O Canal Association URL: http://www.CandOCanal.org/ Geographic Keywords: Watershed (USGS Cataloging Code) Keywords: Conservation, Monitoring, Recreation Contact: Olivia Casasnovas Contact Email: canal@omdesigns.com Contact Telephone: (301) 983-0825 Last Updated: 7/23/2004 10:11:33 AM

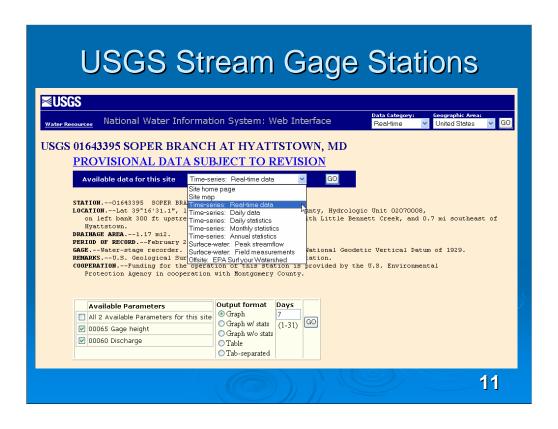
Chesapeake & Ohio Canal National Historical Park

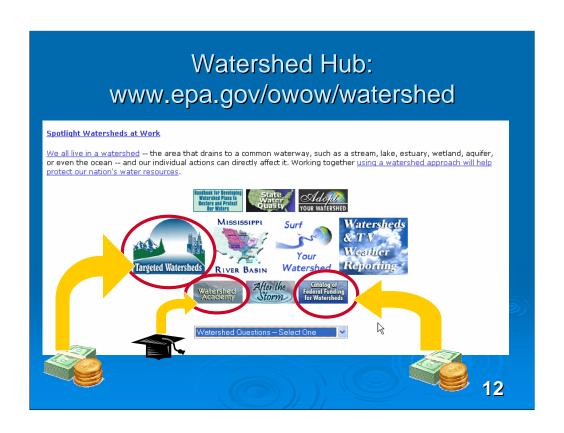
Summary: On November 5, 1823 the first Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Convention was held in Washington. Under consideration was a proposal to build a canal along the Potomac route from the nation's capital 360 miles to the Ohio River. The Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company was chartered by the state of Virginia on January 27, 1824. In 1825 the act was confirmed by the state of Maryland and the U.S. Congress, and in 1826 by Pennsylvania. The new canal was greatly anticipated and deemed the "Great National Project". Actual construction began on Independence Day, July 4, 1828 with President John Quincy Adams capping a lavish opening ceremony by turning the first spade full of earth at Little Falls, Maryland. On that very same day a company with an untested means of transportation, the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, laid the cornerstone for its new enterprise in Baltimore, Maryland. An unanticipated race for the use of the Potomac route had begun.

Provided by: National Park Service
URL: http://www.nps.gov/chol/co_visit.htm

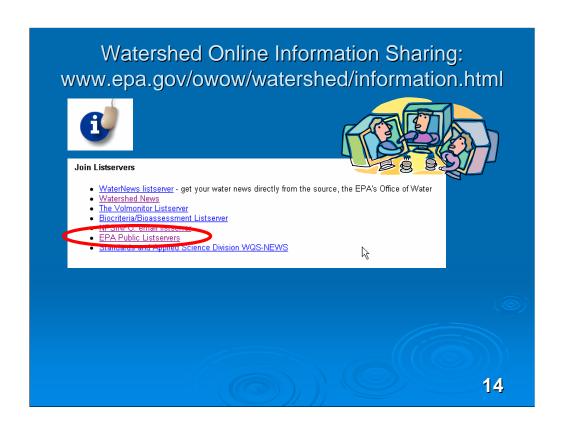
Geographic Keywords: Watershed (USGS Cataloging Code)

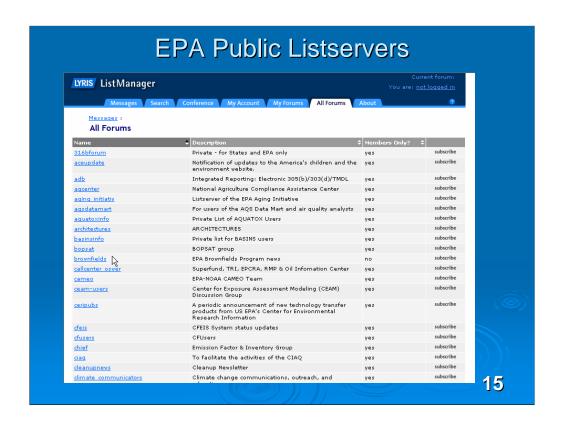


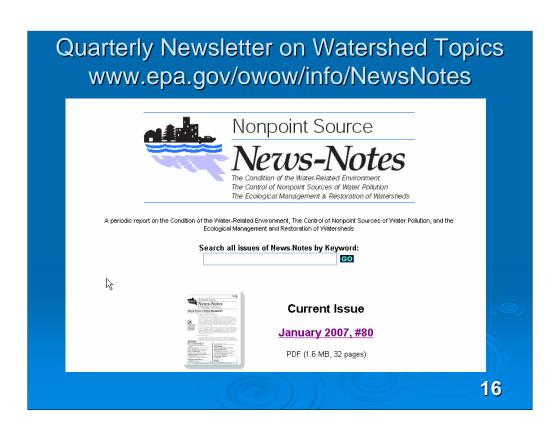






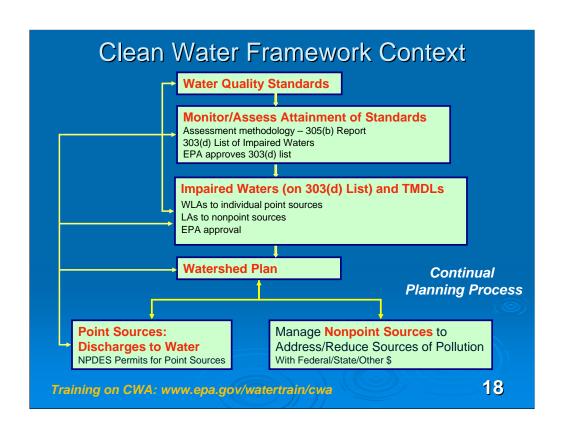






Watershed Planning Steps

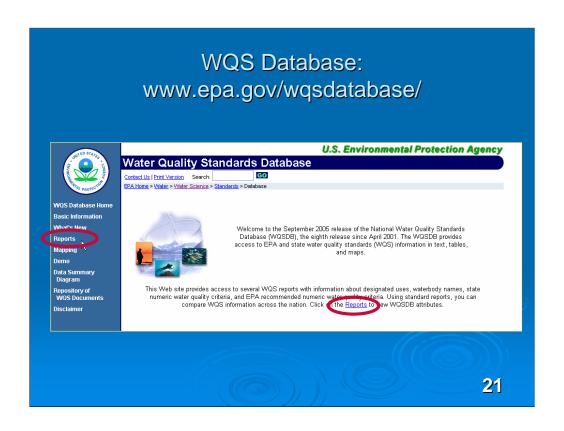
- > Build Partnerships
- > Characterize the Watershed
- Set Goals and Identify Solutions
- > Design an Implementation Program
- > Implement the Program
- Measure Progress, Make Necessary Adjustments



National Sources: EPA Water Program Databases

- A. Water Quality Standards
- B. Assessment
- c. Impairments and TMDL





Find Designated Uses

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency



Basic Information

What's New Reports Demo

Data Summary Diagram Repository of WQS Documents

Disclaimer

Water Quality Standards Database

Contact Us | Print Version Search:

EPA Home > Water > Water Science > Standards > Database > Reports

Reports

Users may limit the records that appear in the report by entering values in the input fields for a given report. The resulting report contains only those records that meet the user-specified values. Below are the six WQSDB reports. To select and run a report, click on name of the report. The designated uses descriptions from "Palette only" states can be seen under "Designated Use and Waterbody Data Across States" and "Designated Use and Class Data by National DU" reports.

- <u>Designated Use and</u> <u>Waterbody Data by State:</u>
- <u>Designated Use and</u> <u>Waterbody Data Across</u>
- Designated Use and Class Data by National DU:
- State Numeric Criteria:

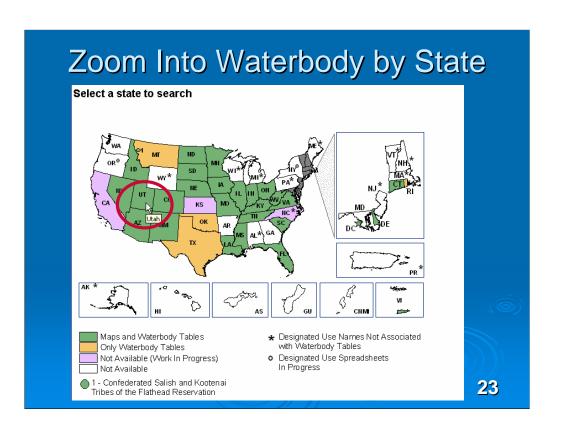
This report is a summary of designated use and waterbody data. The user may select data for a particular state based on designated use(s) and waterbody name(s). The report includes: Entity ID, Waterbody Name, Waterbody Segment Description, State DU Code, State DU Name, State DU Description, State Specific DU Name and State Class Code.

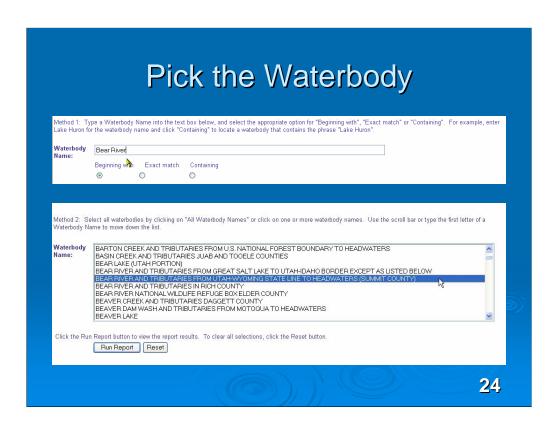
This report relates designated use and waterbody data across States. The user may select data based on state(s), national designated use(s), and optionally a waterbody name. The report includes: National DU Name, State Code, State DU Code, State DU Name, State DU Descripton, State Specific DU Name, Class Code, Class Description, and Effective Date. It may also include Waterbody Name. This report is useful for checking information across boundaries.

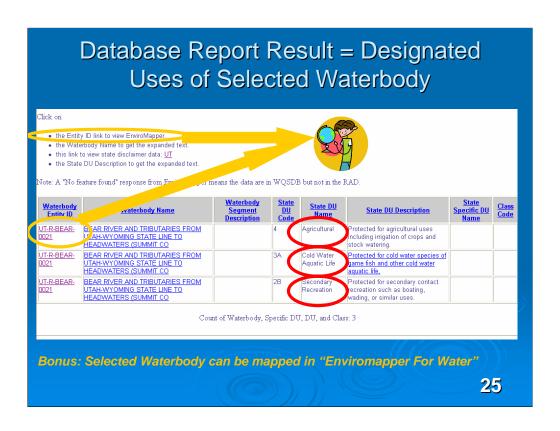
The report includes: National DU Name, State DU Code, State DU Name, State DU Description, State Specific DU Name, State Class and State Class Description.

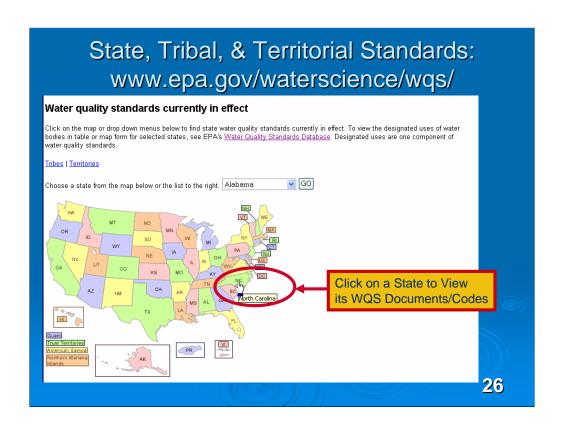
This report identifies the state numeric criteria for each designated use. The user may select data based on state, pollutant(s), and condition(s) (e.g., hardness, temperature, and pH). The report includes: State DU Code, State DU Name, Waterbody Type, Pollutant, Acute/Chronic Flag, Condition Criteria, Pollutant Value, and Pollutant Unit.

NOTE: This report only contains data for Missouri and Mississippi.









State Documents: WQS Codes

Repository of Documents

North Carolina

You will need Adobe Acrobat Reader, available as a free download, to view some of the files linked on this page. Please see FPA's PDF page to learn more about PDF, and for a link to the free Acrobat Reader.

Federal Regulations, 40 CFR 131-41 (Effect: a december 16, 2004) Federal regulations establishing bacteria criteria for coastal and This regulation is also known as the Beach Rule.

Section .0100-.0200, Classifications and Water Quality Standards Applicable to Surface Waters and Wetlands of North Carolina (PDF) (130 pages, 895 K)

(Effective October 3, 2003) Section .0100 contains the procedures for assignment of water quality standards Section , 0200 contains the classifications and water quality standards applicable to surface waters a North Carolina.

Thermal (Temperature) Variances to North Carolina Water Quality Standards (PDE) (10 K, 1 page)

(Effective April 23, 2006) Information detailing variances from water quality standards for dischargers to North Carolina

Section .0300, Classifications and Water Quality Standards Applicable to Surface Waters and Wetlands of North Carolina (PDF) (25 pages, 2.1 Mb)
Section .0300 addresses the assignment of stream classifications. The following documents contain water quality

standards specific to the river basin identified. Charts represent changes to the surface water classifications for specific waterbodies that are not reflected in the linked document.

Broad River Basin: Classifications and Water Quality Standards (PDF) (18 pages, 1.1 Mb)

Broad River Basin: Surface Water Reclassifications





Online Participants: Submit questions online anytime.

Phone Participants: Please state your name and where you are calling from before your question.

28

B. Assessment www.epa.gov/waters/305b

2002 National Assessment Database

The 2002 National Assessment Database summarizes electronic information submitted by the states to EPA in the 2002 water quality reporting cycle. This information should not be used to compare water quality conditions between states or to identify statewide or national trends because of differences in state assessment methods and changes to EPA guidance. This represents the most recent electronically available state water quality information. We are currently assembling information for the 2004 reporting cycle.

This website is EPA's first-ever interactive summary of state-reported water quality information and allows the user to view assessments of individual waterbodies. It presents data in a format designed for quick reference by water quality professionals and those familiar with water quality reporting. EPA is working with the states to improve future electronic reporting.

Choose a state or territory from the map or pick list below to view its Water Quality Assessment Data. To view state data using an interactive mapping tool that displays a wide range of environmental information, go to <u>EnviroMapper for Water</u>.

Alabama 🔻 GO

National Assessment Database

About this Database

Assessing Water Quality (Questions and Answers)

The 2002 National Assessment Database (Fact Sheet)

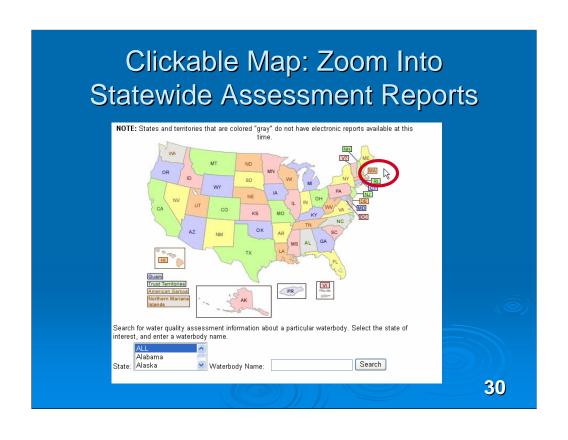
Previous National Water Quality Reports

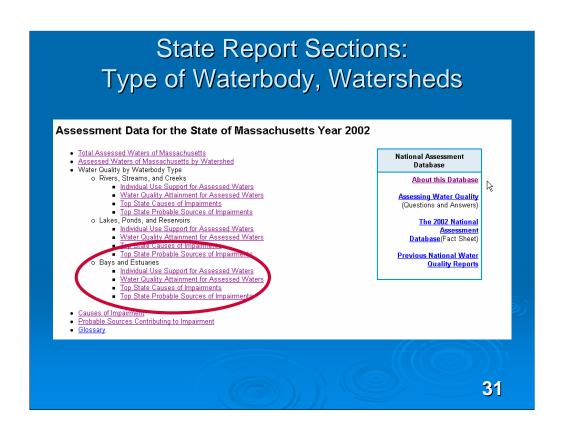
EnviroMapper for Water

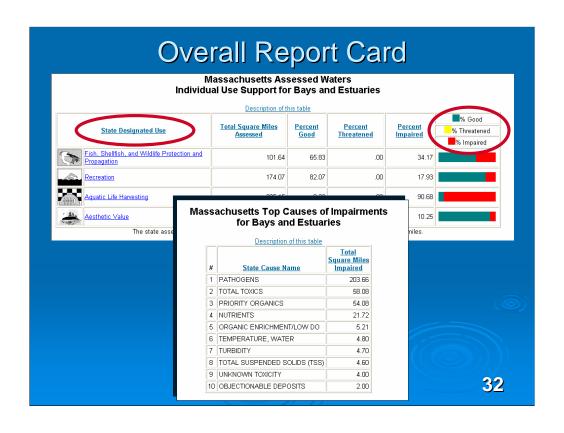
About this Database:

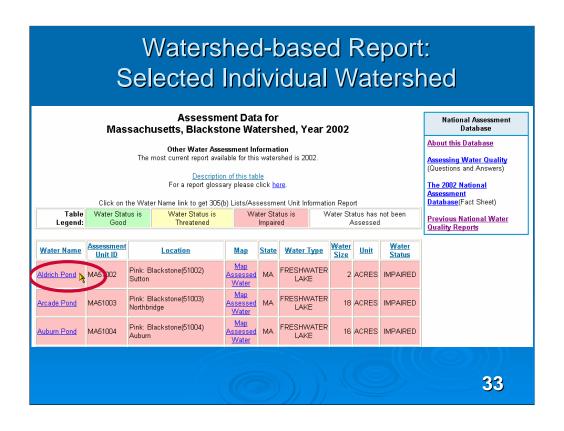
Explains terms like: "Impaired", "Threatened" Explains Report headings like:

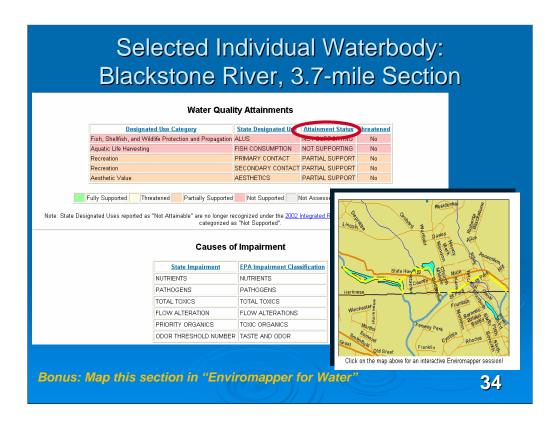
"Assessed Waters, Individual Use Support for Bays and Estuaries:"

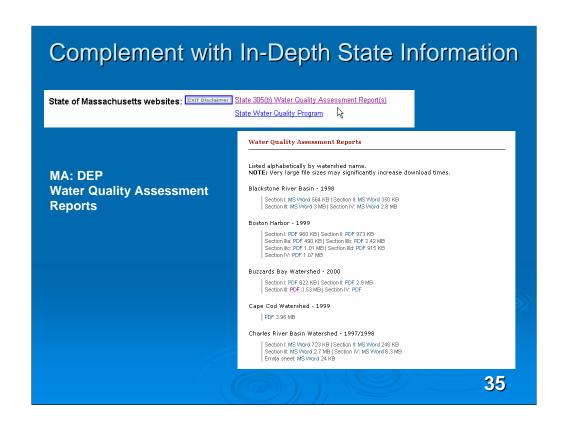


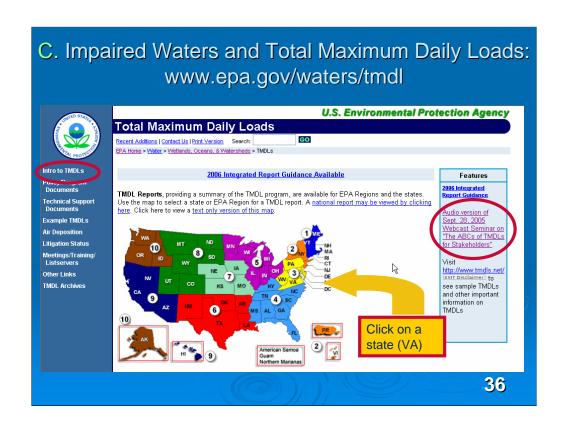


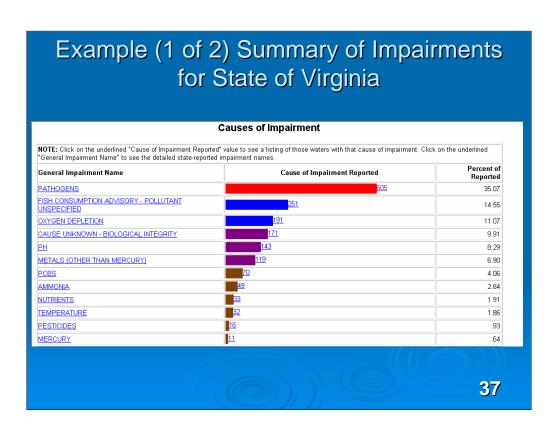








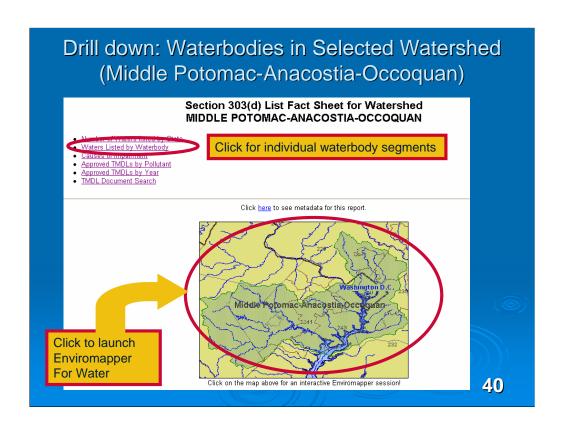




Drill Down: All Waterbodies Listed for Pathogen Impairments

Parent	itate = VA arent Impairment = PATHOGENS NOTE: Click on the underlined Waterbody Name for a detailed Listed Water Report. Click on the underlined "MAP 303(d)" literal for a map of the Listed Water.							
State	Waterbody Name	Map of Listed Water	State Basin Name	Location	Cyles Listed			
VA	AARONS CREEK	MAP 303(d)	ROANOKE		2004, 2002			
VA	ACCOKEEK CREEK	MAP 303(d)	POTOMAC		2004, 2002			
VA	ACCOTINK CREEK	MAP 303(d)	POTOMAC		2004, 2002			
VA	ADAIR RUN	No Spatial Data	NEW		2004			
VA	AIRFIELD POND (LOWER) UNNAMED TRIBUTARY	No Spatial Data	CHOWAN		2004			
VA	AIRFIELD POND (UPPER) UNNAMED TRIBUTARY	No Spatial Data	CHOWAN		2004			
VA	ALLEN CREEK	No Spatial Data	ROANOKE		2004, 2002			
VA	ALLEN CREEK, UT	No Spatial Data	ROANOKE		2004			
VA	ALMOND CREEK	No Spatial Data	LOWER JAMES		2004, 2002, 1998, 1996			
VA	ANGOLA CREEK	MAP 303(d)	APPOMATOX		2004, 2002			
VA	ANGOLA CREEK	MAP 303(d)	APPOMATOX		2004, 2002			
VA	APPOMATTOX RIVER	MAP 303(d)	APPOMATOX		2004, 2002, 1998, 1996, 1994			
VA	APPOMATTOX RIVER	MAP 303(d)	APPOMATOX		2004, 2002			
VA	APPOMATTOX RIVER	MAP 303(d)	APPOMATOX		2004, 2002, 1998			
VA	AQUIA CREEK	No Spatial Data	POTOMAC		2004			
VA	ASSAMOOSICK SWAMP - UNT	MAP 303(d)	CHOWAN		2004, 2002			
	ASSAMOOSICK SWAMP AND TRIBUTARIES, SEACORRIE SWAMP	No Spatial Data	CHOWAN		2004, 2002, 1998			
VA	ASSAWOMAN CREEK AND WOMANS BAY	No Spatial Data	OCEAN		2004, 2002			
VA	AUSTIN RUN	No Spatial Data	POTOMAC		2004			

Example (2 of 2) Summary of Impairments for State of Virginia						
	Waters Listed by Watershed					
Watershed Name	Number of Waters on List	Percent of Reported				
Hampton Roads	2 <u>5</u>	1.85				
Lower Chesapeake Bay	5	.37				
Lower Dan	<u>15</u>	1.11				
Lower James	68	5.03				
Lower Potomac	<u>56</u>	4.14				
Lower Rappahannock	<u>54</u>	3.99				
Lynnhaven-Poquoson	<u>29</u>	2.14				
Mattaponi	2	.67				
Maury	Z	.52				
<u>Meheriin</u>	11	.81				
Middle James-Buffalo	<u>24</u>	1.77				
Middle James-Willis	<u>15</u>	1.11				
Middle New	<u>14</u>	1.03				
Middle Potomac-Anacostia-Occoquan	23	1.70				
Middle Potomac-Catoctin	2	.67				
Middle Roanoke	<u>31</u>	2.29				
Middle Roanoke		39				



Individual Segment Selected from Virginia Watershed: (Lower Anacostia River)

Listed Water Information

CYCLE: 2004

Click here to see metadata for this report.

 Cycle:
 2004
 State:
 DC
 List ID:
 DC_01_DCANA00E_01

 Waterbody Name:
 LOWER ANACOSTIA RIVER

 State Basin Name:
 ANACOSTIA RIVER

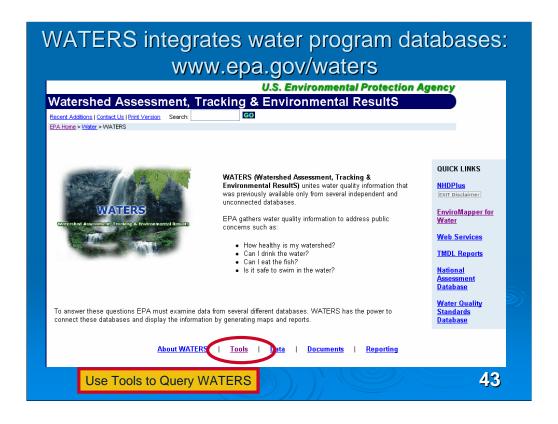
 Listed Water Map Link:
 MAP 303(d)

State Impairments:

State Impairment	Parent Impairment	Priority	Rank	Targeted Flag	Anticipated TMDL Submittal
BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE	OTHER TOXIC ORGANICS	HIGH			
CHRYSENE	OTHER TOXIC ORGANICS	HIGH			
DIOXIN	DIOXINS	HIGH			
MERCURY	MERCURY	HIGH			
SELENIUM	METALS (OTHER THAN MERCURY)	HIGH			
TOTAL RESIDUAL CHLORINE	CHLORINE	HIGH			

Additional Information: TMDL Studies on Selected Segment (Lower Anacostia River)

	Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) Information:							
	Note: Click on the underlined TMDL Document Name for a detailed TMDL Document Report.							
TMDL Document Name	Status	Actual TMDL Establishment Date	TMDL Pollutant Description	TMDL Pollutant Type	State Impairment			
LOWER ANACOSTIA RIVER	APPROVED/ESTABLISHED	DEC-14-2001	BOD	POINT/NONPOINT SOURCE	BOD			
LOWER ANACOSTIA RIVER	APPROVED/ESTABLISHED	AUG-28-2003	FECAL COLIFORM	POINT/NONPOINT SOURCE	FECAL COLIFORM			
LOWER ANACOSTIA RIVER	APPROVED/ESTABLISHED	AUG-29-2003	ARSENIC	POINT/NONPOINT SOURCE	METALS (OTHER THAN MERCURY)			
LOWER ANACOSTIA RIVER	APPROVED/ESTABLISHED	AUG-29-2003	COPPER	POINT/NONPOINT SOURCE	METALS (OTHER THAN MERCURY)			
LOWER ANACOSTIA RIVER	APPROVED/ESTABLISHED	AUG-29-2003	LEAD	POINT/NONPOINT SOURCE	METALS (OTHER THAN MERCURY)			
LOWER ANACOSTIA RIVER	APPROVED/ESTABLISHED	AUG-29-2003	ZINC	POINT/NONPOINT SOURCE	METALS (OTHER THAN MERCURY)			
LOWER ANACOSTIA RIVER	APPROVED/ESTABLISHED	OCT-31-2003	OIL AND GREASE	POINT/NONPOINT SOURCE	OIL AND GREASE			
LOWER ANACOSTIA RIVER	APPROVED/ESTABLISHED	AUG-29-2003	CHLORDANE	POINT/NONPOINT SOURCE	ORGANICS			



www.epa.gov/waters/tools

- -Generate Reports from Multiple Databases
- -Visualize Waterbody Information On a Map

WATERS Tools

EnviroMapper for Water EnviroMapper for Water is

o-based Geographic Information System (GIS) commapper for water S — broaded ecographic mornation System (GIS) application that dynamically displays information about bodies of water in the United States. This interactive tool allows you to create customized maps that portray the nation's surface waters along with a collection of environmental data. Find out about the health of a river near where you live.

WATERS Services - The WATERS services are database and web based services providing user application friendly interfaces to complex analyses. These services make extensive use of the NHD and indexed program data in the RAD, and also integrate other WATERS program data in selected services. Designed as modular units, the services are being developed within a common architecture and each service will be available as it is completed.

 Ask WATERS
 NSM DUCK PERSION 1.0 - Ask WATERS answers multi-program questions that draw on information from the databases linked through WATERS. This tool generates cross-program calculations, examines spatial relationships between programs, performs nationwide analyses, produces multi-program inventory reports for a given geographic area, and investigates interstate water quality issues

WATERS Expert Query Tool
WATERS Expert Query Tool is a web-based application that allows you to create
your own queries to display or extract data concerning impaired and assessed
waters and associated, approved Total Maximum Daily Loads.

WATERS Directory

What kind of <u>information</u> can I find out using WATERS?

Where can I <u>view</u> this information?

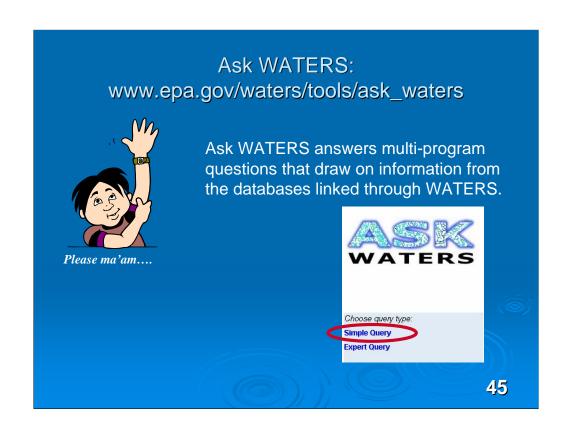
Where can I access the data?

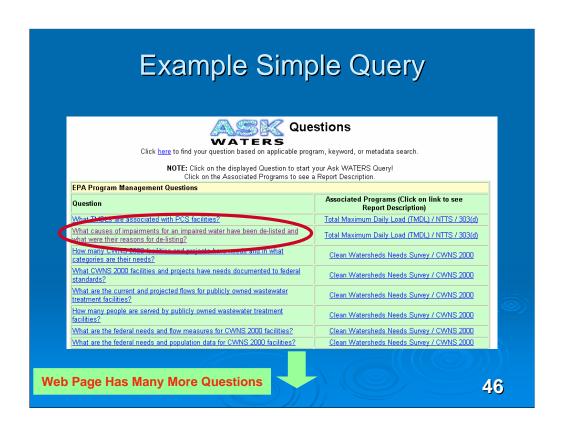
How does WATERS help EPA Office of Water meet its mission goals and needs?

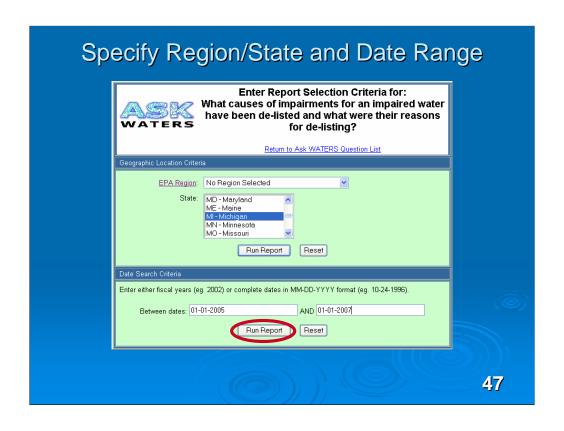
How does WATERS use **geography** to integrate OW program data?

What is the <u>design structure</u> of WATERS?

V







FISCAL YEAR	EPA DELISTED	FEGION	STATE	WATER BODY NAME	LIST ID	CAUSE DESCRIPTION	CYCL	DELISTED REASON
DELISTED 2006	DATE 05-JUN-06	5	MI	ALDER CREEK	MI082821K	NUISANCE PLANT GROWTHS	2004	Change in impairment terminology
2006	05-JUN-06	5	МІ	BASS RIVER	MI082801H	PATHOGENS	2004	TMDL Approved or established by EPA (4a)
2006	05-JUN-06	5	MI	BASS RIVER	MI082801H	MACROINVERTEBRATE COMMUNITY RATED POOR	2004	TMDL Approved or established by EPA (4a)
2006	05-JUN-06	5	MI	BASS RIVER	MI082801H	FISH AND MACROINVERTEBRATE COMMUNITIES RATED POOR	2004	TMDL Approved or established by EPA (4a)
2006	05-JUN-06	5	MI	BASS RIVER	MI082801H	FISH COMMUNITY RATED POOR	2004	TMDL Approved or established by EPA (4a)
2006	05-JUN-06	5	MI	BEAR CREEK (TYLER CREEK)	MI082811E	PATHOGENS	2004	TMDL Approved or established by EPA (4a)
2006	05-JUN-06	5	MI	BEAR LAKE	MI082701A	ALGAL BLOOMS	2004	Resegmented
2006	05-JUN-06	5	MI	BEAR LAKE	MI082701A	PHOSPHORUS	2004	Resegmented

www.epa.gov/waters/enviromapper

- -Integrate Waterbody Information Visually
- -Perform Queries Visually



EnviroMapper for Water



NEW! VERSION 3.0

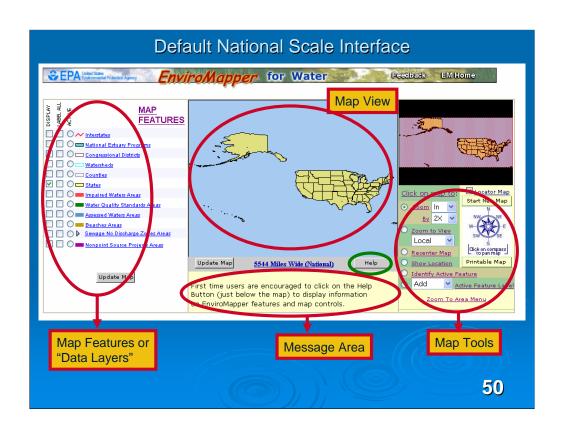
What's new in Version 3.0? Training Exercise Video Demo

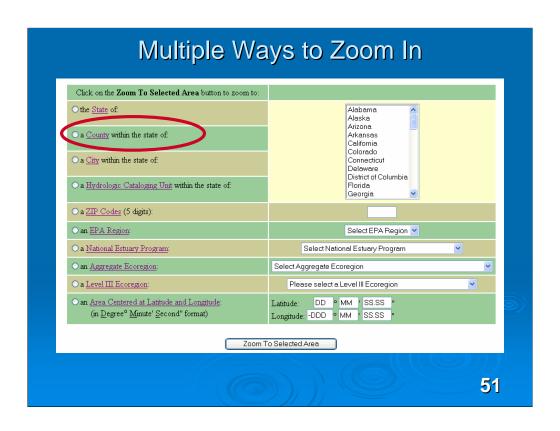
Welcome to EnviroMapper for Water! EnviroMapper for Water is a web-based Geographic Information System (GIS) application that dynamically displays information about bodies of water in the United States. This interactive tool allows you to create customized maps that portray the nation's surface waters along with a collection of environmental data. Click on the graphic to the left to generate maps using EnviroMapper for Water!

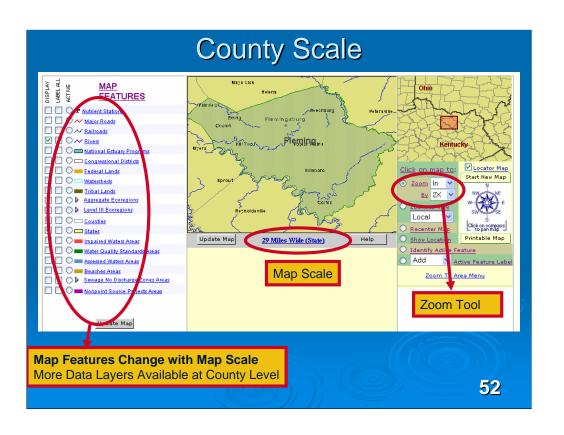
The application can be used to view environmental information from the national level down to community level (within one mile), and provides the ability to pan, zoom, label and print maps. You can also link to text reports after identifying a specific waterbody of interest. Have you always wondered about the health of a river near where you live? Now you can find out by creating a map using EnviroMapper for Water.

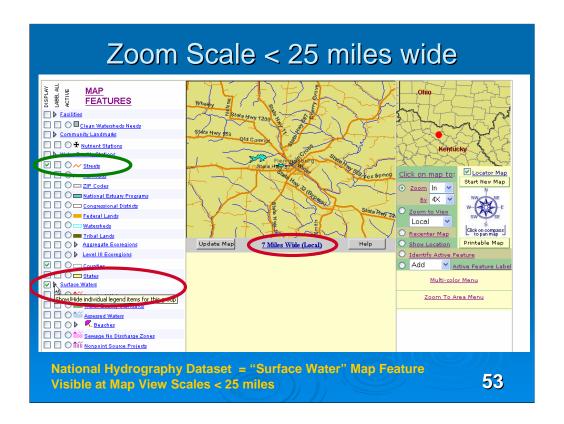
Check the status of data availability.

B

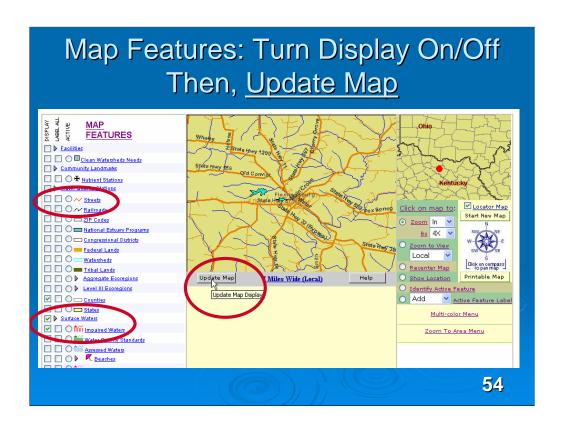


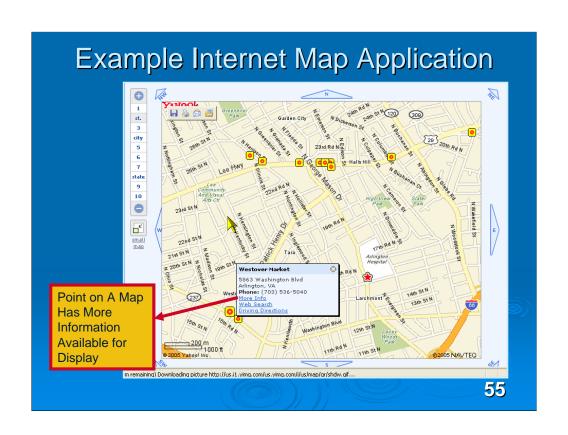


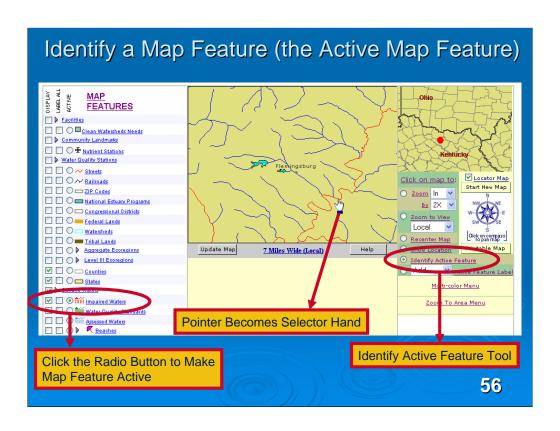


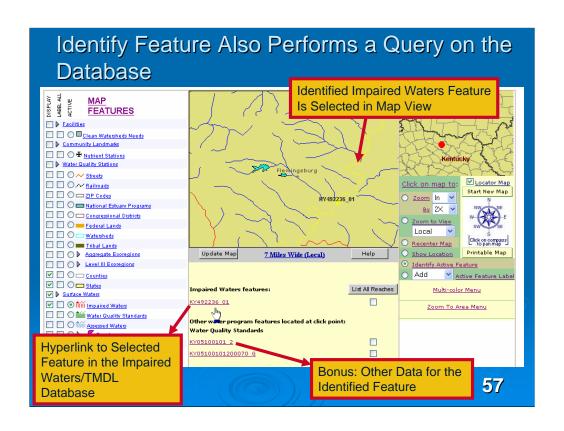


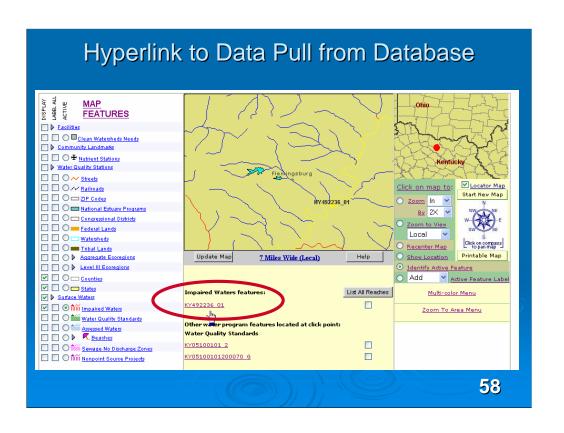
Please check with Tommy Dabolt: high-res NHD based on 1:24,000 scale USGS topos, View scale equivalent = 25 miles?

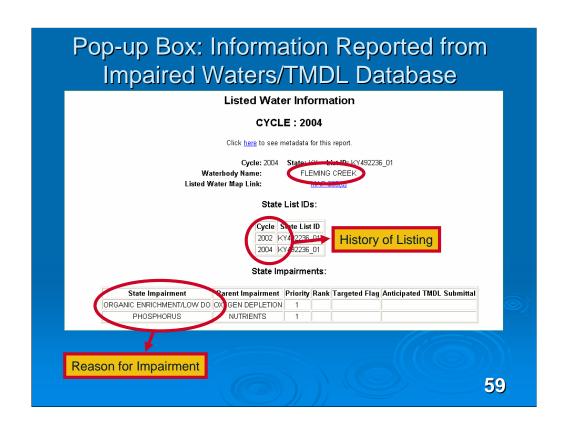


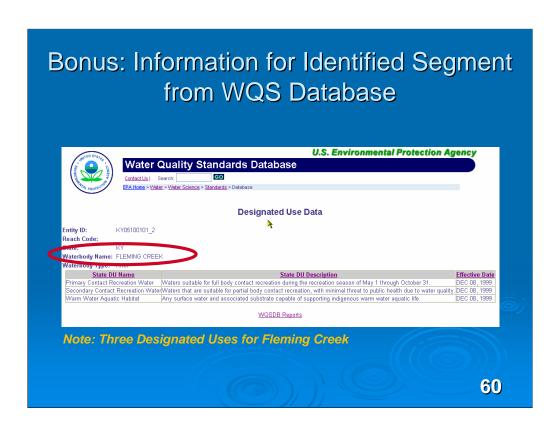


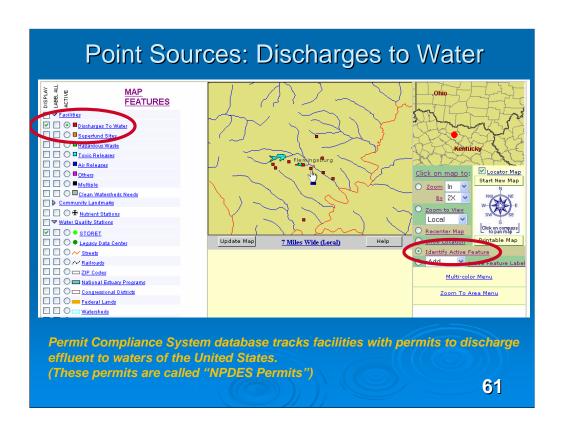


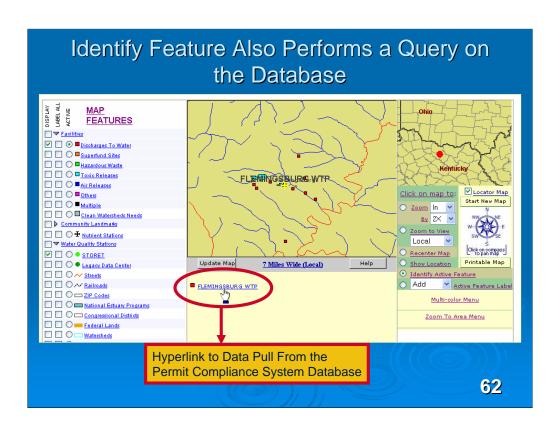


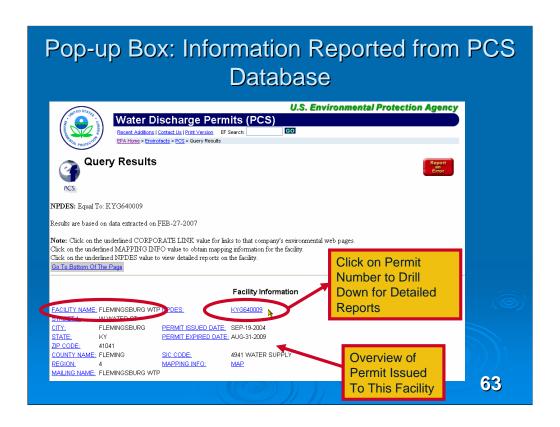


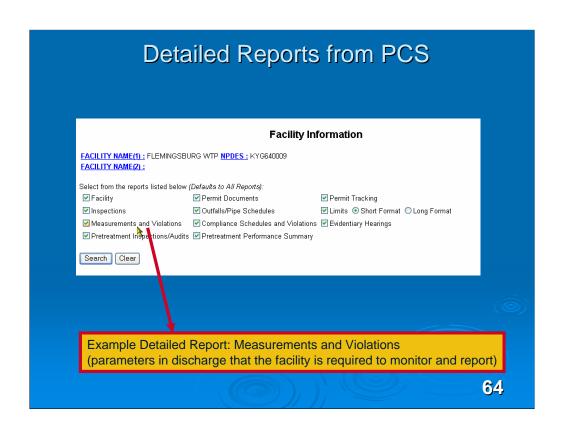


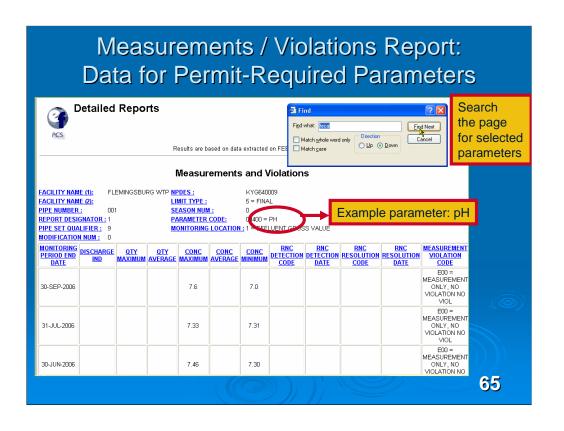










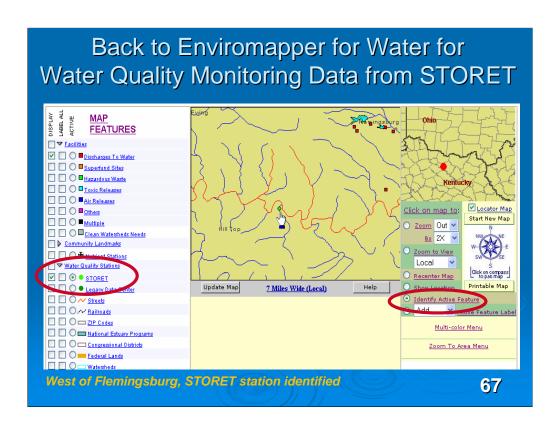


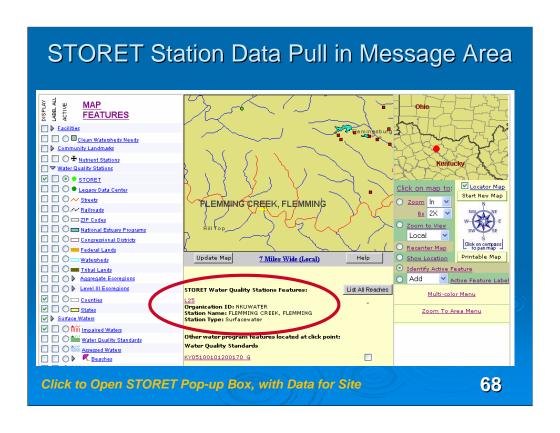


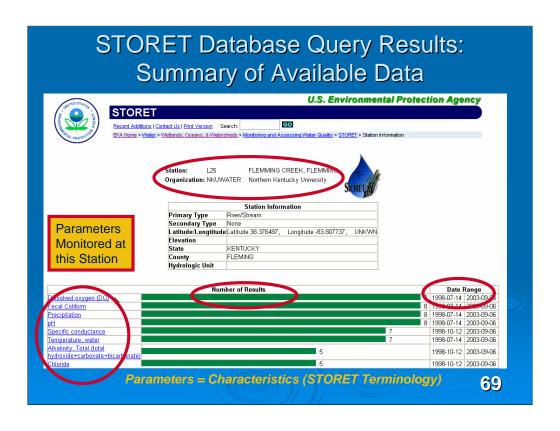


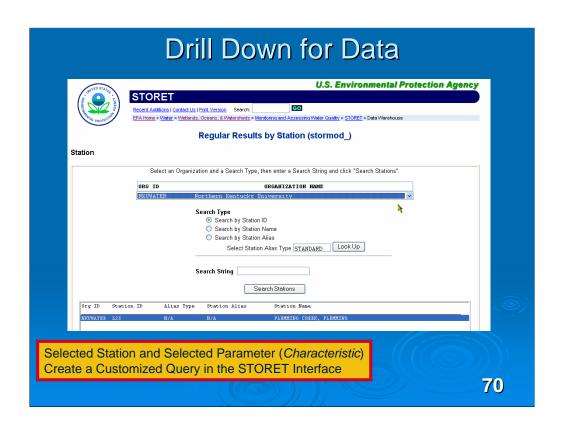
Online Participants: Submit questions online anytime.

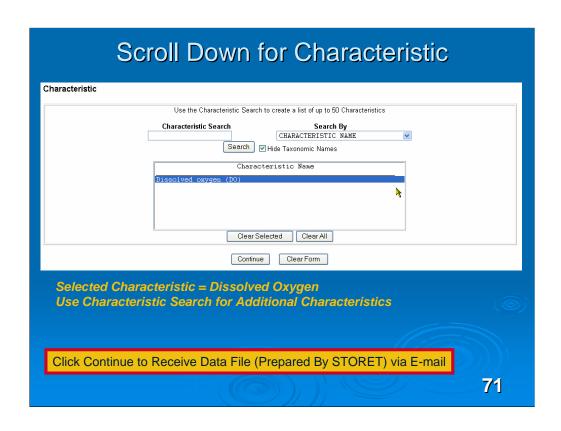
Phone Participants: Please state your name and where you are calling from before your question.

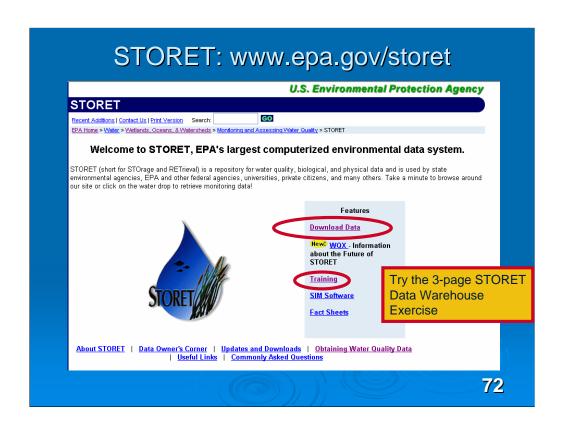


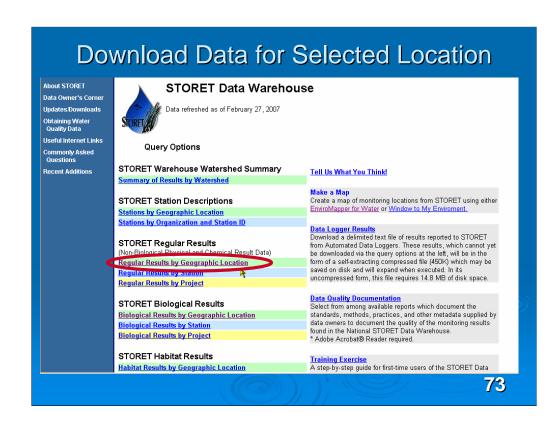


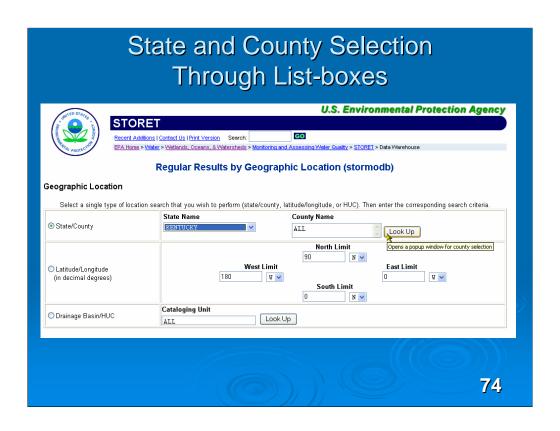


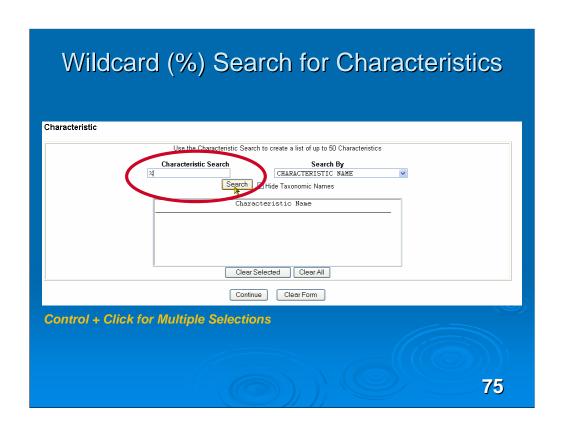


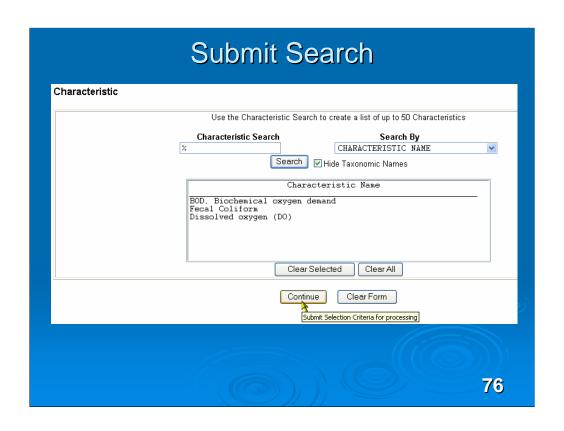


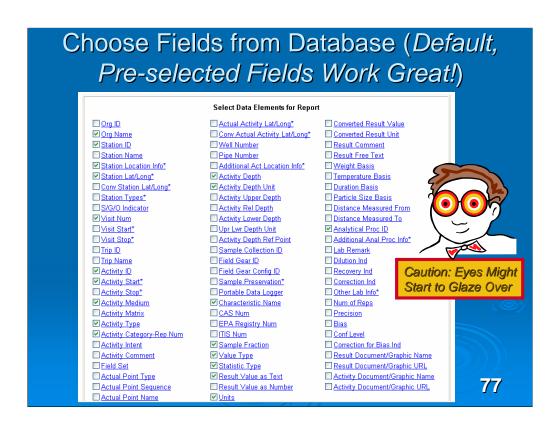


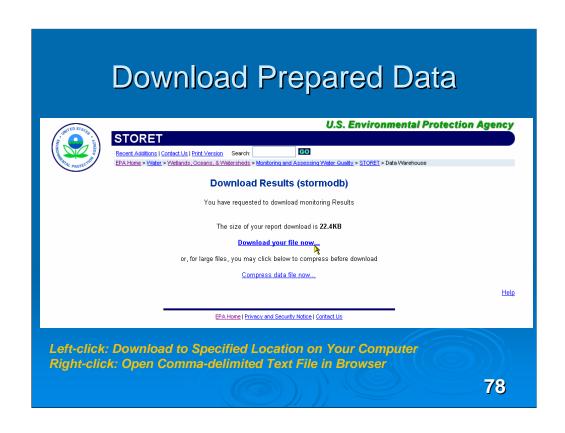


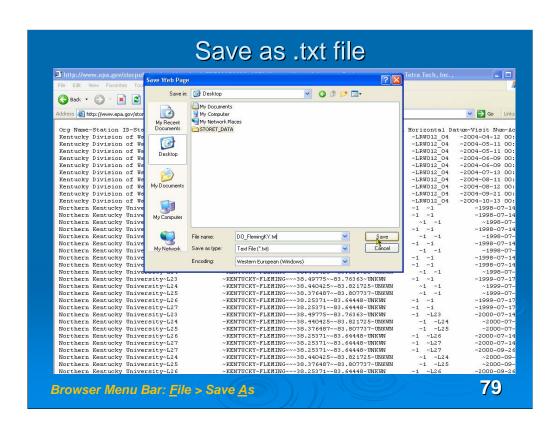


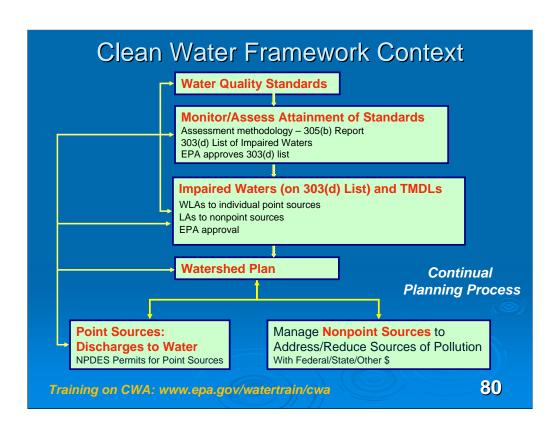






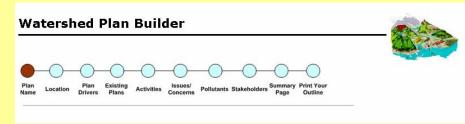






April Webcast: The Watershed Plan Builder

EPA's new interactive Web-based tool designed to promote the development of comprehensive watershed protection and restoration plans.





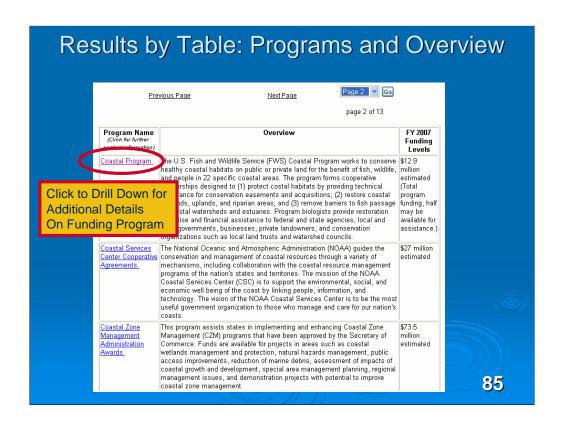
Registration opens: April 9, 2007

Watershed Planning Steps

- > Build Partnerships
- > Characterize the Watershed
- > Set Goals and Identify Solutions
- Design an Implementation Program
- > Implement the Program
- Measure Progress, Make Necessary Adjustments



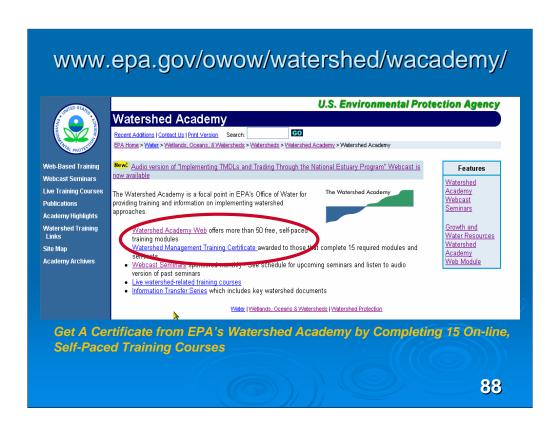


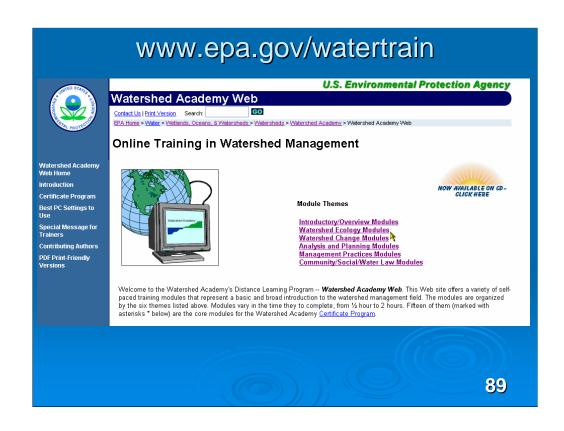


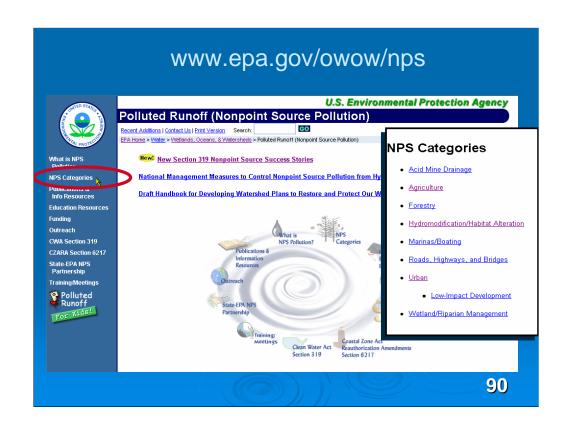
Details of Funding Program

Funding Program Name: Coastal Program	
Application Deadline	Contact your local Coastal Program office to find out if there are deadlines.
When Funds are Available	Check with the individual Coastal Program location
Average annual number of applicants	Not available
Typical percentage of applicants funded	Not available
ls a matched amount required?	
Match Amount	Match is encouraged.
Funding Level FY 2005	\$11.7 million
Funding Level FY 2006	\$13 million
Funding Level FY 2007	\$12.9 million estimated (Total program funding, half may be available for assistance.)
Typical lowest amount awarded	\$5,000
Typical highest amount awarded	\$50,000
Typical median amount awarded	\$15,000
Other details on funding	This program provides financial assistance in the form of cooperative agreements. The listed budget includes both administrative costs and project funding.
Primary Address	U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Branch of Habitat Restoration, Division of Fish and Wildlife Management and Habitat Restoration 4401 North Fairfax Drive, Room 400 Arlington, VA 22203
Primary Telephone	(703) 358-2201
Primary Email	Please contact by telephone or mail









www.epa.gov/owow/nps/urban.html

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Polluted Runoff (Nonpoint Source Pollution)

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EPA Home > Water > Wetlands, Oceans, & Watersheds > Polluted Runoff (Nonpoint Source Pollution) > NPS Categories > Urban

Urban

EPA Sites

National Management Measures to Control Nonpoint Source Pollution from Urban Areas

This year helps citizens and municipalities in urban areas protect badies of water from pointed runoff that can result from everyday activities. These scientifically sound techniques are the best practices known today. The guidance will also help states to implement their nonpoint source control programs and municipalities to implement their Phase II Storm Water Permit Programs.

Low-Impact Development (LID) page

EPA Smart Growth page

nelp create communities that promote the sustainability of America's environment, economy, and quality of life.

Watershed Based Wetlands and Water Resource Protection (PDF) (5MB, 30 pages)
 This powerpoint presentation contains a description of a modelling methodology which was used in New Castle County, DE to identify priority natural resource areas which need protection during the watershed build-out process. GIS tools and impervious surface cover overlays were used to identify wetlands, forested tracts, riparian buffers and open spaces areas that needed to be protected through zoning and plan review mechanisms in order to preserve or restore the subwatershed as the watershed. This methodology and presentation were developed by the University of Delaware, Water Resources Agency, Institute for Public

Example Link: Technical Guidance Document on Urban BMPs

National Management Measures to Control Nonpoint Source Pollution from Urban Areas

Publication Number EPA 841-B-05-004, November 2005

This guidance helps citizens and municipalities in urban areas protect bodies of water from polluted runoff that can result from everyday activities. These scientifically sound techniques are the best practices known today. The guidance will also help states to implement their nonpoint source control programs and municipalities to implement their Phase II Storm Water Permit Programs.

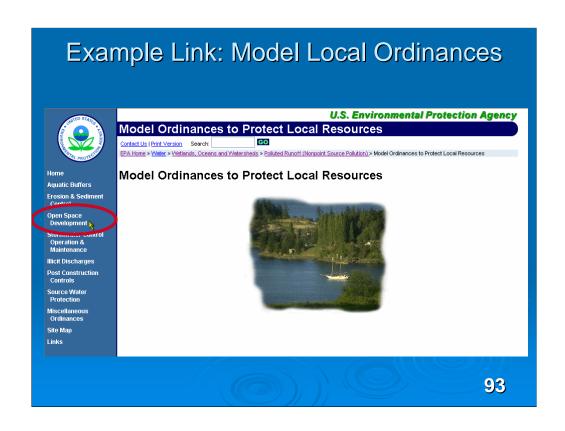
How can the Urban Management Measures Help Improve Water Quality in Your Watershed?

Background

- Why is EPA concerned about water quality in urban areas?
 What are the urban sources and pollutants of concern?
 What is EPA doing about urban nonpoint source pollution?
 How does this guidance relate to the NPDES Storm Water Permit Program?
 Does the information in this guidance represent regulatory requirements?

What YOU can do!

- What can I do about urban nonpoint source pollution?
 How do I know whether the guidance will be helpful to me?
- Where can I get a copy of the guidance?







Need More Info? Check Out Additional Resources We Welcome Your Comments. Please fill out the Feedback Form