

Preventing Brownfields by Digitizing & Scoring Your Inventory

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Region 5 Message

- Municipalities can take easy steps toward preventing Brownfields by being proactive.
- By helping companies in your community, it is possible to identify potential problems and intervene before sites develop into Brownfields.
- Prevention partners activities lead to project benefits.



Steps Local Governments can consider:

- Incorporate Brownfields Prevention into inspections;
- Incorporate Brownfields Prevention into your assessment of properties;
- Consider using ordinances;
- Work with your State agency; and
- Incorporate Brownfields Prevention in your Comprehensive Plan



Desired Results

- Local governments will be exposed to ideas that can be used to help manufactures and commercial enterprises leave a cleaner footprint on their cities, counties and villages.
- This can be accomplished by building on lessons learned from peers



Region 5 Challenge

Embrace this initiative
Add to the dialogue
Become a partner





Speakers

 John Hulewicz, Environmental Health Supervisor, Elkhart County Health Department

Ryan Eckdale-Dudley, GIS Coordinator, Symbiont



Managing your inventory for Brownfield Prevention

We have it in our power to begin the world over again

> --- Thomas Paine 1776 --- Ronald Reagan 1980



The Brownfield Prevention Initiative

John J. Hulewicz Environmental Health Supervisor Elkhart County Health Department



The Brownfield Prevention Initiative

Consider building a Brownfield prevention program by recycling. You can forge new tools from old ones

such as . . .





- Prompted by groundwater contamination events almost three decades ago, including NPL Superfund sites
- 5 years from input, writing, hearings, to authorization



April 1984	Formation of GW advisory committee
Summer 1985	Survey of local industries to ascertain potential problems
Summer 1986	Voluntary compliance follow-up
Spring 1987	Formation of GW technical/citizen review group
Summer 1987	Draft GWPO released
Winter 1987	Comments incorporated and redraft released
Fall 1988	Comments incorporated/final draft released
May 1, 1989	GWPO adopted into rule



The purpose is prevention:

- To help prevent groundwater contamination
- To measure, document and follow sites with chemical activity
- To reflect and comply with applicable state and federal codes



The Inspection Process

Scope:

- 1. Gives power of entry and routine inspection, to determine compliance with ordinance provisions, at facilities with
 - toxic / hazardous materials
 - onsite wastewater systems (septic or drywells)



The Inspection Process Scope, continued:

- 2. Proper storage of toxic/hazardous materials
- 3. Testing of wastewater systems
- 4. Reporting and cleanup of spills
- 5. Perform unofficial basic audits for compliance with RCRA, NPDES, and air permitting



The Inspection Process goes the extra mile with onsite prevention tips, training and education.

- The ordinance has evolved to include education as well as enforcement
- Industry is receptive to this nonthreatening approach and educational component



Chronology of DATA MANAGEMENT

- Incident and historic paperwork (1970s)
- + inspection reports (1989)
- + an R-based system (to create index)
- + state and fed actions at properties
- + MS Access for facilities and inspections (1998)
 - and at this point...



Our <u>DATA</u> <u>MANAGEMENT</u> was an oxymoron

- 5,100 sites in 44 file drawers
- filed by business name, not location
- so properties with several businesses over time = piecemeal property histories
- Iabor intensive queries only
- not all city/state/fed actions or testing
- no community-wide picture





Chronology of DATA MANAGEMENT continued

2006: a new County Comprehensive Plan called for better land use management:

- reduce urban sprawl by redeveloping Brownfield and other underutilized sites and existing infrastructure
- incentivize Brownfield reuse
- regard Brownfield inventory as a repository of economic development opportunities



Chronology of DATA MANAGEMENT continued

At the same time access to public records and information increased, demanding more time and attention prompting the need for drastic change

You cannot manage what you cannot measure John W. Thompson

We had yet to identify, let alone measure and manage, the Brownfields of Elkhart County



The Brownfield Prevention Initiative

Ryan Eckdale Dudley

GIS Coordinator and Computer Applications Designer



<In 2006, Elkhart County was awarded it's first 2 USEPA Community Wide Site Assessment Grants

<Elkhart is one of the top ten counties, highest percentage of manufacturing employment in the

<This opportunity provided Elkhart with the necessary funding to develop a comprehensive data management solution and build upon efforts to prevent Brownfields



In it's grant application the County proposed an unique approach to complete a County-Wide Inventory and Prioritization Task>

THE GOAL, was to utilize existing information including the Counties Groundwater Protection Information and External datasets as the foundation of the inventory database



In reality, the Groundwater Inspection Program had been developing an inventory and preventing potential Brownfields throughout the County for the past 18 years>

It's RECORDS CONTAINED property information for facilities involved with Hazardous Materials, which is a key factor in assessing Brownfields.

And among them, records of the most contaminated or neglected.

With over 5100 sites in the program, and nearly 30% transition to new ownership, each year, the Benefit to using these records to create an Brownfield inventory was realized.

Unlike many grantees, who may have to create an Inventory from scratch, Elkhart was fortunate and had a big head head start.



In order to effectively utilize the Groundwater Inspection Program Records as an basis for Inventory and Prioritization the county faced few challenges.

CHALLENGE 1

<As mentioned previously, over the last 18 years the County had accumulated over 44 file drawers of paper based records containing important historic information to each facility.

<Access to the records was cumbersome and labor intensive

<Records were cataloged by Facility Name only

<Retrieving records based on location was very difficult

Utilizing a Document Management System to manage historic and ongoing paperbased information was an key component to creating an comprehensive Inventory

<u>A Document Management System computer system</u> used to track and store <u>electronic documents</u> and/or <u>images</u> of paper documents

<A Document Mangment System Provided quick, easy access to all inspection records using a computer.

<The health Department selected Laserfiche as an Enterprise Level Document Management Solution Experience based on experience and availability in other departments and the cost savings of upgrading verses an purchasing a complete new system

<We also determined that utilizing an web-based module would allow more flexibility for access to documents and integration with other proposed applications developments



Chronology of <u>DATA</u> <u>MANAGEMENT</u>

WHAT WE DID... AND WOULD RECOMMEND

4. Incorporate other environmental datasets and information portals

- EPA, State, other gov. databases (like code violations)
- ESAs done by others
- Encourage cities and towns to view as THEIR inventory

5.Dedicate a server with enough on board RAM and storage (we chose 1.4 terabytes)

6.Procedure/policies for ongoing integration and access to data

Elkhart County Indiana

Challenge 4

MANY external (location based) environmental data resources were available to the county thru various organizations.

Such as EPA Facilities, State UST databases, and other governmental databases/GIS layers

< Our goal was to include those datasets into e-Atlas for "one point"

access.

<In addition, Elkhart has been promoting to other entities in the county (such as the City of Elkhart, and Goshen, both grant recipients) to provide them with completed ESA's to be accessible thru e-Atlas

<Also, to encourage these entities to view as their inventory

Challenge 5

These types of applications require lots of processing and storage

<Recommend evaluating existing Hardware, prior to developing this type of application

<Elkhart decided to purchase a new server to run e-Atlas.

Challenge 6



The intent of e-Atlas

- 1. Make it scalable, flexible, integrated, accessible and become a centralized resource for data management and information retrieval
- 2. Perform a variety of queries
 - Keywords, Attributes
 - Spatially
 - Able to rank/prioritize inventory sites county-wide
 - Utilization Factors
 - Environmental Status



Elkhart County Indiana

<Keywords, Attributes



I am going to demostrate by showing some screen shots, but first I would like to discuss some potential future enhancements

<Incorporate Sanborn Map Data <Integrate with Tax Information

Tax Delinquent or Not

<Include Spill information that is not directly associated with industrial facilities that might impact the assessement of a site (such as transportation, farming) <Include additional planning and zoning overlays



Currently the County is evaluating Enterprise Paperless Inspection applications, which would allow Inspectors to maintain the dataset without adding additional documents to the Document Management System.



Create external users,

currently the system is only available at the county but was designed to be deployed over the internet.

The county has discussed options for generating additional revenue to defray the ongoing costs associated with Maintenance.



<Utilize as basis for other projects

<Recently Elkhart County was awarded an grant from The Center of Disease Control where they proposed to develop an GIS-Based website to educate users about public impacts from Brownfields. It's being call "WIMBY", or what's in my backyard.



I would like to take this opportunity to demonstrate the look ,feel, and functionality of e-Atlas by viewing series of screen captures...

< As you can see e-Atlas offers a map based interface for interacting and viewing the available data.

<Shown above, are the 5100 Groundwater Protection Sites located in Elkhart County

	e Atlas was designed to provide a dyna brownfield sites throughout Elkhart County, prioritizing sites for environmental assessme for ongoing management and analysis of throughout the entire	mic inventory of p as well as to provi ent, and to provide f environmental cc	otential de a tool for a platform
	Provides users with easy access to site information using a variety of mapping interface tools		on site history and scoring for every facility in the County
	e-Atlas Ether Courry Indian Dot Urer Dot Of O D O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	064219 064219 064219 004927,95 004927,95 017 144,0008,3004 1440008,3004 144008,3147 144	Back Street Back Street George Jackson 191 101 101 102 191 103 102 104 102 105 102 105 102 106 102 107 102 108 102 109 102 100 102 <
28		Elki	nart County Indiana

Map Layers change based on your extent..

<Mapping tools provide easy access to site information, with the ability to interact with the map in many ways

<After querying for or selecting sites via a variety of map tools, USERs of the system have access to site history and scoring information

	Available Tools Extensive Querying Capabilities Sites can be queried via the map or by their attributes					
	Pacifity Name Street Address Ranking Location Buffered Distance					
29 29	User Defined Queries Ward MAT Hollocecorr Ward MAT Hollocecorr Ward MAT Hollocecorr Ward MAT Hollocecorr Hollocecorr					

Sites can be queried via the map or by their attributes such as (Facilty Name, Street Address, Ranking, Custom)

Illustrated above is a query which allows users to select sites based on the Buffer Distance



e-Atlas has the ability to perform user defined queries.

In this example... sites are being selected based on current utilization and an assigned overall

environmental risk score



<After selecting a site, users have access to all of Elkhart County's Groundwater Protection Program scanned records using a linked DMS.

<e-Atlas currently maintains over 180,000 pages of historic site information and new records are being created and updated daily</p>



During scanning hard copy documents were digitized using Optical Character Recognition which coverts scanned images into searchable text

This enables users with quick access to those occurrences in the document

	Available Tools External Data Connections								
	e Atlas datasets can be linked to external online datasets EPA's Facility GIS dataset (IDEM) Online Virtual File Cabinet								
	EF Overview Queries, Maps, & Reports	Output de la contraction	Primary Name LABOUR PUMP CO Program: Apply Filter	Location Address 1607 STERLING	City G AVE ELK Type:	HART			
	Data Update Contact Us Customer Satisfaction	To improve public health and the environment, the EPA collects in subject to environmental ingulation. This summary lasts the envir the selected geographic Khoren. Where available, this informatio enport via the "Lunch Report" built. When veryes these report please click on the "Report an Error" builton to notify the EPA of DYLAND RESERVENT DURING ARE. L'DIS STRELING ARE.	Document # view 22109093 view 27460148 view 22109081 view 22109096	Document Date- 05/05/1986 11/29/1994 10/08/1991 09/20/1991	Program UST HW Site UST UST	Docur Notif OLQ UST UST			
33		EUGHART, IN 18039	4 documents	Elkhart C	ounty Ir	ndiana			

e-Atlas datasets can be linked to external online datasets

EPA's facility GIS dataset IDEM-Online Virtual File Cabinet



For More Info

GWPO-Elkhart County

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e-Atlas 🏐 sүмвіонт

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On this slide, we have added the URL to an short movie that we use to demonstrate e-Atlas

Also,

The URL for downloading the Groundwater Protection Ordinance