# **GREENER CLEANUPS**

ESTIMATING ENVIRONMENTAL FOOTPRINTS USING SEFA

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	Agenda		SEFA
1)	<b>Overview</b> Carlos Pachon	10 min	Spreadsheets for Environmenta
2)	Basics of SEFA Karen Scheuermann	30 min	Footprint Analysis
3)	<b>Q/A on Basics</b> Carlos Pachon	10 min	
4)	Demonstrate Key Features in SEFA Karen Scheuermann	30 min	
5)	<b>Q/A on Key Features</b> Carlos Pachon	10 min	
6)	<b>Open Forum / Advanced Features</b> Karen Scheuermann / Carlos Pachon	15 min	
7)	<b>Wrap-up</b> Carlos Pachon	10 min	







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#### $\rightarrow$ Simplified and consolidated data entry

- \* all site and remedy data entry is consolidated in one workbook
- \* drop-down menus expanded for ease of selecting inputs

#### $\rightarrow$ Increased flexibility for user-specific inputs

- \* user overrides added for fuel usage rates
- \* capacity increased for user-defined footprint conversion factors

#### $\rightarrow$ Graphical outputs in chart format

- \* bar charts and pie charts for results in energy usage and air emissions
- \* automatically populated

#### $\rightarrow$ Notes and instructions for all key features

- \* notes and instructions expanded and placed on new tabs in the excel workbooks
- \* abbreviated reminders and notes remain in the data entry tabs

#### ightarrow Calculator for groundwater well construction

Terminology and labels have also been updated for clarity and consistency.



 $\rightarrow$  To move from the larger footprint (before) to the smaller footprint (after), you will likely go through the following steps:

- \* Identify Areas for Reduction
- \* Apply BMPs
- \* Achieve Footprint Reduction

 $\rightarrow$ If you choose to do a footprint analysis, it would be most beneficial before you identify areas for reduction.

 $\rightarrow$  EPA's Footprint Methodology and SEFA can help you with the footprint analysis.



These seven steps are described in detail in EPA's Footprint Methodology.

 $\rightarrow$ Step 1. The project manager should establish the goals and scope of the footprint analysis to ensure that the questions of interest for the site and remedy are addressed. This is an important step, because the design of the footprint analysis will depend on the goals and scope. SEFA does not help with Step 1.

 $\rightarrow$  Step 2. The project manager (or contractors or in-house experts conducting the footprint analysis) will gather the data required for the analysis. SEFA does not help with Step 2.

 $\rightarrow$  Steps 3, 4, and 5. These are the "number crunching" steps of the Footprint Methodology. SEFA is designed to assist with Steps 3, 4, and 5.

 $\rightarrow$  Step 6. The project manager should prepare a qualitative description of affected ecosystem services. SEFA does not help with Step 6

 $\rightarrow$  Step 7. SEFA provides the numerical results of the analysis, but in Step 7 it will be up to the project manager to present and interpret the results.





- → This is a screen shot of the tab in the Main Workbook where the user sets up the basic structure of the footprint analysis.
- → There is also space at the bottom of the worksheet for adding a narrative description of the Site and Remedy.



 $\rightarrow$  The way in which you set up the Remedy Components will depend on the goals and scope of the footprint analysis.

 $\rightarrow$  For example:

\* **Different stages of the remedy.** You may have questions about how the footprints for the various stages of the remedy differ from one another (illustrated here for a dig & haul remedy).

\* *Alternative remedy designs.* You may want to compare permutations of the same basic remedy (illustrated here for a pump & treat remedy).

\* **Specific remedy activities.** You may want to consolidate all similar activities into key groups such (illustrated here for fuel usage, waste management, etc.)

\* **Separate years in the remedy.** You may want to track the footprint for each year of the remedy (illustrated here for a bioremediation remedy).

 $\rightarrow$ The user should establish the goals and scope of the footprint analysis in advance, and then set up the Remedy Components to reflect the goals and scope.



 $\rightarrow$ This is a screen shot of the main data entry tab in the Input Workbook where the user enters specific information about the remedy.



 $\rightarrow$  The number of tabs you make and what activities you use them for will depend on the goals and scope of the footprint analysis.



 $\rightarrow$  This illustrates the conceptual approach to organizing the Remedy Components and the data entry tabs.

 $\rightarrow$ SEFA is set up with default names for the Remedy Components (Main Workbook), and a single Input Template tab (Input Workbook).

 $\rightarrow$ In this schematic representation:

- \* Four of the Remedy Components have been named by the user.
- \* Data entry tabs have been made for nine separate activities.
- \* Each of the activities is associated with the one of the Remedy Components.

 $\rightarrow$  This allows flexibility for the user to subdivide the Remedy Components, if that is useful for the goals of the footprint analysis.



 $\rightarrow$  Reminder: this is data entry worksheet where the majority of the remedy information is entered.





INPUT WORKBOOK	User enters specific information about the remedy
Image: Section of the section of t	Input plate Tab se 3 Tab
Space for Notes, References, Supporting Calculations	Results of the data entry tabs are compiled in the Input Summary tab.
General Input Instructions Detailed Notes and Explorations Input Summary In calcular: 🖀 Parch 2 of M	put Template Crid Electricity User Defined Factors Well Material Calculator



 $\rightarrow$ This is a screen shot of the Input Summary tab in the Input Workbook.

 $\rightarrow$  A maximum of 14 data entry tabs can be compiled at one time on this tab.

CALCULATIONS WORK	воок	Make footprint calculations
Grøener Cleanup:: EPA Spreadsheets for Enviro		ubytis August 2011 - Oreon Hills Dog & Raul All Components Off Site Footprint (Scope 3b)
Category	Unite Usage	Energy GHG NOX SOA PPM HAPS
Construction Materials Counted Granute Gravult and stay HBPs Prostructular system (installed) Prot	dry-flos 0   lbs 0   lbs 20000   W 0   lbs 0	0 actil <t< td=""></t<>
Stainless steel Steel Other warefined construction materials Other warefined your proving the steel Material States S	lbs 0 lbs 0 lbs 0 lbs 0	Unite Input Workbook    200041 COMADY and applies   COMADY 0 COMADY   COMADY 0 COMADY
Trans Energy, Water, Chere was Waste, and Endeds Waste, and Vigi Off-site Support Other training draws is drawnad. Note: Activities	Üsage	V 2n pages of 0 600027 factors.
Zuel Processing	ut the use	Vo data entry by the user in this Workbook may access the intermediate results from the worksheets
Gesohne produced Natural gas produced Eucl Processing Subort Notes:	gal 300.2 ccf 0 galx 100 4200	0011 0.742 44 13335 0.098 24016 C157 2-385   30071 0 2 0 0.917 0 0.904 0   3073 0 2 0 0.914 0 0.904 0   378.8186 55647.85 1351.2715 2571.1961 Results are sent   30872 2644 r 2100 0.947 4014 0.9076 24.31

 $\rightarrow$ This is a screen shot of one of the tabs in the Calculations Workbook which receives the results of the Input Workbook. This is where the footprint calculations are made.

 $\rightarrow$  There is a calculations tab for each Remedy Component, and for all Remedy Components combined.

 $\rightarrow$ The footprint conversion factors in this table are based on information from public sources and references are included in the SEFA workbooks.

 $\rightarrow$  The intermediate results in the Calculations Workbook are useful for understanding nuances of the footprint.

 $\rightarrow$  The metrics on this worksheet are calculated and compiled as suggested in the Footprint Methodology.

Environmental Footprint Summary								
Core Element	Metric	Unit of Measure	Site Investigation	Excavation	Foot Soil Sent Off- Site	Backfill	Long-term Monitoring	Tota
	Refined materials used on site	Tons	0	160	0	0	0	160
	% of refined materials from remained or reused material	%		096				0%
Materials &	Unrefined materials used V od LEIIdIS	Tons	0	0	0	7,000	0	7,00
Waste	On-site hazardous waste disposed of off-site	Tons	10	0	3,512	0	0	3.32
		Tons	0	500	7,200	0	0	8,00
	Cresile run-hazer daus waste Waste	17		10112	01/	_		1.52/
	Public water use	MIG	U	2.5	0	1.7	0	4.2
	Groundwater use	MG	0	0	0	0	0	0
Water	Surface water use	MG	0	0	0	0	0	0
(used	Reclamed water use Water	MG	0	0	0	0	-	0
on-site)	Storm water use	MG	0					0
	Other water resource #1	MG	0		his table	compi	les the	0
	(there makes each average #)		4					
	Total energy used (cn-site and off-bite)	MMBIU	307	re	sults as	recomr	nended	DJA
	Energy voluntarily derived from renewable resources				in EPA'	s Footn	rint	
	On-site renewable energy generation or use + on-site biodiesel use + biodiesel and other renewable rasquirce	MMBtu	0			-		0
Energy	use for transportation Energy				Meth	odolog	IV.	
	Tommary Inchase or renewable electricity	MWh	0			-		0
	Voluntary purchase of RECs	MWh	0		0	v		0
			$\Theta$			-		
	Cn-site NOA, SOA, and PM emissions Cn-site HAP emissions	Pounds	117	603	0	401	1	1,12
	On-site HAP emissions Total NOx, SOx, and PM emissions	Pounds	0	0	0	0	0	21.18
		Pounds	738	7,656	4,728	951	305	9.48
Air	Total NOx emission	S Pounds	237	3,104	4,778	216	108	5,45
	Total PM emissions	Pounds	32	1.031	4,701	65	125	5.89
	Total IIAP emissions	Pounds	8	89	41	1	4	144
	total field greenhouse gas emissions	Tens CO2e*		681	328	77	17	1.14

- → This is a screen shot of the Summary Table in the Main Workbook, where the results of the footprint analysis are presented.
- → The metrics on this worksheet are presented as suggested in the Footprint Methodology, for the core elements of Materials, Waste, Water, Energy, and Air Emissions.



 $\rightarrow$ This is an example of a chart that is generated in the Main Workbook.

 $\rightarrow$  This type of chart is useful for identifying which Remedy Components have the largest footprints.



 $\rightarrow$ This is an example of a chart that the user can make with relative ease from the intermediate results in the Calculations Workbook.

 $\rightarrow$ This chart is <u>not</u> provided automatically by the SEFA workbooks.



→ The SEFA workbooks are designed to allow the user to assess alternative scenarios or BMPs fairly easily.





























→ This slide reserved for use if needed to demonstrate the application of footprint conversion factors.