Fiscally Conscious DNAPL Remediation - Legacy Liability to Managed Closure

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Site Background

- Former chemical plant in Western KY
- Multiple solvents:
 - Methylisolbutyl carbinol (MIBC)
 - Tetrachloroethene (PCE)
 - Hydrogen Peroxide
 - Acetone
 - Ethanol
 - Diesel Fuel



Remedial Objectives

- 1. Refine the existing CSM: accurately quantify total contaminant mass in soil and groundwater
- 2. Implement a multi-year remedial plan
- 3. Significant reductions = managed closure
- 4. Stop CVOCs from migrating onto off-site residential properties



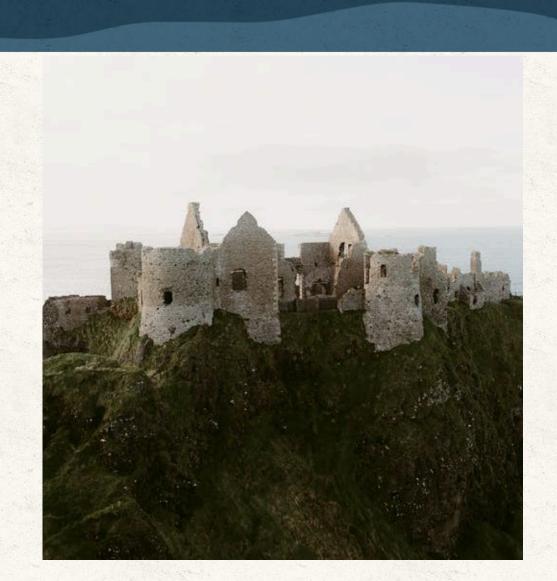
Phased Remedial Approach

- Remedial Design Characterization: Data Gap Elimination (2011, 2012, & 2020), Soil Gas Survey (2012)
- Phase 1a: Off-Site BOS 100® Permeable Reactive Barrier (2013 and 2014)
- Phase 1b: Off-Site Shallow Soil Blending with ISCO (2013)
- Phase 2: CAT 100 Field Scale Pilot Study in Source (2016)
- Phase 3: CAT 100 PRB Extension (2018)
- Phase 4: CAT 100 1st Source Treatment Cell (2019)
- Phase 5: CAT 100 2nd Source Treatment Cell (2020)
- Phase 6: CAT 100 3rd Source Treatment Cells (2021)
- Optional Phase Future Consideration: Shallow Unsaturated Soil Blending with ISCO in Source

^{**}Original Projected Phases**

Historical CSM

- Multiple releases
- Subsurface investigation began in 1991, CVOCs present
- PCE highest concentration and most widespread
- Combination of ex-situ and in-situ remediation methods selected



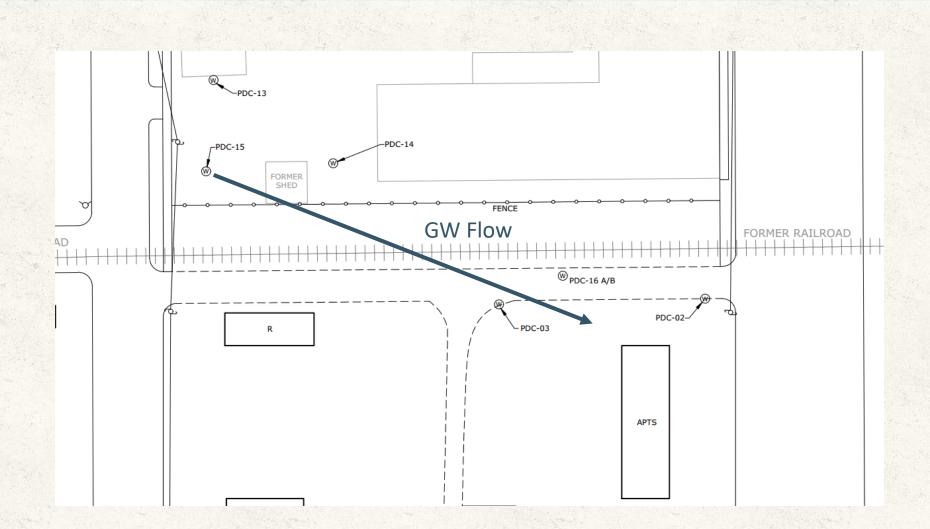
Historical CSM (cont.)

Source

- PCE 23,000 μg/L
- TCE 40,000 μg/L
- cis-DCE 258,000 μg/L
- VC 19,600 μg/L

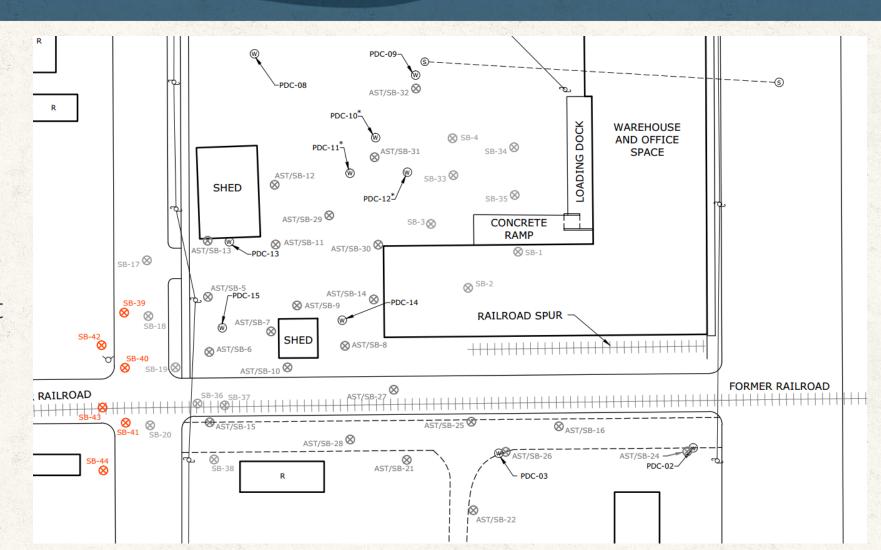
Distal Downgradient

- PCE 34,500 μg/L
- TCE 7,300 μg/L
- cis-DCE 3,630 μg/L



Initial Phase(s) 2011 thru 2013: Remedial Design Characterization (RDC)

- Forty-four (44) soil borings
- Nested wells at each soil boring location
 - Shallow and deep groundwater assessment
- Full monitoring network sampling



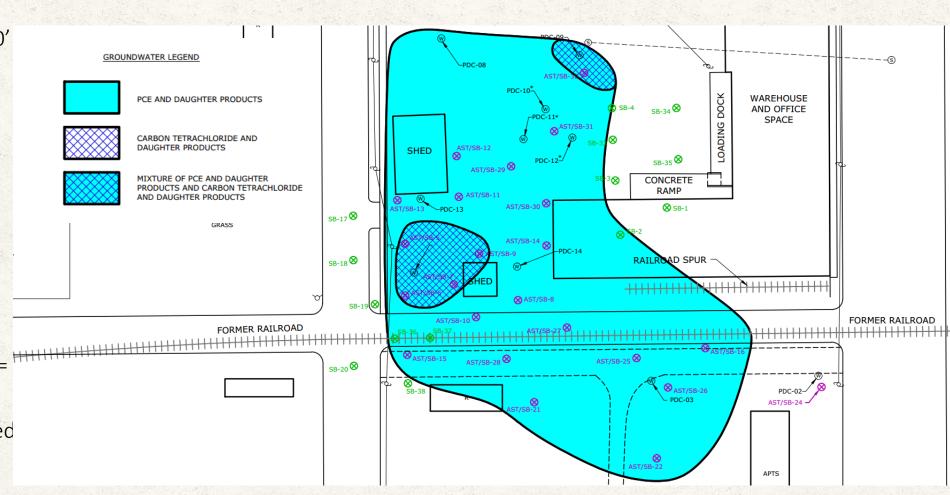
RDC Findings

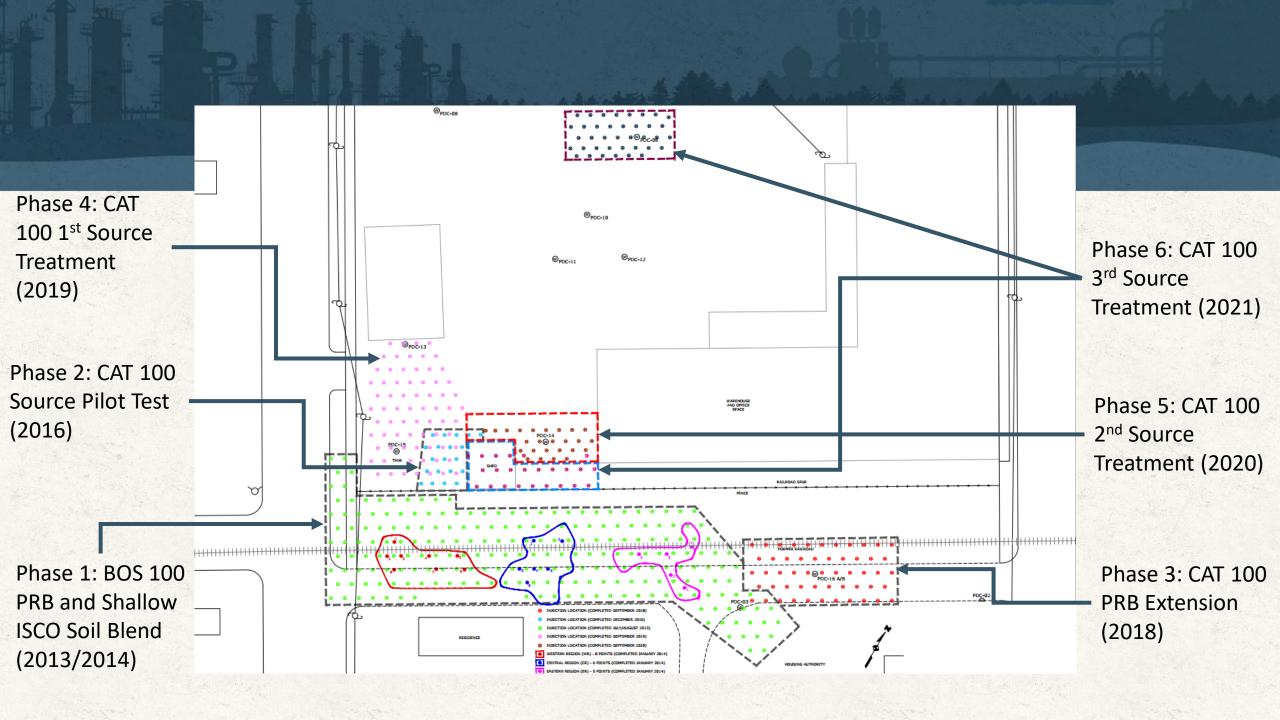
SoSource/Saturated Soils (~20-40'

- \$2 210,000 µg/L
- TCP95,2,000,g/lg/kg
- · cist@EE470mg/Rgug/L
- VC 71,000 μg/L
 cis-DCE 52 mg/kg
 CT 5400 μg/L
 CT 42 mg/kg
 MIBK 1,980,000 μg/L
- - MC 120 mg/kg

DissolMeBKP220emg/kg

- Geblogy: 0-46/bgs low-
- perneablitg/silts and clays, k =
- · 1×10-7 E. m. 480 µg/L
- 4/0′-3126 ordy sorted fine-grained
- samok artesian groundwater





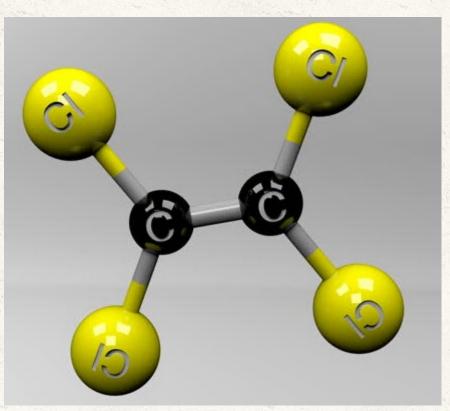
Phase 1 Selected Technologies

BOS 100®

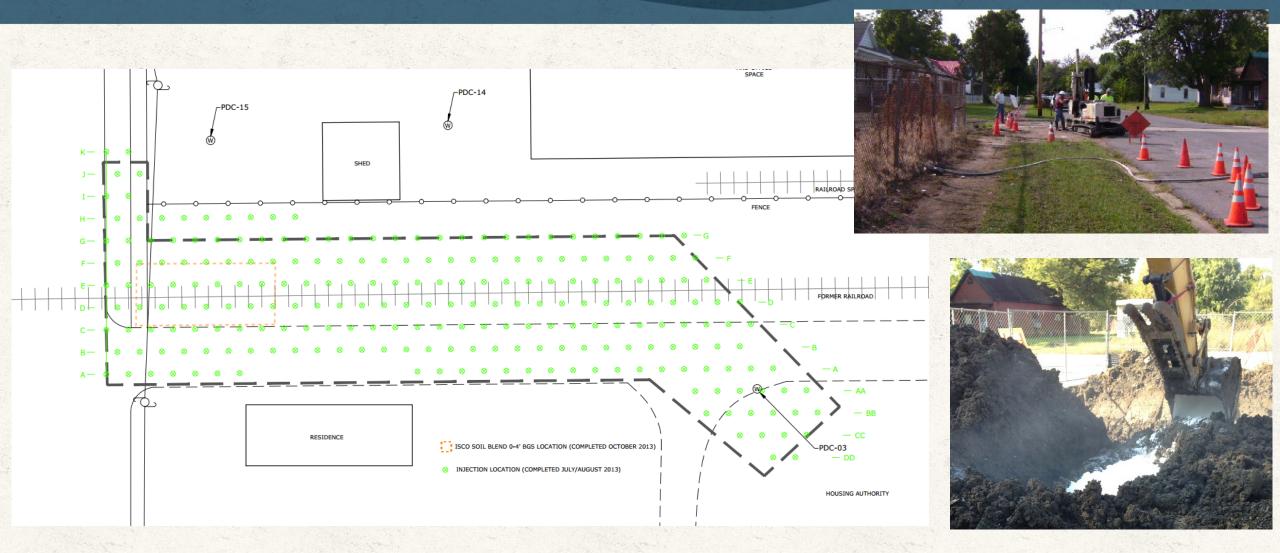
- Granular activated carbon impregnated with metallic iron
- Abiotic ß-Pathway Elimination
- Treatment of chlorinated solvents

Soil Blending

Activated Persulfate



Phase 1: Off-Site PRB BOS 100® and Unsaturated Soil Blending (ISCO)

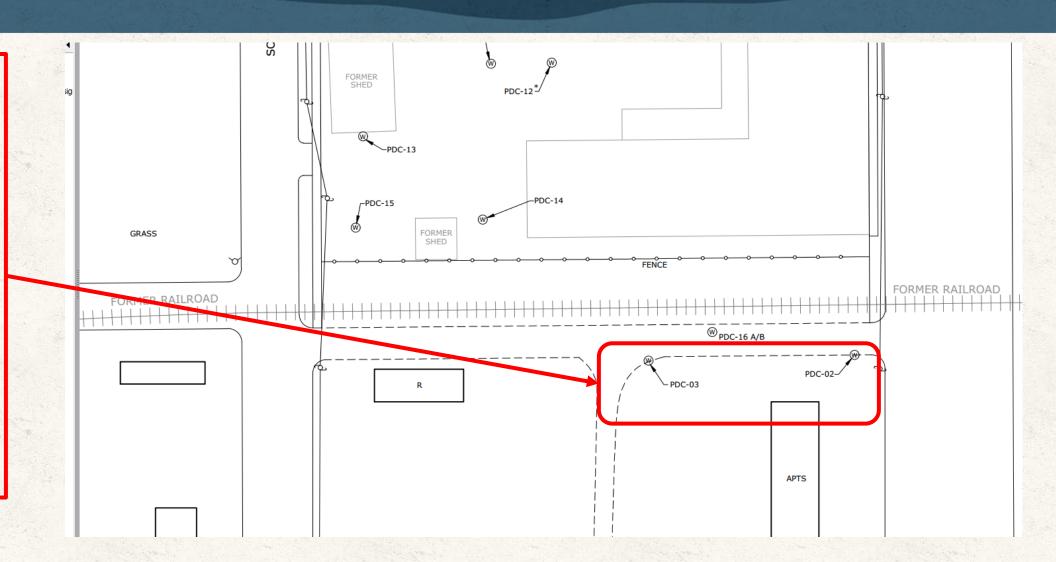


Phase 1: 180-day Post-Injection Results

Downgradient

% Reductions

- PCE ~84-99%
- TCE ~59-99%
- cis ~64-99%
- VC ~99%



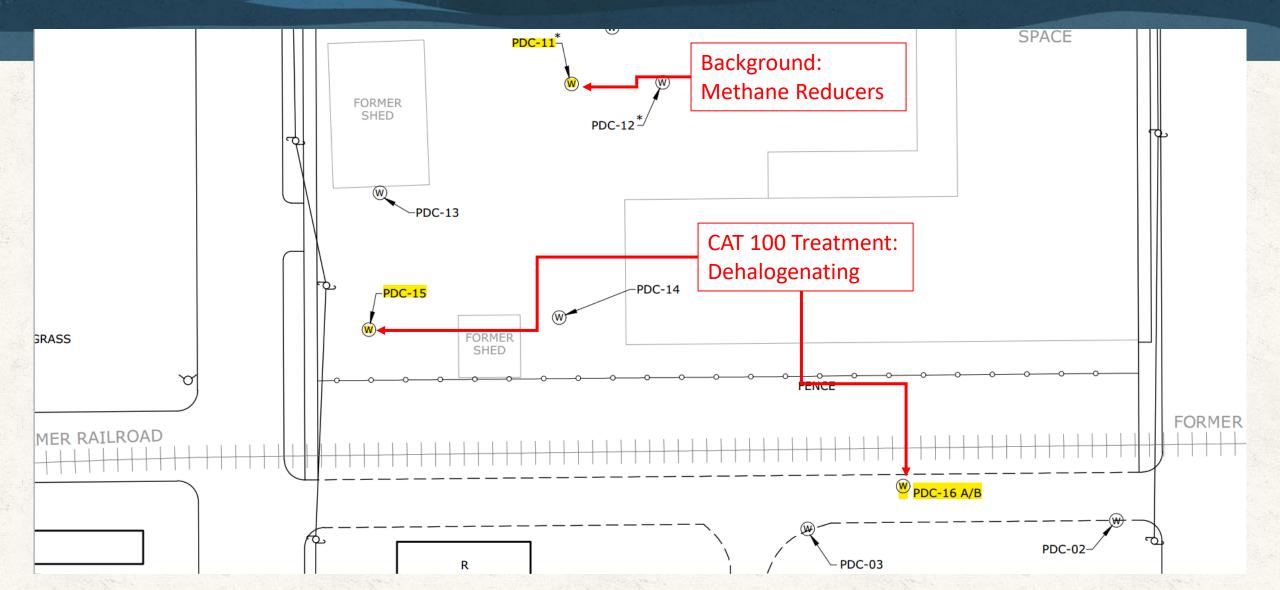
Innovations in Technology

CAT 100

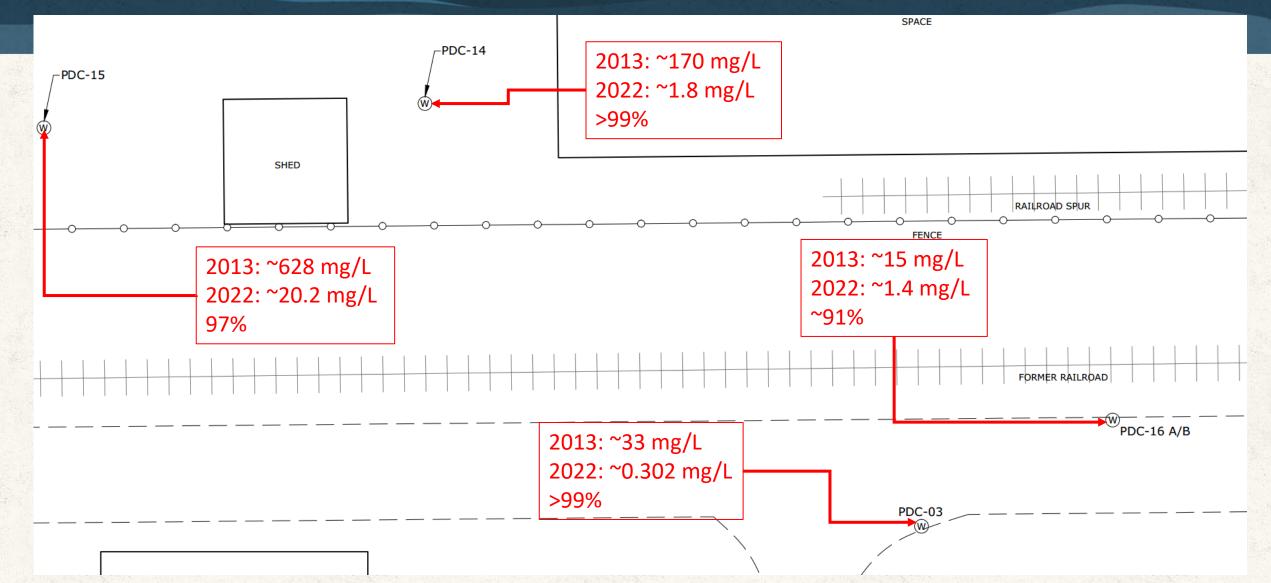
- Activated Carbon Impregnated with Metallic Iron (BOS 100®)
- Complex Carbohydrate
- Microorganisms
 - One Set Designed to Degrade COCs
 - Second Set Degrades the Carbohydrate
- Developed for High Concentration Scenarios (DNAPL)



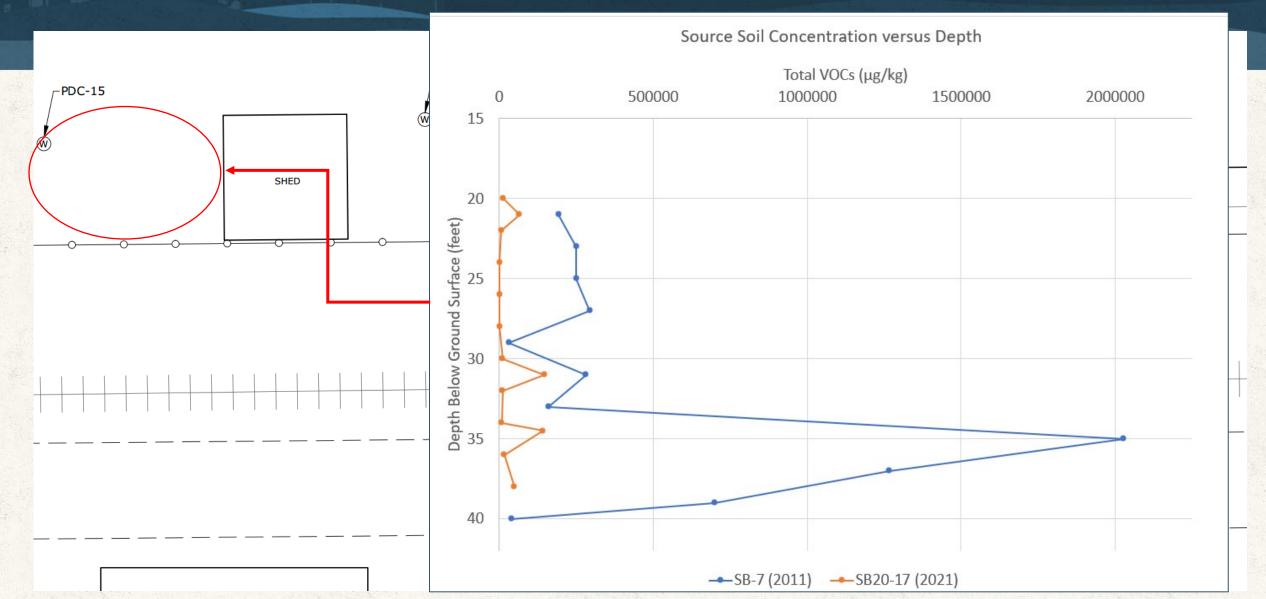
Microbial Diagnostics



Performance As of November 2022 (Total CVOCs)



Performance As of November 2022 (Total VOCs)



Fiscal Consciousness

- 1. Remedial Design Characterization (RDC) 3 Events ~\$74k
- 2. ISCO Soil Blending ~\$38k
- 3. In-Situ Injection
 - 1. 6 Events ~\$1.02M
 - 2. ~\$170k/event or ~\$128k/year (2013-2020)



Final Actions

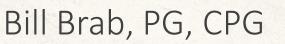
- 1. On-site Structures Razed in Spring 2021 for Future Redevelopment
- 2. Final Source Treatment Completed in September 2021
- 3. Carbon Tetrachloride Alt. Source Treatment In-Situ Fall 2021
- 4. Managed Closure Recommended 4Q2022







AST Webinars: https://astenv.com/webinars/



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