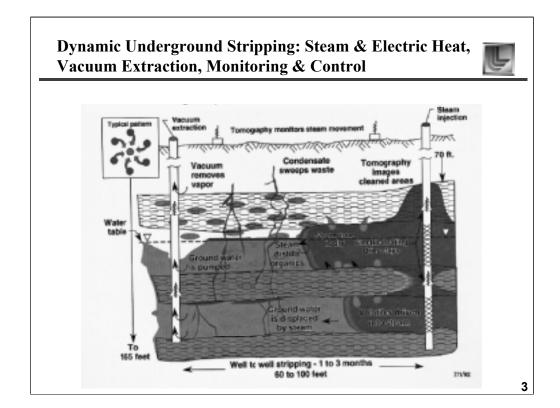


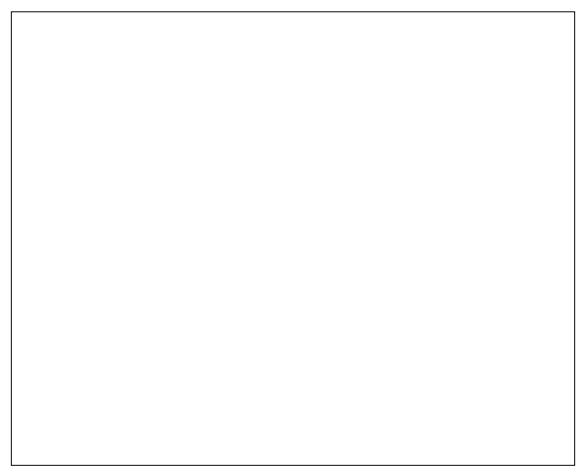


## The Gas Pad cleanup provides examples of the major benefits of thermal methods:



- SIncreased volatility of contaminants
- &Rapid mass transfer
- SRapid diffusion and evaporation
- **Boiling of formation**
- SLower viscosity of water and contaminants
- Sector Chemical reactions







- > 140 ft depth
- Water table at 100 ft

Active shipping and receiving yard

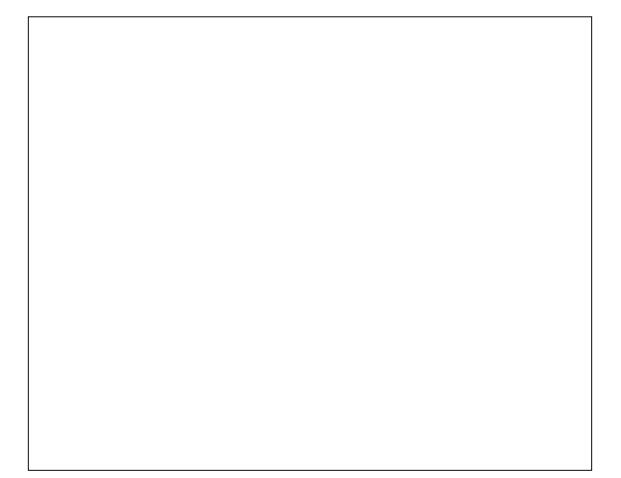
Gasoline (auto and airplane) with DCE and DCA

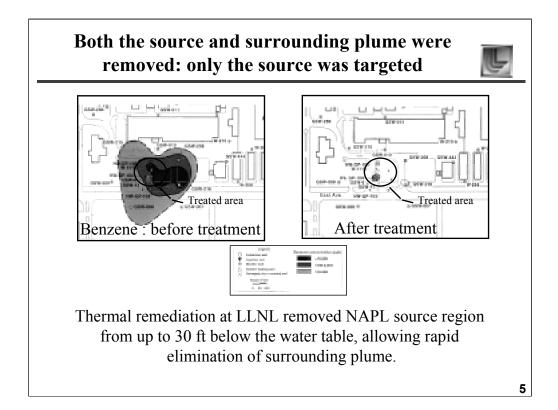
7000 gallons removed in one year of operation

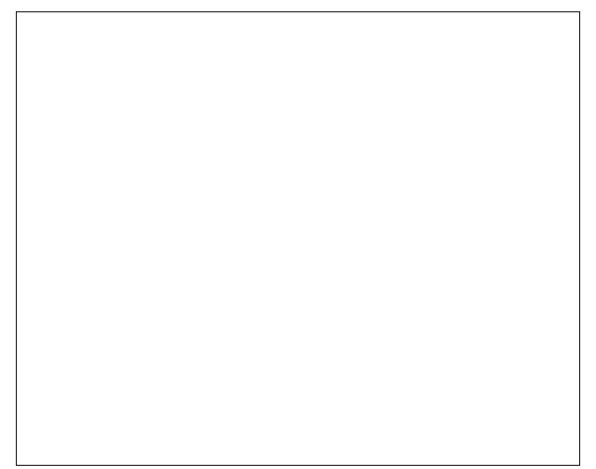
Steam system mated to existing pump-and-treat with vacuum extraction

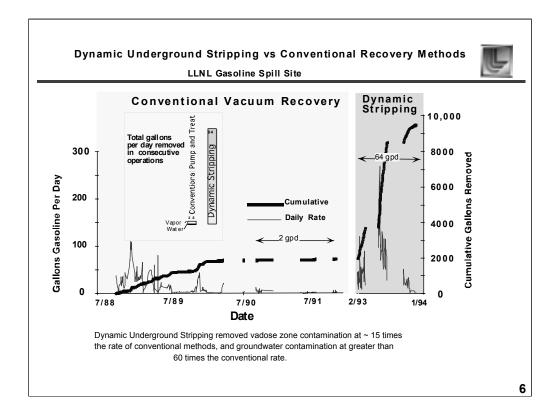
Full report at:

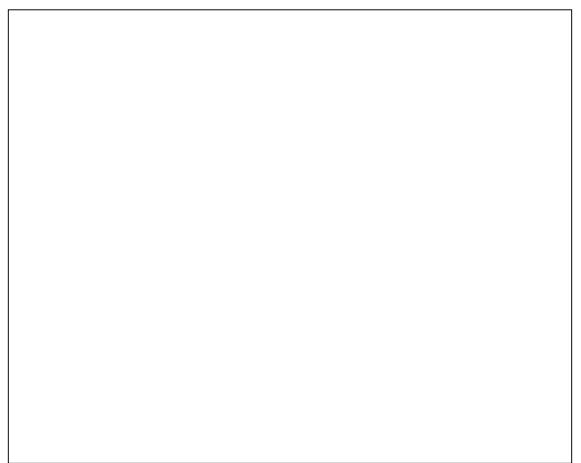
http://geosciences.llnl.gov/envtech/dynstrip/ index.html

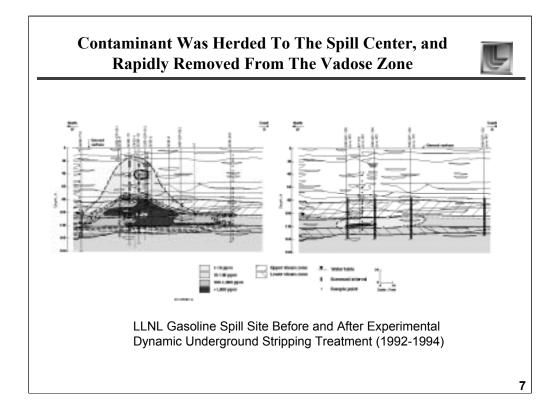


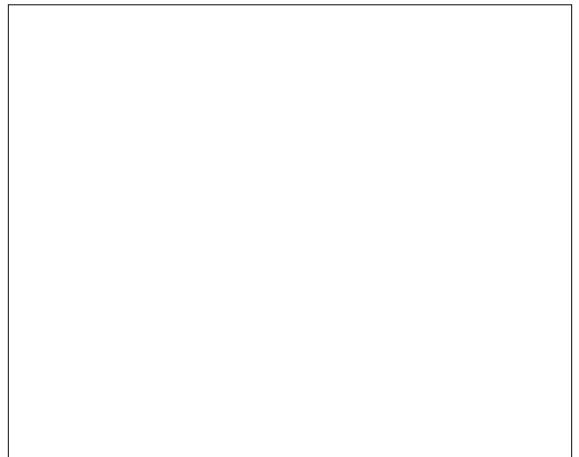












# Heat moves readily - you don't have to place it carefully

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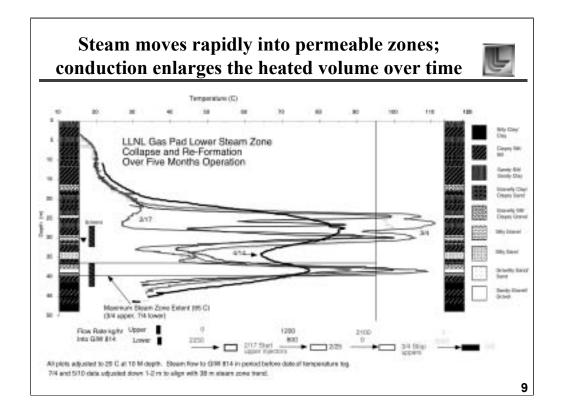
Heated volumes scale by tens of meters; pinpoint location of contamination not required.

Even the most impermeable locations can be heated and treated by thermal conduction.

Steam tends to trace out the permeable pathways: electricity tends to focus on least permeable material.

Primary removal mechanism for VOCs is vaporization: vapor is readily collected and removed.

Thermal methods do not require you to spend your entire budget precisely locating the problem - most vendors adjust coverage during system installation.





### Is there a best way to add heat?



### NO!

It's a lot like drilling; site and vendor specifics can make more difference than technique.

Energy flux is important: one yard<sup>3</sup> of soil requires ~100 KW-hour to reach 100°C - whether you use steam, electricity, microwaves or hot air.

- **0** Steam tends to dominate for deep applications.
- **O** Electricity has been more widely used for shallow sites.
- 0 Hot air and hot water carry less heat, work slowly.

# Fundamental requirements for effective thermal remediation

#### Enough heat: don't skimp here

- 0 The goal is to reach boiling in all contaminated areas
- 0 Low-heat methods help, but fail to realize full potential

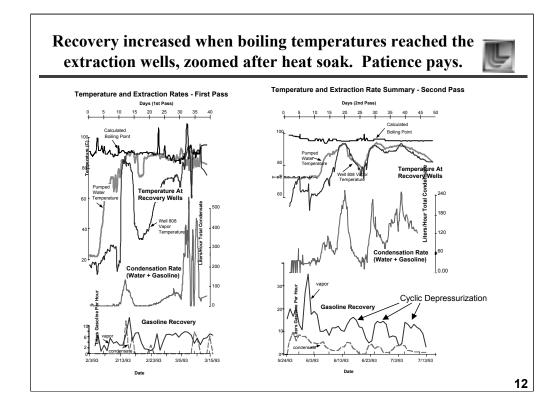
#### Good process monitoring: protects client investment

- 0 Heating flux (power input) in each well
- 0 Heated areas
- 0 Extraction temperatures and contaminant load

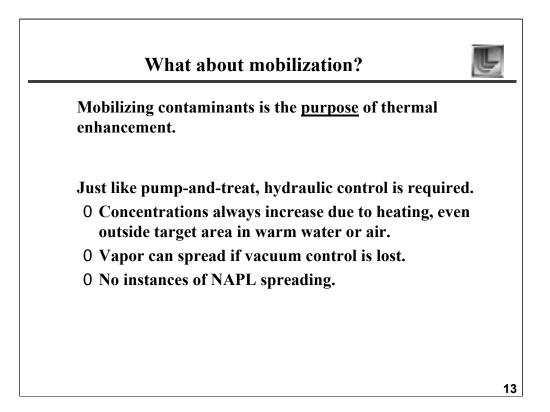
#### Good engineering practice: don't try this at home

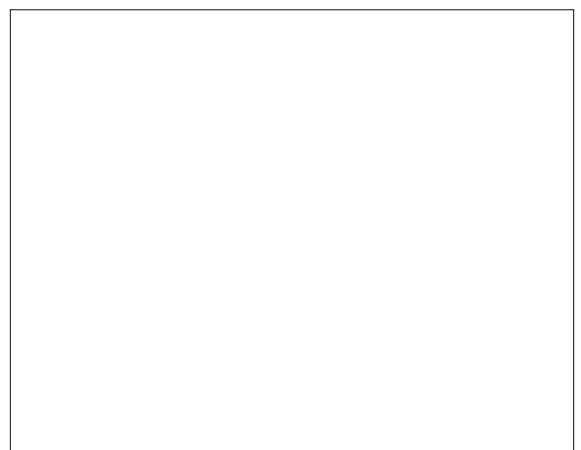
- **0** Temperature-compatible materials
- 0 Large treatment systems to catch all that contaminant!
- 0 Installers and operators familiar with safety issues

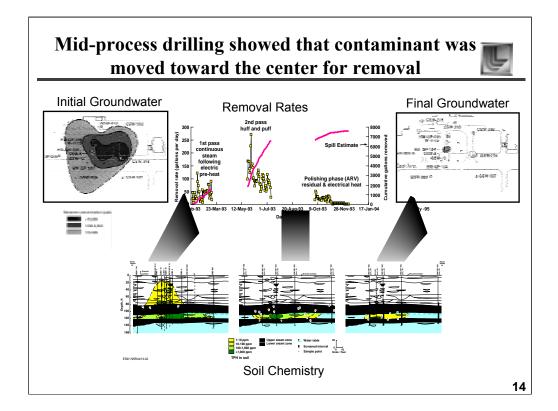














## LLNL Gasoline Cleanup Findings



✓ Easy to build steam zone below water table

✓ Rapid removal of free product, mostly as vapor

✓ Electric heating of aquitards effective

✓ Vadose zone extremely easy to clean

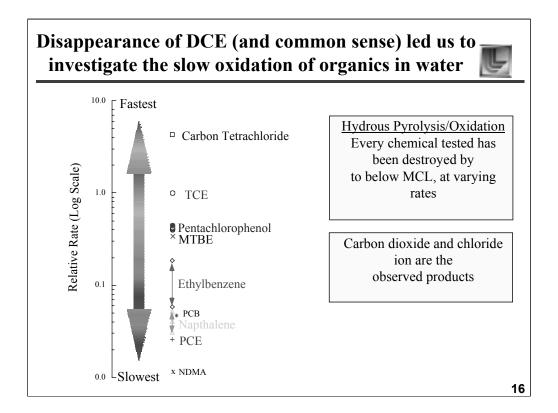
✓ Increased biological activity

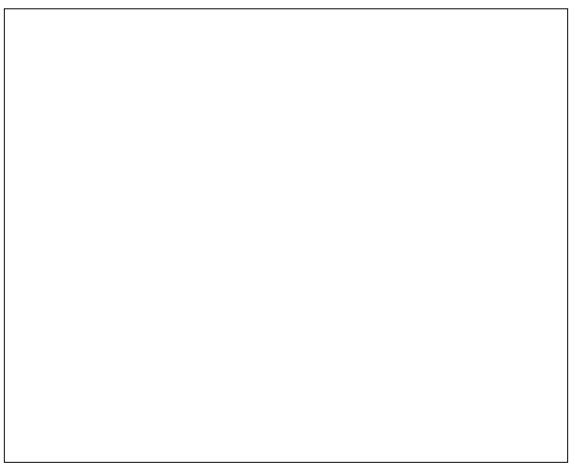
→ We should have measured CO<sub>2</sub> from in situ oxidation (physical or biological mechanisms)

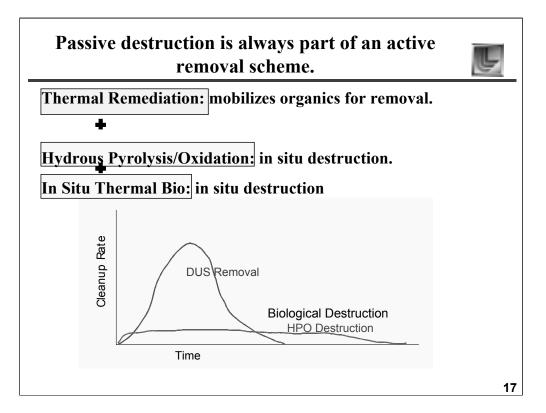
✓ Continued attenuation after heating ended

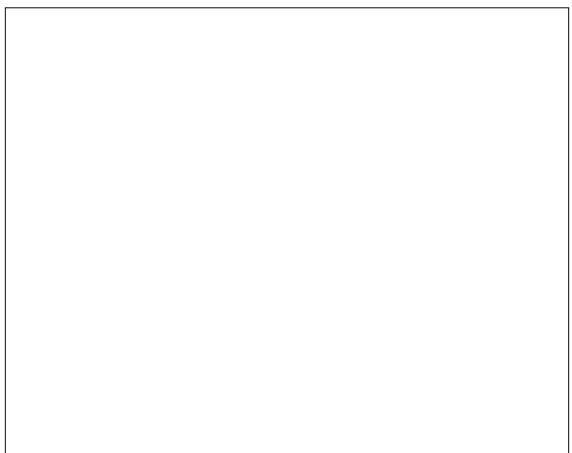
✓ Cleanup of groundwater to MCL

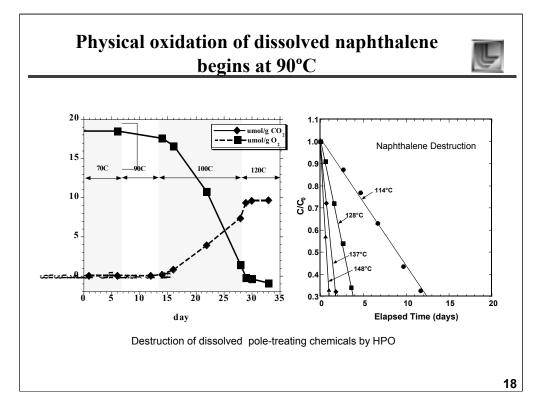
 $\checkmark$  Site closed three years after remediation start

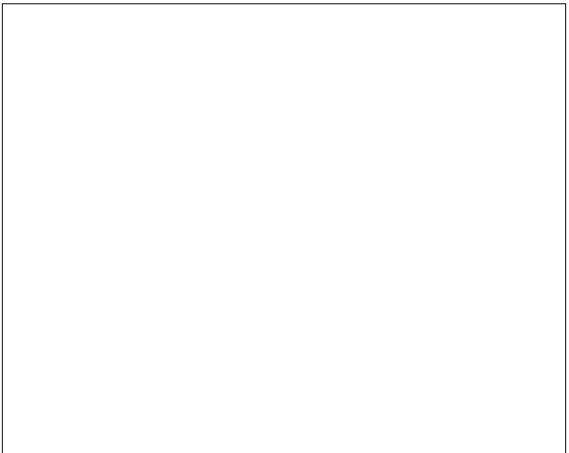


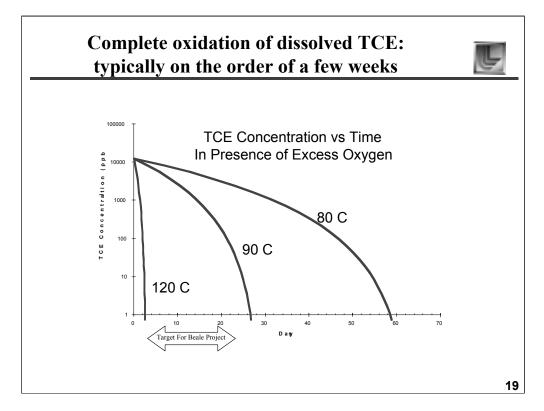


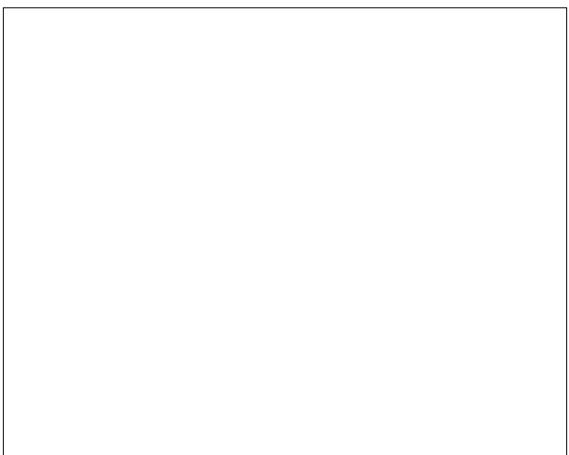


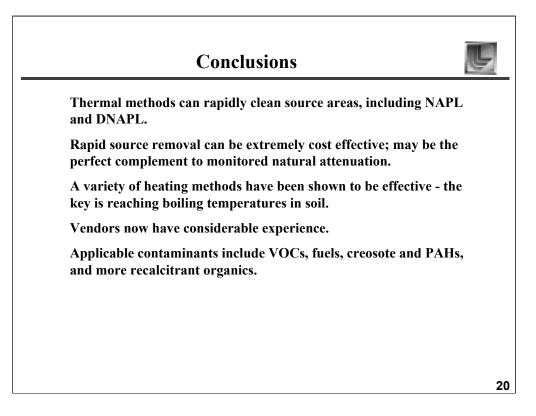


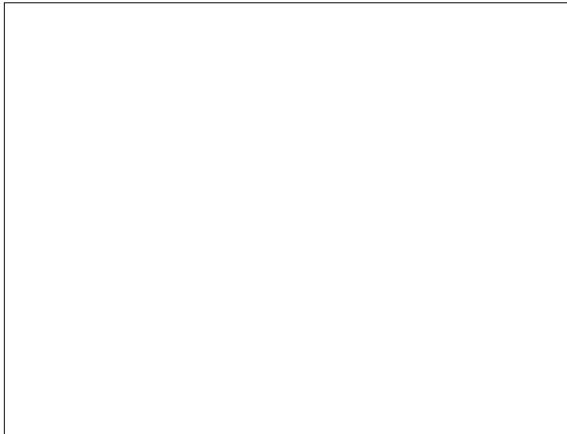












# Visalia - Large Scale Remediation of DNAPL Creosote and Related Compounds

**Craig Eaker** 

Southern California Edison Co.





#### Southern California Edison Company Visalia Steam Remediation Project (VSRP)



- 0 Former Wood Treatment Site0 Superfund "NPL Listing" No. 199
- 0 RAP/ROD \$45M (npv) for Enhanced In-Situ Bio EISB would not work

#### **Superfund Process**

- 0 Very High Benchmark (\$45 M) Too Expensive
  - EISB Wasn't Going Work (Especially GW)
- 0 We Needed an Alternative Process Cost Effective, Meets
  - Project Goals
- A Great Recovery Mechanism
- 0 90% / 10 % Ratepayer and Shareholder Split
- 0 Insurance Recovery

#### **Thermal Made Sense**

- 0 Cut Costs by ~50%
- 0 Provided Technical Solution
- 0 Goals were achievable
- 0 Manageable Timeframe
- 0 Reduced Environmental Liability"Book Value"

#### Implemented VSRP

- 0 Injected 700 M lbs. Steam
- 0 Extracted 1,400,000 lbs. (PAHs, PCP, Diesel, Dioxins, and Furans)
- 0 Accelerated Mass Removal by 3500 years
- 0 Thermal Treatment Cost \$57/yd3

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EDISON

