**Explicit Expressions of Ecological Protection:** U.S. EPA's Guidance on Selecting "Assessment Endpoints" for Ecological Risk Assessment

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	A Brief History of Ecological "Assessment Endpoints" at EPA
1989:	<b>Definition</b> of an "assessment endpoint" involves two steps: identifying the valued attributes of the environment at risk, and defining these valued attributes in operational terms (Suter 1989).
1992:	This concept was adopted in the <i>Framework for Ecological Risk Assessment</i> (USEPA 1992). "Assessment endpoints are explicit expressions of the actual environmental value that is to be protected."
1994:	"EPA needs to establish an initial, overall set of ecological concerns to be considered in the development of regulations, policies, and assessment endpoints for ecological risk assessments." <i>Managing Ecological Risks at EPA: Issues and Recommendations for Progress</i> (Troyer and Brody 1994).
1997:	"A common list of entities and ecological principles for the entire Agency can provide many advantages" <i>Priorities for Ecological Protection: An Initial List and Discussion</i> <i>Document for EPA</i> (Barton, et al. 1997).

The "assessment endpoint" concept is retained and expanded in the final Guidelines for **Ecological Risk Assessment** as "explicit expressions of the actual environmental value that is to be protected, operationally defined by an ecological entity and its attributes" (USEPA 1998).

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EPA's Risk Assessment Forum publishes the supplemental guidance entitled: *Generic Ecological Assessment Endpoints (GEAEs) for Ecological Risk Assessment* authored by a technical workgroup composed from EPA's program, regional, and science offices (USEPA 2003).

1998:

2003:

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## Generic Ecological Assessment Endpoints (GEAEs)

Applicable to a wide range of environmental issues and ecological risk assessments.

Reflect the programmatic goals of the Agency.

May be estimated using existing assessment tools.

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Entity	Attribute	Identified EPA Precedents
Organisms (in an assessment population or	Kills (mass mortality, conspicuous mortality)	Vertebrates (e.g., fish, birds)
community)	Gross anomalies	Vertebrates
		Shellfish
		Plants
	Survival, fecundity, growth	Endangered species
		Migratory birds
		Marine mammals
		Bald and golden eagles
		Vertebrates
		Invertebrates
		Plants

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Entity	Attribute	Identified EPA precedents
Assessment population Ext	Extirpation	Vertebrates
	Abundance	Vertebrates Shellfish
	Production	Vertebrates (game/resource species) Plants (harvested species)

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## Community and Ecosystem-Level **GEAEs**

Entity	Attribute	Identified EPA precedents
Assessment communities,	Taxa richness	Aquatic communities
ecosystems	Abundance	Aquatic communities
	Production	Plant assemblages
	Area	Wetlands
		Coral Reefs
		Endangered/rare ecosystems
	Function	Wetlands
	Physical structure	Aquatic ecosystems

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Entity	Attribute	Identified EPA precedents
Critical habitat (for threatened	Area	Endangered Species Act
or endangered species)	Quality	
Special Places	Ecological	Examples include:
	properties that relate to the special or legally protected status of the place	World Heritage Sites
		National Parks
		National Wildlife Refuges
		Wilderness Areas
		Wild and Scenic Rivers
		Estuarine and Marine Sanctuaries
		Nature Conservancy Preserves
		Great Lakes















## Available from the Internet...

U.S. EPA. 2003. Generic Ecological Risk Assessment Endpoints (GEAEs) for Ecological Risk Assessment. Washington, DC: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Risk Assessment Forum. EPA/630/P-02/004F. Available from: http://cfpub2.epa.gov/ncea/cfm/recordisplay.cfm?deid=55131

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