# An Innovative Method for Mitigating Impacts from Acid-Producing Rock

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# **Acid Rock Drainage**







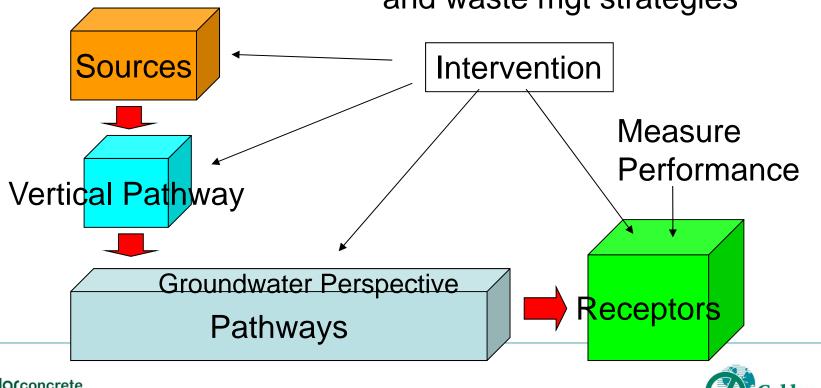


## **Overview of Best Practice Methods**

**REF: GARD Guide 2010** 

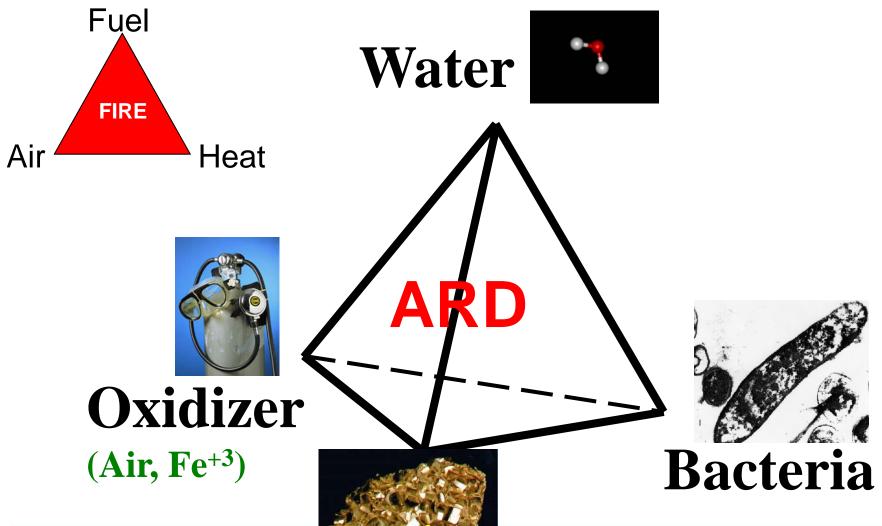
www.gardguide.com

Early avoidance of ARD problems is a <u>best practice</u> technique that is integrated into mine planning, design and waste mgt strategies





# **Acid Rock Drainage Tetrahedron**







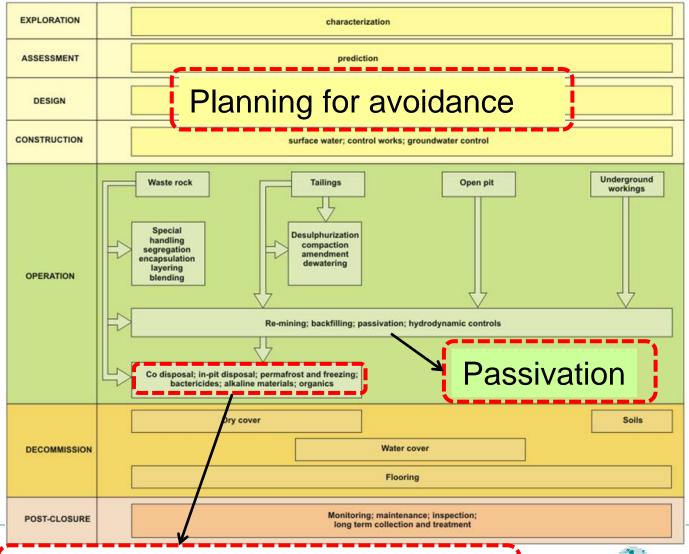


# **ARD Mitigation Framework**

# REF: GARD Guide 2010

### Also see:

Coal Mine
Drainage
Prediction and
Pollution
Prevention in
Pennsylvania;
Brady et al.,
1998





Co-disposal, in-pit disposal... bactericides, alkaline materials, organics

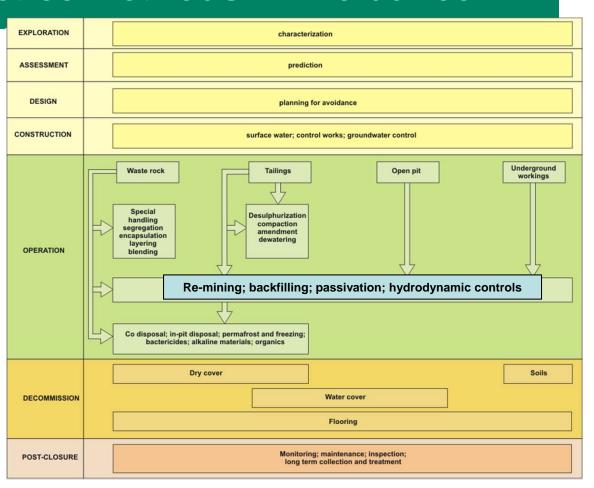




# **Best Practice Methods - Avoidance**

# Avoidance

- Special handling methods
  - Incorporate into mine plan
  - Segregation
  - Tailings desulphurization
  - Compaction and conditioning
  - Encapsulation and layering
  - Blending
  - Co-disposal
  - Permafrost and Freezing



# What about abandoned mines?



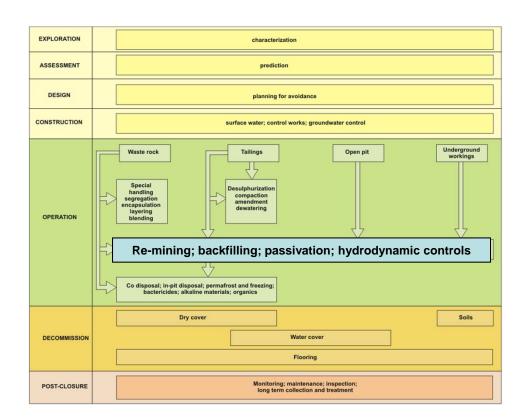
**REF: GARD Guide 2010** 





# **Best Practice Methods (Decommissioning)**

- Dry Cover Methods
  - Soil
    - Alkaline
  - Organics
  - \$ynthetics
  - Gas barriers
  - Vegetation
  - Landform design
- Water Cover Methods
  - Subaqueous disposal
  - Partial water cover
  - Wetland covers
  - Attenuation
  - Stream flow regulation
  - Water recycle and reuse



**REF: GARD Guide 2010** 

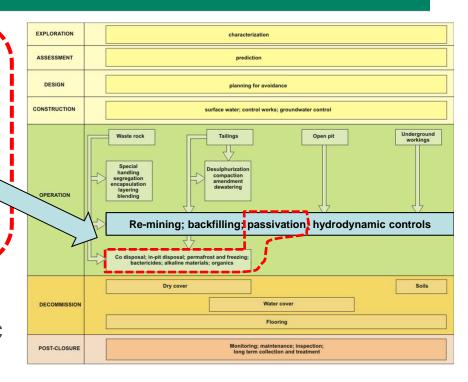






# **Best Practice Methods- Passivation**

- Additions and Amendment Methods
  - Passivation
  - Alkaline materials
  - Organics
  - Bactericides (Brady, Ch. 15)
- Water Management Methods
  - Hydrogeological & Hydrodynamic Controls
  - Dewatering
  - Diversion
  - Flooding
  - Seals



How do you to implement these methods at abandoned mines?







# THE REAL PROBLEM: A Medical Analogue

ARD is a global bacterial infection.

There are plenty of geo-antibiotics available but the current situation is akin to the patient taking a shower with Tums dissolved in orange juice - not very effective or practical.

What's needed is a mining-analogue to an I-V drip of tetracycline and/or oral antibiotics.

And then there's the question: Do we need to **Vaccinate** or **Medicate**?

What is currently available in the ARD prevention "pHarmacy"?







# **Known bactericides**

- Sodium lauryl sulfate (EPA-endorsed)
- Alkyl-benzene sulfonate (laundry soap)
- Waste milk (bacteria out-complete acidothiobacillus)
- Sodium Thiocyanate (NaSCN)
- Bi-Polar Lipids

Note: We need to consider the *physics* of delivering and distributing a weak bactericide solution into a porous, unsaturated medium (it's been done, but it wasn't easy)







# Cheap alkalinity (acidity)

- Limestone (quarried) crusher fines?
- Dolomite
- Lime kiln dust or cement kiln dust
- Steel slag
- Sodium bicarbonate

Note: We need to consider the *physics* of delivering and distributing a solid into a porous unsaturated medium







# Cheap organics (<del>oxygen</del>)

- Sawdust (the finer, the better)
- Paper (newsprint, office waste [shredded])
- De-inking residue
- Biosolids
- MicroCg<sup>TM</sup>, Lactoil<sup>TM</sup>, others?

Note: We need to consider the *physics* of delivering and distributing a solid into a porous, unsaturated medium







# Passivation coatings (<del>oxygen</del>)

- Keeco Mix (micro-silica)
- Potassium permanganate (Glen Miller, UNR)
- Oil and latex based paint
- Potassium humate (commercial agricultural amendment)
- Others?

Note: We need to consider the *physics* of delivering and distributing a coating into an unsaturated porous medium







# One Particular Problem

# Treating existing waste rock dumps

- Deliver bactericides without complete flooding of waste rock mass
- Focus the delivery of alkalinity in the "hot zones"
- Deliver organics in hot zones and without complete flooding

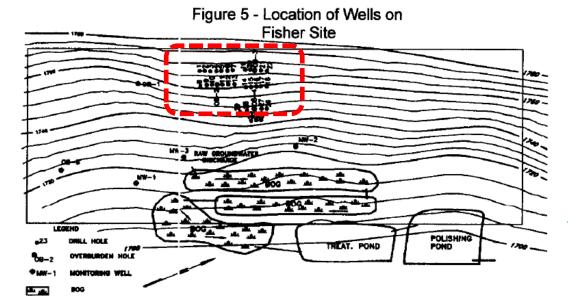






### Has it been done before?

- Fisher Coal Mine, PA 1995 Vapco Engineering
  - Geophysics targets 3 ARD—generating zones
  - Multiple injection boreholes on a tight spacing
  - Injection of 20% NaOH solution simultaneously into 12 shallow (3 m deep) boreholes with packers
  - □ Injection of 2% sodium lauryl sulfate bactericide
  - □ Seepage continues to be net alkaline 16 years later, bond release is reportedly imminent









### Has it been done before?

- Sesquatchie Coal Mine, TN -2008 Western Research Institute
  - Geophysics used to target ARD
  - Two doses drip application of waste milk and biosolids (as inoculant)
  - □ Seepage reportedly net alkaline after four years.
  - □ Patent issued January, 2012
  - □ Check out ITRC website

http://www.itrcweb.org/miningwaste-quidance/cs31 seguatchie.htm

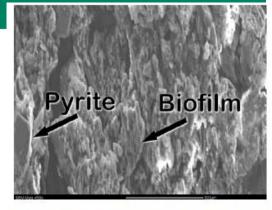


Fig. 6 Substrate dosage experiment: biofilm growing on pyrite after 213 days in a microcosm filled with ground water impacted with acid mine drainage, pyrite, 3 wt% effluent solids (ES) and 5× the required stoichiometric concentration of C (as returned milk) that bacteria would consume while reducing all the SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup> in the microcosm. This image was taken at ×450 magnification with a scanning electron

Ref: Jin et al., 2007

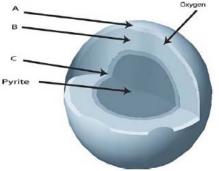


Fig. 7 Conceptual model of the community structure of biofilm growing on pyrite in microcosms. Layers A and B of the biofilm are composed of aerobic and facultatively anaerobic bacteria that consume oxygen (O2) diffusing through the biofilm from overlying water. Layer C is an anaerobe-dominant layer containing sulfate reducing bacteria and other facultative anaerobes; therefore, oxygen diffusion to the pyrite and generation of acid mine drainage is







# Perhaps a better way:

# Use engineered <u>FOAM</u> as a delivery medium for bactericide "cocktail"

- Use waste milk (biocide) in the liquid phase
- Use sodium lauryl sulfate (bactericide) as part of the surfactant mix
- Add powdered limestone for alkalinity
- Add paper, sawdust, or biosolids as the organic (hoof & horn protein surfactant too)







# Perhaps a better way:

# Use engineered <u>FOAM</u> as a delivery medium for bactericide "cocktail"

This process is very similar to pressurized grouting, only the grout mass is mostly gaseous, engineered to be temporary, and designed to deposit a coating of active ingredients







# Foam Characteristics (Think shaving cream – a LOT of it)

Two-phase "colloid", the gas phase is separated by a liquid phase





Foam can contain a third phase – *suspended solids* 

□"Dry" foam (e.g., shaving cream)
□"Wet" foam (e.g., hand soap)







# Adding pHoam<sup>TM</sup> containing powdered limestone to gravel in the lab





# **Recent Experiments in the Laboratory**





**Limestone-Coated Gravel** 







# **Recent Experiments in the Laboratory**















# What's the difference between foam and pHoam™???

pHoam<sup>TM</sup> is a mixture of traditional foam plus one or more "active ingredients" that induce a desirable biological, geochemical, or process-related reaction

or

Foam + active ingredients that <u>suppress</u> an undesirable reaction.







# **Some Potential Application Concepts**

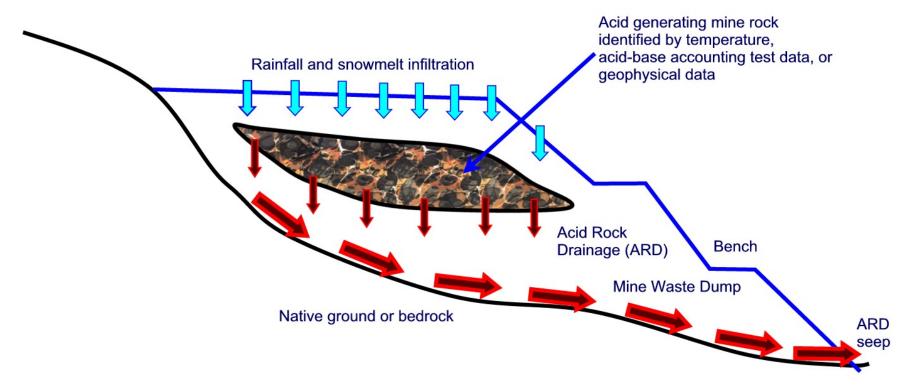
Vaccination (Prevention)	Medication (Mitigation)
Waste rock dumps at active mines ("sterilize" ARD rock by the truckload before it is placed in the dump)	Small-scale "dog hole" abandoned underground mines that produce ARD
Active coarse coal refuse piles (sterilize refuse by adding a "wet" pHoam <sup>TM</sup> in the feed hopper of a conveyor belt)	Waste rock dumps or coarse coal refuse facilities at abandoned mines (even if they are capped)
Active tailings storage facilities (sterilize the cycloned coarse tails in the embankment – the material most likely to form ARD before capping and revegetation)	Abandoned underground mine stopes (use geophysics for targeting and inject pHoam <sup>TM</sup> through bore holes) – use mine fire/foam equipment?
Active underground mine stope backfill materials	Backfilled pits (coal or metal) that are poorly capped







# **Application Concept: Mine Dumps**



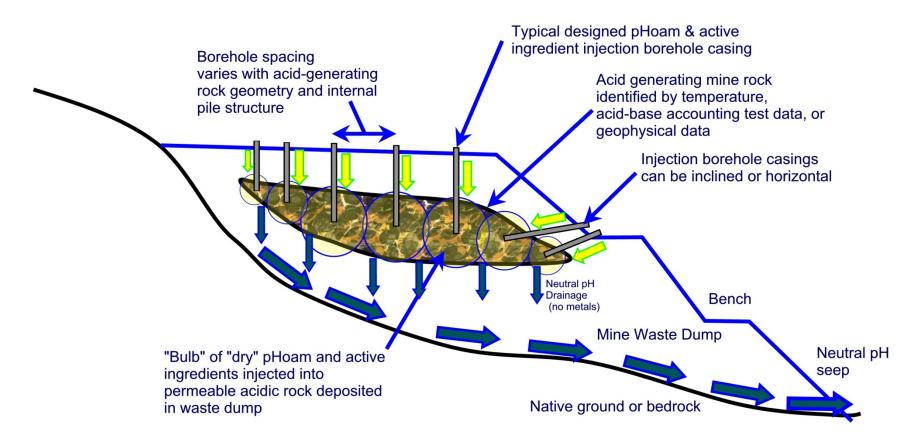
Waste Rock Dump = Big Humidity Cell







# **Application Concept: Mine Dumps**



## Waste Rock Dump

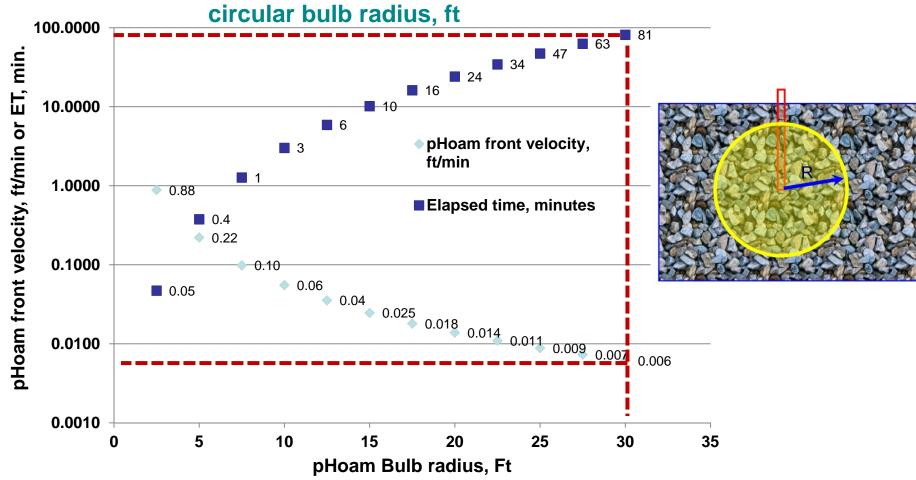






# pHoam injection kinetics - theory

Theoretical pHoam front velocity, ft/min vs.









# **Application Concept: Mine Dumps**

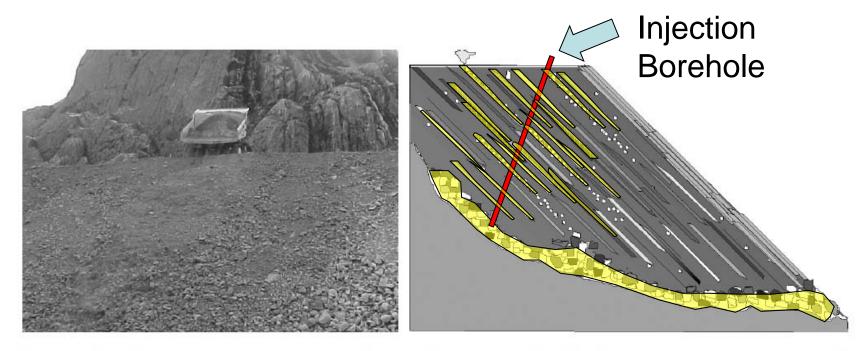


Figure 1. Gravity segregation and resulting interbedded structure in waste rock dumps.

After G.W. Wilson, 2008







# The "Heat-Seeking Missile" Effect in ARD Suppression

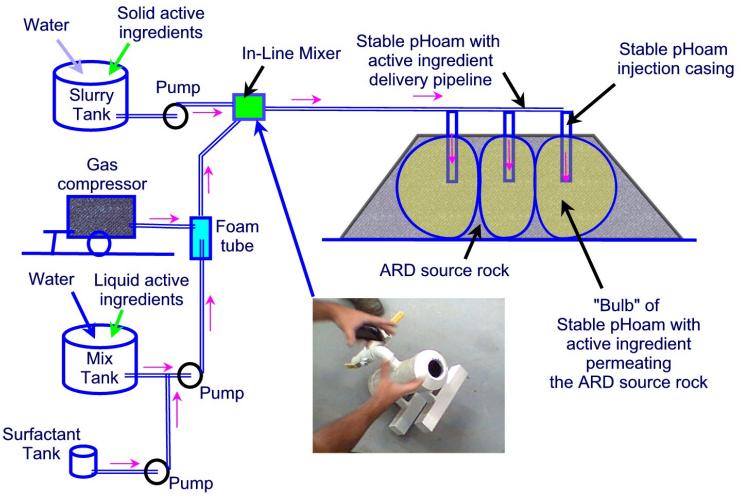
- Pyrite oxidation is exothermic
- If a pHoam<sup>TM</sup> encounters a "hot zone" with elevated pyrite, the bubbles should collapse and preferentially deposit the "active ingredients"
- This feature could potentially give pHoam<sup>TM</sup> a "heat-seeking missile" capability that could automatically deliver more ARD-suppressing active ingredients to a mine waste site in the zones where it is needed the most.







# Implementation Concepts





pHoam injection system layout is simple





# **Teaming Partners**

- Golder Associates Inc.
  - Water Treatment and Geochemistry Groups
  - Colorado School of Mines Chemistry Dept.
  - □ Golder Construction Division
- Cellular Concrete Solutions LLC (CCS)
- Site owner/operator or interested entities like watershed groups







# **Development Steps**

- Initial patent filing (16 August 2011)
- Initial demo injecting into a gravel-filled pipe (done)
- Lab Testing (4Q 2011 to 2Q 2012)
  - Entity provides pyrite waste rock dump samples (done)
  - CCS treats samples with foam & amendments (done)
  - Golder/CCS conducts humidity cell tests in-house (ongoing)
  - CCS evaluates foam flow through porous medium (gravel) [planned]



- Demonstration Site (injecting into a real dump) 3Q 2012
- Monitor demo site Q4 2012 and beyond







### What about CO\$T\$????

- Need to do comparison with perpetual ARD treatment (either active or passive technologies) or other remedies
- We have a cost model but it has not been validated/ calibrated, so we need demonstration sites
- Example: to perpetually treat ARD from a 73 hectare waste rock dump in Western USA would cost about \$US 30 million. If one assumes that only 25% of the total dump volume would accept or require pHoam<sup>TM</sup>, the treatment cost is on the order of \$US 15 million.
- Longevity of the treatment is a big issue. The non-pHoam<sup>TM</sup> treatment at the Fisher Coal Mine in 1995 with NaOH and bactericide is still effective after 16 years.







### What about CO\$T\$????

- Our cost model is appears to be most sensitive to the cost of solid active ingredients and the surfactant.
- Even a minor credit for disposal of a local waste (e.g., biosolids) could result in a break-even condition.
- Without the credit, cost of treatment might be less than \$1.00 per ton of rock to a fraction of that, depending on whether the rock is "vaccinated" or "medicated".







## Ideal pHoam<sup>™</sup> Demonstration Site

- Has re\$earch funding available
- Contains mine waste that is fully characterized, mapped, and is acid-generating
- Is relatively small in scale (1 to 2 acres) (<1Ha)</p>
- Is relatively accessible by conventional construction equipment
- Is amenable to "dissection" after pHoam application
- Has documented ARD impact
- Is on publicly-owned land (USFS, USBLM, USEPA Superfund)
- Is not a part of or contingent upon ongoing litigation







# WHY IS pHOAM<sup>TM</sup> SO SPECIAL?

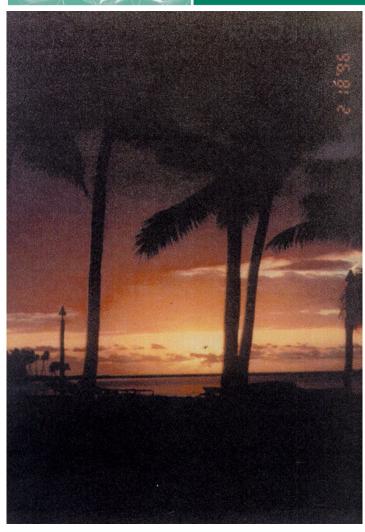
- Uses very little water
- Flexible design (wet/dry/stiff/flow-able)
- Flexible longevity (hours to days)
- Flexible active ingredients for suppressing ARD whatever is inexpensive locally
- Easy to manufacture with traditional equipment
- Heat-seeking missile effect
- Pumpable or flow-able
- Biodegradable surfactants can double as bactericides
- Permeates unsaturated zones of mine waste to deliver anti-ARD "cocktail" that could last for decades, maybe longer







# **Thank You**



# Nihil simul inventum est et perfectum

Latin Proverb

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or

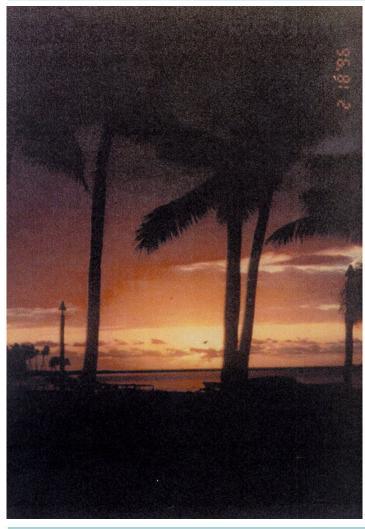
ddunham@cellularconcretesolutions.com







# Thank You



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